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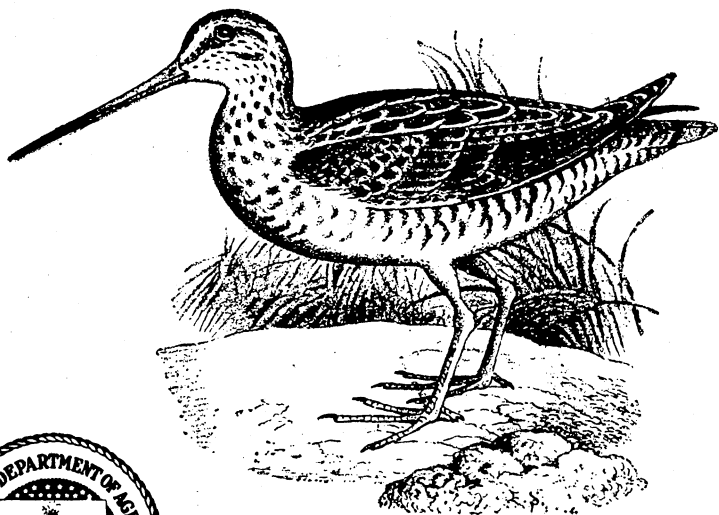
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

FARMERS' BULLETIN No. 1466

GAME LAWS

FOR THE SEASON
1925-26

*A Summary of the Provisions
of Federal, State, and Provincial
Statutes*



THE twenty-sixth annual summary by the Department of Agriculture of Federal and other game laws and regulations is here presented for the use of law-enforcement officials, sportsmen, conservationists, and others, as an aid in the administration of the migratory-bird treaty and Lacey Acts. The provisions as set forth furnish a brief and convenient synopsis of the laws. Provisions relating to methods of capture, game refuges, enforcement of laws, disposition of fees and fines, and minor matters are omitted, as also are texts of Federal and Canadian laws and regulations relating to birds and game.

Washington, D. C.

Issued August, 1925

OFFICIALS FROM WHOM COPIES OF GAME LAWS MAY BE OBTAINED

Alabama: Department of Game and Fisheries, Montgomery.

Alaska: Executive Officer, Alaska Game Commission, Juneau; or Secretary of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

Arizona: State Game Warden, Phoenix.

Arkansas: Secretary, Game and Fish Commission, Little Rock.

California: Executive Officer, Fish and Game Commission, Forum Building, Sacramento.

Colorado: State Game and Fish Commissioner, Denver.

Connecticut: Superintendent of Fisheries and Game, Hartford.

Delaware: Chief Game Warden, Dover.

District of Columbia: Superintendent Metropolitan Police, Washington.

Florida: Commissioner, Department of Game and Fresh-Water Fish, Jacksonville.

Georgia: Game and Fish Commissioner, Atlanta.

Hawaii: Fish and Game Commission, Honolulu.

Idaho: Fish and Game Warden, Boise.

Illinois: Director, Department of Conservation, Springfield.

Indiana: Superintendent, Division of Fisheries and Game, State House, Indianapolis.

Iowa: State Fish and Game Warden, Lansing.

Kansas: State Fish and Game Warden, Pratt.

Kentucky: Executive Agent, Game and Fish Commission, Frankfort.

Louisiana: Commissioner of Conservation, Court Building, New Orleans.

Maine: Commissioner of Inland Fisheries and Game, State House, Augusta.

Maryland: State Game Warden, 514 Munsey Building, Baltimore.

Massachusetts: Director, Division of Fisheries and Game, State House, Boston.

Michigan: Director, Department of Conservation, Lansing.

Minnesota: Game and Fish Commissioner, Department of Conservation, St. Paul.

Mississippi: Secretary of State, Jackson; or Sheriff or County Clerk.

Missouri: Game and Fish Commissioner, Jefferson City.

Montana: State Fish and Game Warden, Helena.

Nebraska: Chief Fish and Game Warden, Lincoln.

Nevada: Secretary, State Fish and Game Commission, Reno.

New Hampshire: Fish and Game Commissioner, Concord.

New Jersey: Secretary, Board of Fish and Game Commissioners, Trenton.

New Mexico: Game and Fish Warden, Santa Fe.

New York: Secretary, Conservation Commission, Albany.

North Carolina: Secretary, Audubon Society of North Carolina, Raleigh; or Legislative Reference Librarian, Raleigh.

North Dakota: Secretary, Game and Fish Board, Beach.

Ohio: Chief Game Warden, Department of Agriculture, Columbus.

Oklahoma: State Game and Fish Commission, Oklahoma City.

Oregon: State Game Warden, Portland.

Pennsylvania: Executive Secretary, Board of Game Commissioners, Harrisburg.

Rhode Island: Chairman, Commissioners of Birds, Providence.

South Carolina: Chief Game Warden, Columbia.

South Dakota: Director, Division of Game and Fish, Department of Agriculture, Pierre.

Tennessee: State Game and Fish Warden, Department of Agriculture, Nashville.

Texas: Game, Fish, and Oyster Commissioner, Austin.

Utah: Fish and Game Commissioner, Salt Lake City.

Vermont: Fish and Game Commissioner, Montpelier.

Virginia: Commissioner of Game and Inland Fisheries, Richmond.

Washington: Supervisor of Game and Game Fish, Box 384, Seattle.

West Virginia: Game and Fish Commission, Charleston; or Chief Game Protector, Buckhannon.

Wisconsin: Conservation Commissioner, Madison.

Wyoming: State Game and Fish Commissioner, Cheyenne.

Dominion of Canada Legislation: Commissioner, Canadian National Parks, Ottawa.

Alberta: Chief Game Guardian, Edmonton.

British Columbia: Secretary, Game Conservation Board, Vancouver.

Manitoba: Chief Game Guardian, Winnipeg.

New Brunswick: Chief Game and Fire Warden, Fredericton.

Northwest Territories: Director, Northwest Territories, Ottawa.

Nova Scotia: Commissioner of Forests and Game, Halifax.

Ontario: Superintendent of Game and Fisheries, Toronto.

Prince Edward Island: Minister of Agriculture, or Deputy Federal Migratory-Bird Officer, Charlottetown.

Quebec: General Superintendent of Fisheries and Game, Quebec.

Saskatchewan: Chief Game Guardian, Regina.

Yukon: Gold Commissioner, Dawson.

Colony of Newfoundland: Secretary, Game and Inland Fisheries Board, St. John.

Mexico: Chief of the Game Department in Administration of Forestry and Game, Secretario de Fomento, City of Mexico.

This bulletin is a contribution from

Bureau of Biological Survey

Division of Migratory-Bird Treaty and Lacey Acts.

E. W. NELSON, Chief.

GEO. A. LAWYER, Chief United States Game Warden, in charge.

GAME LAWS FOR THE SEASON 1925-26

A SUMMARY OF FEDERAL, STATE, AND PROVINCIAL STATUTES

By GEO. A. LAWYER, *Chief United States Game Warden*, and FRANK L. EARN-SHAW, *Assistant, Interstate Commerce in Game, Division of Migratory-Bird Treaty and Lacey Acts, Bureau of Biological Survey*

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REVIEW OF LEGISLATION OF 1925

The legislatures of all the States,¹ except Alabama, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, and Virginia, have been in session since the bulletin on the game laws for the season 1924-25 was issued. Generally speaking, the tendency of legislation has been to afford greater protection to game by shortened seasons, reduced bag limits, and increased fees for hunting licenses, with special attention to refuges and sanctuaries.

FEDERAL LEGISLATION

The migratory-bird refuge bill (H. R. 745—S. 2913) passed the House in the Sixty-eighth Congress, but owing to the crowded calendar in the closing days of the session it failed to come up for consideration in the Senate.

The bill as it passed the House, was improved by an amendment which provided that 60 per cent of the receipts from Federal hunting licenses should be devoted to the purchase and maintenance of water or marsh areas; the remaining 40 per cent to pay for the warden services to enforce the migratory-bird treaty act, to conduct investigations necessary to supply the information needed to effectively protect migratory wild fowl, and to cover the cost of publications and other necessary expenses connected with the conservation and perpetuation of migratory wild fowl which would be involved in the administration of the migratory-bird treaty act and migratory-bird refuge bill.

The most important law relating to wild life that passed during the last session of the Sixty-eighth Congress was the Alaska game law, which authorized the appointment of a game commission for the Territory and broadened administrative and enforcement provisions on behalf of the United States Department of Agriculture. Under the new law the department has promulgated regulations recommended by the Alaska Game Commission on game, birds, and land fur-bearing animals designed to afford better protection to the wild life of the Territory under its jurisdiction.

The upper Mississippi wild life and fish refuge act was amended by Congress to remove restrictions, except the price limitation, on the purchase of land for

¹ The Legislature of Georgia did not convene until late in June, and at the time of going to press no information was available concerning action taken on game matters.

the refuge by the Secretary of Agriculture. The agricultural appropriation bill carried items totaling \$400,000 in furtherance of the refuge, including investigations and acquisition of land and water areas, and authorized the Secretary of Agriculture to contract for the purchase of such areas up to the limit of \$1,500,000. Illinois, Iowa, Minnesota, and Wisconsin, the four States in which the refuge will be located, have passed legislation authorizing the Federal Government to acquire the necessary lands and waters for the project, and the Departments of Agriculture and Commerce will proceed at once to establish this great refuge.

The President was authorized to designate as game refuges suitable areas within the Ozark National Forest, Ark., game animals, birds, and fish to be protected thereon under penalties of not more than \$500 fine or imprisonment for not more than six months, or both, and Arkansas ceded jurisdiction to the Federal Government over game and fish on areas so designated. Other southern States which have made general or special cessions of jurisdiction to the Federal Government over game on national forest areas include Georgia, North Carolina, and Tennessee.

In aid of the Custer State Park provision was made for granting to South Dakota not to exceed 2,000 acres of unpatented lands within the park limits, which have been held or claimed by virtue of locations made under the general mining laws, upon the payment of \$1.25 an acre therefor, but all lands so patented are to revert to the United States upon abandonment for park purposes by the State.

An act was also passed looking to the establishment of two national parks in the eastern section of the United States. A commission was authorized to select sites for the Shenandoah National Park in the Blue Ridge Mountains of Virginia, and the Smoky Mountain National Park in the Mammoth Cave regions of Kentucky in the southern Appalachian system.

MIGRATORY BIRDS

The migratory-bird treaty act regulations were amended, effective June 22, 1925, by fixing October 1 to January 15 as the open season on waterfowl, coots, gallinules, and shorebirds in Idaho and that portion of Oregon lying east of the Cascadees instead of the period from September 16 to December 31, thus making a uniform season throughout both these States. In the northern zone of Texas the season was changed from October 1 to January 15 to the period from October 16 to January 31, thus making the State and Federal seasons conform. The dove season for South Carolina was changed from the period November 1 to January 31 to September 1 to December 15. These changes are in accordance with the general views of the game officials and sportsmen in the States affected.

The Canadian regulations under the migratory-birds convention act were amended by extending protection on wood ducks and eider ducks until January 31, 1926, except that wood ducks may be taken in Ontario during the open season on other waterfowl. Possession of migratory-game birds legally taken during the open season is permitted in New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island until January 31; in Nova Scotia and Saskatchewan until the last day of February; in Alberta, Manitoba, Ontario, and Quebec until March 31; in British Columbia for 14 days after the close of the open season; and in the Yukon and Northwest Territories until April 14. The sale of all migratory-game birds, except ducks, taken in the open season was prohibited in Quebec. The provision prohibiting the use of automatic guns in taking migratory-game birds was broadened to include firearms loaded by recoil or so-called auto-loading guns; and persons owning or leasing areas where eider ducks breed may collect, possess, transport, and sell eider down under permit from the minister or his authorized agent.

During the last part of 1924 and in the early months of 1925 the Biological Survey made an extended investigation, by personal conference and by correspondence, of the entire United States in regard to the migratory wild-fowl situation. Information on the subject was received from thousands of people. The reports indicate that wild fowl are present in enormous numbers in the greater part of the country, many reports stating that there have been unprecedented flights of birds. In some other areas from which a scarcity of birds is reported the cause appeared to be shortage of food or water. In others the cause has not been determined. The information as a whole indicates the continued existence of vast numbers of migratory wild fowl. At the same time disquieting information was being received concerning the continued drainage of water areas, which seriously threatens our future supply of birds.

State bag limits on ducks were reduced in Idaho from 25 to 12; in Kansas, Nevada, and South Dakota from 25 to 15; and in Minnesota from 15 to 12 a day. Pennsylvania established limits of 15 ducks a day, 60 a season; and 5 of each a day on geese and brant, 30 of each a season. West Virginia also established limits of 25 ducks and 8 geese a day. Texas reduced the limit on geese from 8 to 5 a day and established limits of 12 in 7 consecutive days and not more than 50 migratory-game birds in possession. South Dakota reduced the number of waterfowl allowed in possession from 50 to 30, while Minnesota reduced the number of ducks in possession from 45 to 36 and the season limit from 135 to 120. Michigan reduced the daily limit on woodcock from 6 to 5, the number in possession from 20 to 10, and the season limits on woodcock and Wilson snipe from 25 to 20 each. Michigan also reduced the daily limit on geese and brant from 6 to 5 and the season limit from 25 to 15, but increased the number allowed in possession from 6 to 8.

Colorado increased the limit on ducks from 10 to 25 a day.

Nevada prohibited hunting of waterfowl on Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Fridays, thus restricting hunting to Wednesdays, Saturdays, and Sundays of each week during the open season.

Dove seasons were shortened, one month in California, except in three districts, and limited to September; and six weeks in the northern zone of Texas, and limited to the months of September and October. The shorebird season was shortened one month in Maine by opening September 16 instead of August 16. In Michigan the season was shortened on woodcock and limited to the last week in October. South Dakota closed the State season on woodcock, plover, and yellowlegs. West Virginia shortened the season on migratory-game birds by adopting a uniform season from November 15 to December 31, but owing to conflict with the Federal regulations woodcock and rails, or ortolan, may be hunted only from November 15 to 30 without violating the Federal regulations. Pennsylvania adopted seasons on coots, gallinules, and Wilson snipe, and New York changed the State season on these birds to conform to the Federal regulations. Utah lengthened the season two weeks on ducks in five counties by permitting hunting during the first half of January. New Jersey prohibited the shooting of reedbirds in the State by protecting them throughout the year.

Miscellaneous provisions affecting migratory-game birds include that of Minnesota prohibiting more than six live decoys at one blind in hunting waterfowl; that of Michigan prohibiting the hunting of waterfowl with a gun capable of containing more than six shots and the possession in a boat of more than one gun for each person therein. Michigan also prohibited blinds from being established or operated more than 500 feet from shore or bed of natural growth. The law of New York was clarified in regard to the right of hunters to pursue and take wounded waterfowl any distance from shore in legal craft.

Illinois and Texas introduced novel features in their laws regulating clubs and shooting preserves by requiring them to be licensed, to keep records of the daily kill of waterfowl and other game, and to make annual reports to the State game authorities.

BIG GAME

The general tendency in legislation was to restrict further the taking of big game either by shortening seasons or by reducing season limits.

Under the new Alaska game regulations adopted by the Secretary of Agriculture, effective August 10, 1925, the season on caribou and sheep, and bull moose north of latitude 62°, was shortened by opening September 1 instead of August 20. The limit was reduced to 1 bull moose a season throughout the Territory. A resident may now take 5 caribou, 2 more than formerly allowed, but only 2 of them may be taken south of the summit of the Alaska Range and Ahklun Mountains. The limit on caribou is 3 to a nonresident, not more than 2 of which may be taken south of the Ahklun Mountains. Large brown and grizzly bears, formerly protected from July 1 to October 1, may now be taken at any time, and not more than 2 of the limit of 3 sheep may be taken south of the Arctic Circle.

Wisconsin closed the State to deer hunting until December 1, 1926; and provided an open season during the first 10 days of December in alternate years, instead of a 10-day annual open season beginning November 13. The deer season was shortened two weeks in the Modoc-Lassen district in California; five days in Michigan by opening November 15 instead of November 10; 11 days in Oregon by closing after October 20 instead of October 31; 15 days in Texas by opening November 16 instead of November 1; and two weeks in Wyoming

except in Lincoln, Park, Sheridan, Sublette, and Teton Counties, where the season was lengthened one month, ending November 15.

Limits were reduced to a single deer in the eight northern counties of Maine and in Coos and Carroll Counties, N. H., so that limits are now uniform throughout each State. Missouri closed the season on deer for five years, and South Dakota closed the season in eight counties in the northwestern section of the State. California prohibited the killing in the Modoc-Lassen district of mule deer with forked horns, or those having only two points to each antler. Pennsylvania protected spike bucks, allowing only the killing of deer having two or more points to an antler, and West Virginia provided that deer having pronged horns may be taken after 1927, the expiration of the close term. Nevada lengthened the season on deer by closing it after October 31, instead of October 21, but protected spike bucks.

Maine continued the close season on moose until 1927; Texas continued indefinite protection on elk, antelope, and mountain sheep; and Newfoundland for the first time has prohibited caribou hunting by closing the season until 1928. Idaho opened the season on elk in Jefferson and Madison Counties during the first 15 days of December and closed the season on mountain goats in eight counties but allowed hunting for the first time in two counties during October. Montana closed five counties to deer hunting but opened the season on deer in Lake County and on bull elk for three days in Jefferson County.

Yukon allowed, until June 1, 1926, under license issued without fee, the killing or purchase from licensed hunters of male moose and caribou over one year of age for the purpose of feeding fur-bearing animals raised in captivity.

Black bears are coming into their own as game animals and are gradually receiving deserved attention. Pennsylvania shortened the bear season by opening November 10 instead of November 1, and protected cubs by prohibiting the killing of those less than a year old. Michigan and Texas placed bears on the list of game animals with open seasons uniform with those on deer, and Texas prescribed a limit of one a season. Oregon afforded protection to bears in three counties, with an open season during November. Maine repealed the bounty on bears, and Montana defined them as game animals but failed to fix a close season on them. Minnesota repealed the close season on bears, and they may now be taken at any time.

SMALL GAME

Rabbit seasons were lengthened one month in Illinois and Maine. In California the season on cottontail or brush rabbits was shortened six weeks and hunting limited to the month of December. New York shortened the season two weeks. Michigan abolished the limit of 25 rabbits a season. Pennsylvania reduced the limit from 40 to 30 a season, and West Virginia established a limit of 5 rabbits a day.

Michigan removed quail from the list of game birds and afforded it protection as a nongame bird. Minnesota continued protection on quail until 1927, and West Virginia closed Marshall and Roane Counties for two years.

California shortened the season six weeks on quail except in one district and restricted hunting to the month of December. Kansas provided an annual open season on quail during the last 10 days of November, instead of an open season in alternate years during the first 10 days of December, and reduced the limit from 50 to 25 a season. Texas shortened the season two weeks on quail, reduced the limit from 15 to 12 a day, and established limits of 36 in seven consecutive days or 36 in possession at one time. Tennessee, the only State to lengthen the season on quail, allowed shooting during the additional period of the first 15 days of January.

Michigan continued protection on spruce grouse until 1930, and made the most drastic cut in the season on other grouse and partridges by restricting hunting throughout the State to the last week in October and reducing the limit from 25 to 20 a season. Oregon reduced bag limits and generally shortened seasons on grouse and ring-necked pheasants. South Dakota reduced the number of grouse allowed in possession from 15 to 10. Wyoming closed the season on sage grouse in 8 counties and on other grouse in 13 counties and shortened the open season two weeks in the rest of the State. Ontario and Prince Edward Island were also closed to grouse hunting.

For the first time since the open season in 1902 Michigan allows the hunting of prairie chickens. The open season is the same as that provided for ruffed grouse, and the limits are 5 a day, 10 in possession, 25 a season. Michigan

also allowed cock pheasants to be hunted during the open season on grouse with limits of 2 a day, 4 a season. Texas, with only four counties having an open season, now allows prairie chickens to be hunted throughout the State during the first 10 days of September, but the limit was reduced from 15 to 10 a season.

Iowa made provision authorizing the game warden to declare an open season on introduced pheasants in any county upon petition of 150 farmers and land-owners who have suffered damage by pheasants. Not more than 12 pheasants may be killed in one day during the open season fixed by the warden. No restrictions are placed on the number that may be taken alive, and the warden may pay \$1 for each pheasant delivered alive to him, such birds to be distributed in other sections of the State.

REFUGES

Provisions relating to refuges were outstanding in this year's legislation. Significant steps in the development of systems of refuges and recreational areas were taken in Connecticut and Kansas, where special provisions were made to coordinate State activities and resources along these lines. In Connecticut a commission was created on forests and wild life, composed of the State park and forest commission and the State board of fisheries and game, and was empowered to accept gifts and purchase real estate for parks or forest purposes; areas so acquired are to be maintained for the propagation and protection of wild life or for public shooting grounds. Kansas created a State forestry, fish, and game commission composed of the governor, State fish and game warden, and three commissioners—one from each third of the State—for the purpose of acquiring lands, water, and water rights and to accept donations or bequests on behalf of the State for the establishment and maintenance of public forestry, fish, and game preserves. The commission is also authorized to build and construct reservoirs or lakes, and dams for impounding water, and is given the right of eminent domain in this connection. It is required to police such areas and to make regulations for their public use. An appropriation of \$40,000 was made from the fish and game fund for carrying out the purposes of the act.

New York established a conservation fund to consist of half the fees received from the sale of hunting, trapping, and angling licenses to be used for the establishment and maintenance of a state-wide system of fish and game refuges for the promotion of public fishing and shooting and the demonstration of forest management, including pertinent biological and research investigations. For the purposes of the act the commission is authorized to acquire lands and property rights by gift, purchase, or condemnation, or by appropriation in the manner provided for acquiring park lands.

In Illinois an appropriation of \$365,000 was made to the department of conservation for the purchase of land and water for game refuges, game farms, rest areas, and public shooting and fishing grounds.

Oklahoma authorized the commission to purchase lands for the establishment of game refuges or game farms, but limited the cost of such lands to \$10 an acre, except where buildings or cultivated lands are acquired, and provided for the approval of the governor on all contracts for amounts in excess of \$1,000. The Arbuckle Mountain State Game Preserve, with an area of 50,000 acres, was established on the property of Sherman Joines, who granted the State the right to protect game thereon.

Texas made provision for the establishment of State game refuges on private holdings which the owner may transfer to the State for periods of 10 years with the right to protect game and birds thereon.

Montana enlarged the powers of the commission with reference to the creation of game refuges, and Pennsylvania now provides that auxiliary refuges may be created on any lands in the State and reduced the distance required between such refuges from 5 to 2 miles. Pennsylvania also enacted another provision which will facilitate the establishment of auxiliary refuges on private lands by allowing the owners to use such lands for all purposes other than hunting and trapping.

New Hampshire retains the 1,000-acre limit on the area of refuges on private holdings but increased the area to not more than 10,000 acres for those established on Federal or State-owned lands. With the consent of the governor and council, the feeding and resting environment of areas inhabited by wild life may be improved.

California created five new game refuge districts, and Utah established the Timpanogas, Ashley, Gentry Mountain, Crescent Canyon, and Pleasant Creek

Preserves. Maine established the West Bath Preserve in Sagadahoc County and another in Knox County. South Dakota added three sections to the Sisseton Game Preserve, making the total area 19,840 acres. Minnesota provides that refuges for waterfowl may be established only on lakes and lands adjacent thereto. In Nebraska a game-bird refuge was established in Garden County by closing the Platte River to hunting a distance of about 30 miles. Tennessee established a refuge adjoining Lenoir City, Loudon County, and Oregon created two new refuges.

Manitoba created the Hillside Refuge of one-half section and the Assiniboine Refuge for moose, deer, and caribou or reindeer, comprising 612 sections.

Under the migratory-birds convention act, the Canadian Government set aside 11 new bird sanctuaries in Saskatchewan for the protection of game birds during the breeding season in addition to those already established in that Province and in Alberta, and with the concurrence of the Province of Quebec 7 additional bird sanctuaries on the north shore of the Gulf of St. Lawrence. These latter sanctuaries are small groups of bare, rocky islands, the breeding grounds of thousands of valuable eider ducks and other migratory sea birds. Through recent orders in council 50 areas have also been set apart as public shooting grounds designed to afford the public facilities for hunting in the open season. These include 32 in Alberta, 12 in Saskatchewan, and 6 district areas in Manitoba. The Manitoba and Saskatchewan shooting grounds are much larger than those in Alberta. These reservations safeguard breeding places of the birds and with the bird sanctuaries increase the number of specially protected nesting grounds in the important wild-fowl sections of the Canadian prairies, where the majority of the continent's waterfowl nest.

During the last session of the Alaska Legislature \$10,000 was appropriated for the Territorial game commission to stock areas on islands and elsewhere with game and fur-bearing animals. This gives an opportunity to increase the game and fur output of Alaska by introducing these animals in places which appear to be perfectly suitable for their requirements. This work has been in progress for several years under the Biological Survey, and the appropriation will increase opportunities for constructive work along these lines.

ADMINISTRATION AND WARDEN SERVICE

The commission under the new Alaska game law is composed of five members, four of whom are resident citizens of the Territory and of the judicial division from which appointed. These four receive no salary, but are given allowances for attending the meetings of the commission. The fifth member, a representative of the Biological Survey, is the executive officer of the commission. Wardens will be maintained in the Territory within the limits of appropriations, and the consolidation and coordination of administration and enforcement of the laws relating to game and land fur-bearing animals should promote the conservation of these resources in the Territory.

The 10-year campaign for a State organization in charge of wild-life affairs in Florida culminated with success upon the passage of an act creating a department of game and fresh-water fish in charge of a single commissioner. A state-wide warden service is also provided. The term of the commissioner is two years and the salary \$4,500, with an allowance of \$2,000 per annum for expenses. Deputy commissioners are allowed \$1,500 a year as compensation and not exceeding \$75 a month for expenses.

Game commissions, composed of the governor and certain other State officers, were abolished in Oklahoma, South Dakota, and Wyoming. In Oklahoma a nonsalaried commission of three members was created and authorized to appoint a State game warden at a salary of \$3,600, an increase of \$1,100 over the salary formerly allowed. A salary limitation of \$5 a day and \$4 for expenses was placed on all employees of the commission except superintendents of fish hatcheries and game preserves or refuges and experts engaged in assisting the commission. Wyoming made provision for the appointment of a nonpartisan commission of six members selected from different sections of the State. In South Dakota the work was consolidated under the State department of agriculture as a division of game and fish in charge of a director, an arrangement which has just been abandoned by Illinois after an experience of eight years.

Illinois created a State conservation department which takes over from the department of agriculture the administration and enforcement of laws relating to wild life, with added control over forestry and stream pollution as far as they affect game and fish conservation. An appropriation of \$167,900 is devoted to 7 inspectors and 97 investigators at salaries ranging from \$1,500 to \$2,100, and

\$45,000 is listed for extra help. An additional appropriation of \$229,550 was made for general expenses.

The act reorganizing the State government in Minnesota establishes a department of conservation in charge of a commission composed of the commissioner of forestry and fire prevention (chairman), the State game and fish commissioner, and the commissioner of lands and timber. By virtue of his office the State auditor is commissioner of lands and timber, and the other two members are appointed by the governor for terms of two years at salaries of \$4,000 each. The department is authorized to make regulations and recommendations for the conservation of the natural resources under its charge and to coordinate its activities along these lines, requiring of game wardens and other employees such additional duties as it may prescribe.

Connecticut authorized the appointment, at a salary of \$3,000, of a State warden who, under the direction of the superintendent of fisheries and game, has general supervision and control of all county and deputy wardens. New Mexico provided for the appointment of the State game warden and administrative officer by the commission instead of by the governor, and abolished the position of chief deputy. Texas increased the salary of special deputy game commissioners from \$125 to \$150 a month, and West Virginia the salary of the chief game protector from \$3,000 to \$3,600 and that of the clerk to the commission from \$2,000 to \$2,400. The commissioner and deputies in Texas are authorized to enter on any lands or waters where game or fish are known to range for the purpose of enforcing the game laws or for making scientific investigations in reference thereto. Kansas provided temporary warden service during the hunting season by authorizing the appointment of six additional deputies during the four months beginning September 1. Michigan changed the penalty for conviction on second offense under the game laws to include not less than 10 days' imprisonment and forfeiture of license for the rest of the year. Formerly the minimum penalty for a second offense was 60 days with fine or imprisonment, or both, as the court decided. Automobiles used illegally in Michigan for taking or transporting game animals or birds may be seized and, upon determination by the court, forfeited.

As evidence of the difficulties and increased cost of maintaining game and fish in the covers and streams, definite steps were taken in a number of States to insure greater financial returns from their wild-life resources. Nine States—Connecticut, Idaho, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, South Dakota, Texas, and Vermont—increased the fees for one or more of their hunting licenses, although the increase does not become effective in Connecticut and Massachusetts until January 1, 1926. Provision for similar increases in California was vetoed by the governor. Angling licenses were prescribed or fees increased in Florida, Kansas, New York, Ohio, Oklahoma, and South Dakota, and the fee for a nonresident angling license was increased from \$2 to \$3 in Minnesota.

In the reorganization bill in South Dakota general provision is made that all funds received through the abolished offices and commissions shall go into the general fund of the treasury and be subject to appropriation. With reference to the State game fund, however, this transfer does not take effect until July 1, 1927. Florida, after repayment of the initial appropriation of \$35,000 to the game department, provides that the surplus in the game fund each year, except a reserve of \$10,000 for current expenses, shall be transferred to the school fund for distribution to the several counties. Oklahoma established a reserve of \$50,000 in the game fund to be used only on the approval of the governor in emergencies. Provision was made in Maine that fees in excess of \$100,000 collected under the game law shall be credited to the appropriations, and be available until expended, for the expenses of the department. In Pennsylvania \$100,000 may be expended for propagation and restocking purposes, \$3,000 in the payment of damages committed by bears, and \$10,000 in the erection of deer-proof fences. Special provision was also made that game protectors shall have no power and shall not be required to enforce or assist in the enforcement of any laws except those relating to wild life and forests. Upon the petition of 20 or more taxpayers in any county in West Virginia 20 per cent of the license fees collected therein is required to be expended in such county in the propagation and restocking of game and fish.

FEDERAL LAWS RELATING TO GAME AND BIRDS²

Migratory birds included in the terms of the convention between the United States and Great Britain for the protection of migratory birds, concluded August 16, 1916, are as follows:

1. *Migratory game birds:*

- (a) Anatidae, or waterfowl, including brant, wild ducks, geese, and swans.
- (b) Gruidae, or cranes, including little brown, sand-hill, and whooping cranes.
- (c) Rallidae, or rails, including coot, gallinules, and sora and other rails.
- (d) Limicolae, or shorebirds, including avocets, curlews, dowitchers, godwits, knots, oyster catchers, phalaropes, plovers, sandpipers, snipe, stilts, surf birds, turnstones, willet, woodcock, and yellowlegs.
- (e) Columbidae, or pigeons, including doves and wild pigeons.

2. *Migratory insectivorous birds:* Cuckoos; flickers and other woodpeckers; nighthawks or bull bats and whippoorwills; swifts; hummingbirds; flycatchers; bobolinks, meadowlarks, and orioles; grosbeaks; tanagers; martins and other swallows; waxwings; shrikes; vireos; warblers; pipits; catbirds and brown thrashers; wrens; brown creepers; nuthatches; chickadees and titmice; kinglets and gnat catchers; robins and other thrushes; and all other perching birds which feed entirely or chiefly on insects.

3. *Other migratory nongame birds:* Auks, auklets, bitterns, fulmars, gannets, grebes, guillemots, gulls, herons, jaegers, loons, murre, petrels, puffins, shearwaters, and terns.

OPEN SEASONS UNDER FEDERAL REGULATIONS

The Federal regulations including the amendments of June 22, 1925, fix the open seasons on migratory game birds, as follows:

Waterfowl (except wood duck, eider ducks, and swans), coot, gallinules, and Wilson snipe or jacksnipe.—The open seasons for waterfowl (except wood duck, eider ducks, and swans), coot, gallinules, and Wilson snipe or jacksnipe shall be as follows:

In Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Ohio, West Virginia, Kentucky, Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin, Illinois, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas, Colorado, Wyoming, Montana, Nevada, and that portion of Washington lying east of the summit of the Cascade Mountains the open season shall be from September 16 to December 31;

In New York (except Long Island) the open season shall be from September 24 to January 7;

In Rhode Island, Connecticut, Pennsylvania, Oklahoma, New Mexico, Utah, California, Idaho, Oregon, and that portion of Washington lying west of the summit of the Cascade Mountains the open season shall be from October 1 to January 15;

In that portion of New York known as Long Island, and in New Jersey, Delaware, Arizona, and that portion of Texas lying west and north of the main tracks of the International & Great Northern Railroad extending from Laredo to San Antonio, Austin, and Longview, and the Texas & Pacific Railroad extending from Longview to Marshall and Texarkana, the open season shall be from October 16 to January 31;

In Maryland, the District of Columbia, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Tennessee, Arkansas, Louisiana, and that portion of Texas lying east and south of the main tracks of the International & Great Northern Railroad extending from Laredo to San Antonio, Austin, and Longview, and the Texas & Pacific Railroad extending from Longview to Marshall and Texarkana the open season shall be from November 1 to January 31; and

In Alaska the open season shall be from September 1 to December 15.

Rails (except coot and gallinules).—The open season for sora and other rails (except coot and gallinules) shall be from September 1 to November 30, except as follows:

In Louisiana the open season shall be from November 1 to January 31.

Black-bellied and golden plovers and greater and lesser yellowlegs.—The open seasons for black-bellied and golden plovers and greater and lesser yellowlegs shall be as follows:

² The full text of the migratory-bird treaty act and regulations and of Canadian and other regulations affecting birds and game will be found in a separate publication of the department (Service and Regulatory Announcement, B. S. No. 63).

In Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, and Virginia the open season shall be from August 16 to November 30;

In the District of Columbia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Arkansas, Oklahoma, Texas, New Mexico, Arizona, California, and Alaska the open season shall be from September 1 to December 15;

In Vermont, Pennsylvania, Ohio, West Virginia, Kentucky, Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin, Illinois, Missouri, Iowa, Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas, Colorado, Wyoming, Montana, Nevada, and that portion of Washington lying east of the summit of the Cascade Mountains the open season shall be from September 16 to December 31;

In Utah, Oregon, Idaho, and in that portion of Washington lying west of the summit of the Cascade Mountains the open season shall be from October 1 to January 15; and

In Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana the open season shall be from November 1 to January 31.

Woodcock.—The open seasons for woodcock shall be as follows:

In Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Ohio, West Virginia, Kentucky, Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin, Illinois, Missouri, Iowa, Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, and Kansas the open season shall be from October 1 to November 30; and

In Delaware, Maryland, the District of Columbia, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Tennessee, Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas, and Oklahoma the open season shall be from November 1 to December 31.

Doves.—The open seasons for mourning doves shall be as follows:

In Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Kentucky, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Minnesota, Nebraska, Kansas, Missouri, Arkansas, Oklahoma, that portion of Texas lying west and north of the main tracks of the International & Great Northern Railroad extending from Laredo to San Antonio, Austin, and Longview, and the Texas & Pacific Railroad extending from Longview to Marshall and Texarkana, New Mexico, Colorado, Utah, Arizona, California, Nevada, Idaho, and Oregon the open season shall be from September 1 to December 15;

In Georgia, Florida, Alabama, and Mississippi the open season shall be from October 16 to January 31;

In that portion of Texas lying east and south of the main tracks of the International & Great Northern Railroad extending from Laredo to San Antonio, Austin, and Longview, and the Texas & Pacific Railroad extending from Longview to Marshall and Texarkana the open season shall be from November 1 to December 31; and

In Louisiana the open season shall be from November 1 to January 31.

BAG LIMITS AND OTHER PROVISIONS UNDER FEDERAL REGULATIONS

A person may take in any one day during the open seasons prescribed therefor as above not to exceed the following numbers of migratory game birds, which numbers shall include all birds taken by any person who for hire accompanies or assists him in taking migratory birds: Ducks (except wood duck and eider ducks), 25 in the aggregate of all kinds; geese, 8 in the aggregate of all kinds; brant, 8; rails, coot, and gallinules (except sora), 25 in the aggregate of all kinds; sora, 50; blackbellied and golden plovers and greater and lesser yellowlegs, 15 in the aggregate of all kinds; Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, 25; woodcock, 6; mourning doves, 25. No other migratory birds may be taken at any time except under permit for propagating, scientific, or banding purposes, or under an order³ of the Secretary of Agriculture to prevent injury to agricultural or other interests.

Migratory game birds may be taken on any day during the open season from half an hour before sunrise to sunset with a gun not larger than 10 gauge, fired from the shoulder, with the aid of a dog, the use of decoys, and from a blind or floating device (other than an airplane, power boat, sailboat, any boat under sail, or any floating device towed by power boat or sailboat).

Migratory game birds legally taken may be possessed during the period constituting the open season where killed and for an additional period of 10 days

³ See order of the Secretary permitting bobolinks, or redbirds, to be killed in a few States for the protection of rice crops in the South, page 43.

next succeeding such open season, and those coming from a country other than Canada may be possessed in the State into which they are brought only during the open season in that State and such additional time immediately thereafter as may be permitted by both Federal and State laws.

Not more than two days' bag limit of migratory game birds may be exported or removed from the State where taken in any one calendar week, and such migratory game birds or parts thereof in transit during the open season may continue in transit such additional time, not exceeding five days, as may be necessary for delivery at destination.

The so-called Lacey Act prohibits interstate shipment by common carrier of wild animals killed or shipped in violation of the laws of the State in which killed or from which shipped, and section 4 of the treaty act likewise prohibits the removal in any manner from one State to another of any wild birds in violation of State laws or which have been illegally taken. All packages in interstate commerce containing game animals or nonmigratory game birds, or parts thereof, must be marked to show the names and addresses of the consignor and consignee and the nature of the contents, and packages containing migratory birds must be marked with such addresses and the number and kind of such birds therein.

The Federal law prohibits the sale of all migratory birds throughout the United States except birds taken for scientific or propagating purposes and waterfowl raised on farms or preserves under permit from the Secretary of Agriculture.⁴

In Alaska Eskimos and Indians may take for the use of themselves and their immediate families, in any manner and at any time, and possess and transport, auks, auklets, guillemots, murre, and puffins and their eggs for food and their skins for clothing.

Under appropriate permit from the Secretary of Agriculture, migratory waterfowl may be captured at any time for propagating purposes and migratory birds may be taken for scientific purposes, including banding. The Secretary of Agriculture may also issue orders permitting the killing of migratory birds to prevent serious injury to agriculture or other interests.

The States may shorten the open seasons fixed by Federal regulations on migratory birds, reduce the bag limits, prohibit export, restrict the period during which they may be possessed in close season, or make other laws or regulations to give further protection to such migratory birds, but may not lengthen the open season, increase the bag limit, permit sale, or otherwise go beyond the restrictions in the Federal law.

SUMMARY OF LAWS RELATING TO SEASONS, LICENSES, LIMITS, POSSESSION, INTERSTATE TRANSPORTATION, AND SALE

The dates of open seasons for migratory game birds shown under the various States and Provinces are the times when these birds may be hunted without violating either State laws or Federal regulations. The provision permitting the possession of migratory game birds during the first 10 days of the close season has been considered in connection with State laws, and when migratory game birds may be possessed during any part of the close season without violating either the Federal regulations or State laws it has been stated under the heading "Bag limits and possession."

In stating the open season⁵ the plan has been followed, as in the past, of including the *first and last days thereof*. The difficulty of attaining absolute accuracy in a statement of the seasons is very great, but summaries have been submitted to the proper State or Provincial game officials for correction and approval, and the following are believed to be free from material errors. Species (including migratory game and nongame birds protected throughout each year by Federal regulation) on which the season is closed for a term of years or for an indefinite period are grouped under the term "No open season." Provisions of State laws prohibiting hunting at night, between sunset and sunrise, or during certain hours are not included.

Sportsmen should obtain information from the Biological Survey or State game departments⁶ to inform themselves of the existence of game and bird refuges in areas in which they contemplate hunting, as the location of refuges and the restrictions regarding hunting thereon are not included in this bulletin.

⁴ See footnote 2, p. 8.

⁵ For open seasons on fur-bearing animals for the season 1925-26, see Farmers' Bulletin No. 1469.

⁶ See list on page 11 (back of title page). A full list of names and addresses of officials and organizations concerned with the protection of birds and game will be found in Dept. Circ. No. 360, U. S. Dept. Agr., 1925.

In some States certain days of the week constitute rest days or close seasons during the time when killing is permitted. Hunting on Sunday is prohibited in all States and Provinces east of the one hundred and fifth meridian, except Illinois, Louisiana, Michigan, Rhode Island, Texas, Wisconsin, and Quebec. Mondays constitute a close season for waterfowl locally in Maryland and North Carolina; and certain other week days for waterfowl in several favorite ducking grounds in Maryland, Virginia, and North Carolina. In Nevada the hunting of migratory waterfowl is prohibited on Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday of each week during the open season. Hunting is prohibited on election day in Maryland in Allegany, Baltimore, Cecil, Charles, Frederick, and Harford Counties; and when snow is on the ground in New Jersey, Delaware, Virginia, and Maryland.

The county laws of North Carolina are too numerous to be incorporated in the following summary, which otherwise may be regarded as a practically complete résumé of game regulations now in force.

Possession of nonmigratory game during the close season is generally prohibited by State laws, but when an extension of a few days, or a special season, is provided for either possession or sale, attention is called thereto.

Under the heading "Interstate transportation," in addition to statements of restrictions on removal of game from the State in which it is taken, has been included information concerning the importation and possession by sportsmen for personal use of game legally killed outside the State and legally exported from the place where taken. In the absence of specific State legislation to the contrary, or where legislation prohibits possession of game in close season, it has been construed that sportsmen may bring home their game and possess it in their State in the same manner as though it had been killed there.

Persons are advised to obtain from State game commissioners the full text of game laws in States where hunting is contemplated (see list on page II, back of title page).

For laws concerning traffic in imported game and game raised in captivity under Federal and State licenses, see pages 43 to 46.

STATE LAWS

ALABAMA

Open seasons: ¹	Dates inclusive
Deer (male).....	Nov. 1-Dec. 31.
Squirrel (black, gray, fox).....	Nov. 1-Jan. 31. ²
Bear.....	Nov. 1-Feb. 28.
Quail (partridge).....	Nov. 20-Feb. 20.
Wild turkey gobbler.....	Dec. 1-Mar. 31.
Turtle dove.....	Oct. 16-Jan. 31.
Duck, goose, brant, black-bellied and golden plovers, Wilson snipe, yellowlegs, coot (mudhen), gallinule.....	Nov. 1-Jan. 31.
Woodcock.....	Nov. 1-Dec. 31.
Rail, other than coot and gallinule.....	Sept. 1-Nov. 30.

No open season: Ruffed grouse (pheasant), introduced pheasant, or other introduced game bird (1927); does, turkey hens, swans, wood duck, bitterns, sand-hill and whooping cranes, grebes, gulls, herons, loons, shearwaters, terns, and all shore birds (except woodcock, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Hunting licenses: Nonresident or alien, \$25. Resident: State, \$3; county, \$1. Trapping (bears and other fur-bearing animals), \$15 for first trap and \$2.50 for each additional trap. Issued by probate judges. Landlords, tenants, and members of families may hunt or trap on own land during open season without license. Written permission required for hunting or trapping on land of another.

Bag limits and possession: One buck a day or in possession, 5 a season; 1 turkey gobbler a day or in possession, 10 a season; 10 squirrels a day or in possession; 15 quail a day or in possession; 8 each of geese and brant a day, 25 of each in possession; 25 each of doves, ducks, Wilson snipe, and sora a day or in possession; 25 in all of rails (except sora), coots, and gallinules a day, 25 of each in possession; 6 woodcock a day, 25 in possession; 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs a day, 25 of each in possession. Possession of migratory game birds permitted during first 10 days of close season; other game during first 5 days.

Interstate transportation: Export of all protected game prohibited, except that a nonresident

ALABAMA—Continued

licensee may take with him, openly, game he has lawfully killed, but not more than two days' limit of migratory birds may be exported in any one calendar week.

Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed in like manner as game taken in State.

Sale: Sale of all protected game prohibited.

¹ *Alabama:* Hunting prohibited on all State lands.

² Squirrels may be killed at any time on own premises when destroying property.

ALASKA

Open seasons: ¹	Dates inclusive
Bull moose, caribou, mountain goat ²	Sept. 1-Dec. 31.
Deer (male, with horns not less than 3 inches above the skull) east of longitude 141° only (southeastern Alaska).....	Sept. 16-Dec. 15.
Mountain sheep (ram).....	Aug. 20-Dec. 31. ³
Black bear (including its brown and blue, or glacier bear, color variations) in fur districts 1 and 2.....	Sept. 1-June 15.
Bear (large brown and grizzly), polar bear in fur districts 2 and 3, and black bear in fur district 3.....	No close season.
Grouse, ptarmigan.....	Sept. 1-Feb. 28.
Duck (except eider duck), goose, brant, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs.....	Sept. 1-Dec. 15.

No open season: Calves, yearlings, and cow moose; fawns and doe deer; lambs and ewes; mountain goat kids; fawns of caribou; swans, eider ducks, coots, cranes, auklets, fulmars, grebes, gulls, jaegers, loons, murrets, petrels, puffins, shearwaters, terns, and all shore birds (except Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

ALASKA—Continued

Hunting licenses: Nonresident: General, \$50; small game \$10; nonresident big-game hunter must be accompanied by registered guide; licenses issued by commissioners, wardens, and special agents. Alien, \$100 (special license required to hunt or possess firearms); issued by commission. Licensed hunters, within 30 days after expiration of license, must report to commission number and kind of each species of birds or animals taken.

Guide, \$10 (issued only to resident citizen or resident native Indian or Eskimo); issued by commission. Guide must report to commission after each hunting trip.

Shipping licenses: Resident (export for mounting and return), \$1 for each trophy; resident removing from Territory, \$5 for each trophy. Issued by commission or collector of customs.

Bag limits and possession: Caribou, resident 5, nonresident 3 a season, or which not more than 2 may be taken south of summit of Alaska Range and Ahklun Mountains; 3 mountain sheep a season, of which not more than 2 may be taken south of Arctic Circle; 1 moose, 3 deer, 3 goats, and 3 in all of large brown and grizzly bears a season; 15 grouse, 25 ptarmigan, but not more than 25 in all of grouse and ptarmigan a day; 20 ducks, 6 geese, 6 brant, but not more than 25 waterfowl a day, 50 in possession; 25 Wilson snipe, 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs a day. Migratory game birds legally taken may be possessed during open season and 10 days thereafter, but not more than 50 in all of waterfowl may be possessed at one time. Game animals, grouse, ptarmigan, the hides, heads, and feet of game animals or articles made therefrom; and the skins and feathers of game birds legally taken during open season may be possessed and transported at any time within the Territory, and shed antlers of deer, moose, or caribou may be possessed and transported within or out of the Territory at any time without a license.

Interstate transportation: Nonresident or alien licensee may export one moose, three deer, three caribou, three sheep, three goats, and three in all of large brown and grizzly bears, killed by himself, under license coupon and affidavit that he has not violated the game laws; that the big game animal or part thereof he desires to ship has not been purchased or sold and is not shipped for purpose of being sold; that he lawfully killed the animal and is the owner of the part thereof which he desires to ship; and, if the shipment contains caribou or sheep or parts thereof, whether such animal were killed north or south of the Alaska Range and Ahklun Mountains or the Arctic Circle, respectively.

A nonresident may possess and transport at any time within or out of the Territory skins and feathers of game birds and articles manufactured from the hides or hoofs of moose, caribou, deer, or goats legally taken.

Resident may export for mounting and return in any one year, but not for sale, two heads or trophies of each species of game animal legally killed by himself under shipping license (fee, \$1 for each trophy) and bond of \$150 for each moose trophy and \$50 for each other trophy, conditioned on return of trophies to the Territory within one year.

A citizen of the United States who has been a resident for at least two years and who is removing his residence from the Territory may export trophies of game animals legally acquired by him under shipping license (fee, \$5 for each trophy).

All shipments must be marked with the names and addresses of consignor and consignee and the number of each kind of game contained therein.

Sale: Sale of all protected game prohibited, except that the meat of caribou legally killed may be bought and sold at any time north of summit of Alaska Range and Ahklun Mountains, and the meat of moose, grouse, and ptarmigan legally killed may be sold at any time north of said summit at points more than 10 miles distant from the Government railroad for consumption north of said summit, but the meat of animals or birds so killed shall not be transported to or possessed in any other part of the Territory. No game animal, game bird, or parts thereof shall be sold to or bought by the owner, master, or employee of any

ALASKA—Continued

coastal or river steamer or commercial power or sail boat; unlawful to take or possess for serving of to serve any game animal, game bird, or part thereof in any dining car, mess house operated by a cannery, mine, railroad, or contractor, or in any other commercial mess house or other place maintained for serving food regularly to employees thereof, or to serve such game to an employee of any coastal or river steamer or commercial power or sail boat, or for an employee of a railroad, cannery, mine, contractor, or coastal or river steamer or other commercial power or sail boat to possess such game in a dining car or commercial mess house, or in the galley or dining room of any such boat.

Any person may without a license buy and sell at any time in the Territory the feathers of wild ducks and geese, lawfully killed or seized and condemned by Federal game authorities, for use in making fishing flies, bed pillows, mattresses, and similar commercial purposes, but not for millinery or ornamental purposes; the hides or parts of moose, caribou, deer, and mountain goats legally taken during the open season; shed antlers of caribou, moose, and deer; and the skins and feathers of eagles, crows, hawks, owls, ravens, and cormorants.

¹ *Alaska:* All hunting is prohibited in Mount McKinley National Park, Katmai National Monument, Aleutian Islands Reservation (including Unimak Island) and other national bird and animal reservations, on Kruford and Partofshikof Islands, and in drainage of Taku River between Canadian boundary and a line from Taku Point to east end of face of Taku Glacier. An Indian, Eskimo, or half-breed who has not severed his tribal relations, and an explorer, prospector, or traveler may take animals or birds other than migratory birds (except Eskimos and Indians may take auks, auklets, guillemots, murres, and puffins, and their eggs) in any part of Territory at any time for food when in absolute need of food and other food is not available, but he shall not ship or sell any animal or bird or part thereof so taken.

² Unlawful to hunt mountain sheep and mountain goats on Kenai Peninsula east of longitude 150° (5 miles east of Stalter place on Kenai River), and mountain goats on Baranof and Chichagof Islands.

ARIZONA

Open seasons: ¹	Dates inclusive
Deer (male), wild turkey.....	Oct. 1-Nov. 1.
Quail (except bobwhite).....	Oct. 15-Dec. 31.
Mourning dove.....	Sept. 1-Dec. 15.
White-winged dove.....	July 15-Dec. 31.
Duck, goose, brant, Wilson snipe, coot, gallinule.....	Oct. 16-Jan. 31.
Black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs.....	Oct. 15-Dec. 15.
Rail, other than coot and gallinule.....	Oct. 15-Nov. 30.

No open season: Does, spotted fawns, elk, antelope, sheep, goat, pecary or javelina (wild hog), bobwhite, grouse, pheasant, swans, bitterns, little brown and sand-hill cranes, grebes, gulls, herons, loons, band-tailed pigeons, terns, and all shore birds (except Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Hunting and fishing licenses: Nonresident or alien: Game and fish, \$20; birds (except turkeys) and fish, \$10. Not issued to applicant under 12 years of age. Resident: Game and fish, \$1.25. Issued by game warden, designated deputies, and clerk board of supervisors.

American-born resident under 17 years of age may hunt without license, if accompanied by holder of a general license.

Bag limits and possession: One deer, 2 turkeys a season; 20 ducks, 8 geese, 20 coots, 15 plovers and yellowlegs, and 20 rails, but not more than 20 in all of waterfowl, plovers, yellowlegs, rails, and coots a day or in possession; 25 quail, and 25 doves and white wings a day or in possession; 25 Wilson snipe a day. Possession of plovers, yellowlegs, rails, and mourning doves permitted during first 10 days of close season; other game during first five days thereof.

ARIZONA—Continued

Interstate transportation: Export of all protected game prohibited.

Possession of game prohibited without a hunting license. Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed in like manner as game taken in State.

Sale: Sale of all protected game prohibited.

¹ *Arizona:* Animals or birds (except migratory birds) which become seriously injurious to agriculture or other interests may be killed under regulations of the State game warden.

ARKANSAS

Open seasons:	Dates inclusive
Male deer, turkey gobblers (gobblers also Mar. 1-May 1) (see exceptions).....	Nov. 10-Jan. 15.
Exceptions: In Poinsett County.....	Nov. 10-Dec. 1.
In Perry County.....	Nov. 10, 1928.
In Chicot and Desha Counties (15 days), Nov. 15-19, Dec. 26-30, and Jan. 10-14, inclusive; gobblers, additional season, Mar. 1-May 1.	
Bear in Chicot and Desha Counties (15 days), Nov. 15-19, Dec. 26-30, and Jan. 10-14, inclusive.	
Squirrel (see exceptions).....	May 15-Jan. 15.
Exceptions: In Chicot and Desha Counties.....	May 15-Dec. 31.
Grouse (except prairie chicken and pheasant).....	Dec. 15-Jan. 15.
Quail or partridge (see exceptions).....	Dec. 20-Feb. 28.
Exceptions: In Baxter and Boone Counties.....	Dec. 20-Feb. 1.
In Chicot, Columbia, and Desha Counties.	
In Charleston district, Franklin County.....	Dec. 1-Mar. 1.
Duck, goose, Wilson snipe, coot, gallinule.....	No open season.
Woodcock.....	Nov. 1-Jan. 31.
Black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs, dove.....	Nov. 1-Dec. 31.
Rail, other than coot and gallinule.....	Sept. 1-Dec. 15.
No open season: Does, fawns, and wild turkey hens; bear (except as above), prairie chicken, pheasant (1928); swans, wood ducks, bitterns, sand-hill and whooping cranes, grebes, gulls, herons, loons, terns, and all shore birds (except woodcock, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).	Sept. 1-Nov. 30.
Hunting and fishing licenses: Nonresident: Game, \$15; fish, general, \$5; special 15-day (trip), \$1.10; resident for deer, bear, and turkey, \$1.10; fish, \$1.10. For dog in hunting, \$1.50. Issued by State game and fish commission and circuit clerks. Citizen may hunt or fish during open season on own premises without a license. Hunting prohibited on inclosed lands without consent of owner. Scott County: Nonresident, game, \$25; fish, \$25; issued by circuit clerk.	
County licenses.—Chicot County: Nonresident of State, \$50; resident of State: All game, \$5.25; game (except deer, bear, and turkey), \$2.25. Dog (for deer or quail hunting), \$1.10. Desha County: Nonresident of State, \$50; resident of State: All game, \$2.50; game (except deer, bear, and turkey), \$1.10. Dog (for deer or quail hunting), \$1. License not required of resident under 16 in Chicot and Desha Counties.	
Bag limits and possession: Two deer, 1 bear, 4 turkeys a season; 15 squirrels, 20 quail (40 in possession); 5 grouse; 25 doves; 25 ducks (50 in possession); 8 geese, 8 brant, 25 Wilson snipe, 6 woodcock; 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs, 25	

ARKANSAS—Continued

in all of rails, coots, and gallinules a day or in possession. Possession of game permitted during first 10 days of close season.

Local bag limits: In Arkansas County, 15 ducks a day or in possession; in Jackson County, 10 squirrels a day or in possession; in Chicot and Desha Counties, 10 squirrels a day.

Interstate transportation: Export of all game prohibited; provided, a nonresident, under his license and affidavit that game was legally taken by himself and is not for sale, may take with him one day's bag limit.

Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed in like manner as game taken in State.

Sale: Sale prohibited of all protected game; provided, squirrels may be sold except in Chicot, Desha, and Jackson Counties.

CALIFORNIA¹

Open seasons:	Dates inclusive
Male deer (except spike bucks), in districts 1, 1½, 4½, 23, 24, 25, and 26.....	Sept. 1-Oct. 15. ²
In district 1½ (mule deer must have more than two branches to each antler).....	Sept. 15-Oct. 15.
In districts 2, 2½, and 3.....	Aug. 1-Sept. 14.
In districts 4 and 4½.....	Sept. 16-Oct. 15. ³
Bear (black, brown), Cottontail and brush rabbits, ³ mountain, valley, and desert quail (see exception).....	Oct. 15-Mar. 1.
Exception: Mountain and valley quail, district 1½.....	Dec. 1-Dec. 31.
Grouse.....	Nov. 1-Dec. 31.
Sage hen.....	Sept. 15-Oct. 14.
Pheasant, in district 4½ only.....	Aug. 1-Aug. 15.
Dove (see exception).....	Dec. 1-Dec. 7.
Exception: In districts 4, 4½, 4¾.....	Sept. 1-Sept. 30.
Duck, goose, brant, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, coot (mud hen), gallinule.....	Sept. 1-Oct. 31.
No open season: Doe, spike buck, fawn, elk, antelope, sheep; tree squirrel (1927); sierra hare; pheasant (except as above), introduced quail or partridge, turkey, rail, plovers, yellowlegs, swans, wood duck, elder ducks, auklets, bitterns, little brown, sand hill, and whooping cranes, fulmars, grebes, guillemots, gulls, herons, jaegers, loons, murrets, petrels, band-tailed pigeons, puffins, shearwaters, terns, and all shore birds (except Wilson snipe or jacksnipe).	Oct. 1-Jan. 15.
Hunting and fishing licenses: Game: Nonresident, \$10; alien, \$25 (except those with first papers, fee \$10); fish; nonresident or alien, \$3. Resident: Game, \$1; fish, \$1. Fishing license not required of person under 18 years of age. Veterans of Civil War, issued free of charge. Issued by commissioners and county clerks. Unlawful to hunt in inclosure of another without permission of owner.	
Bag limits and possession: Two deer a season; 6 pheasants a season; 15 cottontail or brush rabbits a day, 30 a week; 4 grouse a day, 8 a week; 4 sage hens a day, 8 a week; 10 mountain quail a day, 20 a week; 15 valley or desert quail a day, 30 a week; 25 Wilson snipe or jacksnipe a day, 50 a week; 15 mourning doves a day, 30 a week; 25 ducks a day, 50 a week; 8 geese (honkers) a day, 24 a week; 8 brant a day, 24 a week; 25 coots (mud hens) and gallinules a day, 50 coots a week. Possession in excess of daily limit prohibited. Persons killing deer must retain in possession during open season and 10 days thereafter the skin and the portion of head bearing horns. One day's limit of game birds or animals may be possessed during first five days of close season.	
Interstate transportation: Export of all protected game prohibited. All shipment by parcel post prohibited. Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed in like manner as game taken in State.	

CALIFORNIA—Continued

Sale: Sale deer meat and hides, tree squirrels, and game birds prohibited. Hides of deer taken in a foreign country and cottontail and brush rabbits taken during open season may be sold.

¹ California: Of the 66 fish and game districts created under the act of 1917, as amended in 1919, 1921, and 1925, 9 (1, 1½, 1¾, 2, 2½, 3, 4, 4½, and 4¾) are properly hunting districts; 23, 24, 25, and 26 are fishing districts but are open to hunting; the other 53 districts, 31 are game refuges and 22 are fishing districts.

District 1 comprises the eastern half of the Sacramento and San Joaquin Valleys, including all counties not included in districts 1½, 1¾, 2, 2½, 3, 4, 4½, and 4¾.

District 1½ comprises the counties of Del Norte, Siskiyou, and Humboldt.

District 1¾ comprises Modoc and Lassen Counties.

District 2 comprises that part of the State south of Humboldt and Tehama Counties, west of the Sacramento River and north of San Francisco Bay, including the counties of Glenn, Colusa, Yolo, Solano, Napa, Lake Sonoma, and Marin, and that portion of Mendocino County not included in district 2½.

District 2½ comprises townships in Mendocino County bordering on the Pacific Ocean, and townships 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18 north, range 16 west.

District 3 comprises the region around the southern portion of San Francisco Bay and the coast counties south of the Golden Gate as far as Ventura, including the counties of Contra Costa, Alameda, Santa Clara, San Francisco, Santa Cruz, Monterey, San Luis Obispo, Santa Barbara, and Ventura; also San Benito and the western half of San Joaquin, Stanislaus, Merced, Fresno, and Kern Counties.

District 4 comprises counties in southern California, namely, Los Angeles, Orange, Riverside, and San Bernardino.

District 4½ comprises counties of Mono and Inyo.

District 4¾ comprises San Diego and Imperial Counties.

Districts 23, 24, 25, and 26, all located in district No. 1, are as follows:

District 23 comprises the drainage area of Lake Tahoe and the Truckee River in the counties of Placer and Eldorado.

District 24 comprises the drainage area of Silver, Twin, Blue, Meadow, and Wood Lakes in the counties of Alpine and Amador.

District 25 comprises the drainage area of Lake Almanor in the counties of Plumas and Lassen.

District 26 comprises Sixty Lake Basin, part of Rae Lake, and to the south fork of Woods Creek in Fresno County.

² Possession of deer before September 1 (except in districts 2, 2½, and 3) prohibited.

³ Owner or tenant, or person holding written permission from owner or tenant, may kill rabbits on own premises at any time, but rabbits killed in close season may not be shipped or sold.

COLORADO

Open seasons: *Dates inclusive*

Deer (having horns with two or more prongs on each horn)	Oct. 12-Oct. 15.
Rabbit, hare	Unprotected.
Prairie chicken, mountain and willow grouse	Sept. 15-Oct. 1.
Duck, goose, brant, coot, gallinule, Wilson snipe or jack-snipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs	Sept. 16-Dec. 31.
Sora and other rail (except coot and gallinule)	Sept. 1-Nov. 30.

No open season: Elk, antelope, sheep, does, fawns, Abert, black or tufted-eared squirrel, quail (bob-white and crested), pheasant, dove (1930); sage chicken (1926); doe, partridge, ptarmigan, wild turkey, swans, wood duck, eider ducks, bitterns, little brown, sand-hill, and whooping cranes, grebes, gulls, herons, jaegers, loons, band-tailed pigeon, terns, and all shore birds (except Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

COLORADO—Continued

Hunting and fishing licenses: Nonresident: Big game, \$25; small game, \$5; fish, \$3. Resident: Big game, \$5; small game and fish, \$2. No person under 18 permitted to hunt big game. Fishing license not required of boys under 16 or of women. Children under 12 not permitted to hunt except on own premises or those of parent or guardian. Guide, \$5. Issued by commissioner, county clerks, and other agents. Unlawful to hunt in any inclosure not public land without consent of owner. Unlawful to shoot game from public highway.

Unnaturalized foreign-born residents not permitted to hunt or to own or possess shotgun, rifle, or pistol.

Bag limits and possession: One deer a season, coupon required; prairie chicken, 8 a day or in possession; mountain and willow grouse, 3 in all a day or in possession; 25 ducks, 8 geese, 8 brant, 15 Wilson snipe, 25 sora, 15 in all of other rails, coots, and gallinules, 10 in all of plovers and yellow legs a day or in possession. Persons under 12 years of age limited to half this number of birds. Possession permitted during first 5 days of close season. Commissioner may issue permit authorizing storage, possession, and use of game for 90 days after close of open season (except possession of migratory birds limited to 10 days after close of season).

Interstate transportation: Export of all protected game is prohibited; provided, birds, not exceeding the numbers allowed in possession, may be exported under permit from game commissioner (fee 25 cents for each bird) if permit be attached and packages plainly marked so as to show nature of contents, but not more than 2 days' limit of migratory birds shall be exported in any one calendar week; edible portion of deer may be exported under \$5 permit from the commissioner.

Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed at any time, except that migratory game birds may be possessed only during open season where taken and first 10 days of close season. Importer must secure from State game and fish commissioner a certificate, fee \$1, to import game.

Sale: Sale of all game taken in State prohibited, but game (except migratory birds) coming from without State may be sold under license by indorsement of shipping invoice to purchaser.

CONNECTICUT

Open seasons:¹ *Dates inclusive*

Deer ²	
Hare, rabbit (except European Belgian, or German hare and jack rabbit, unprotected)	Nov. 1-Dec. 15.
Gray squirrel, ruffed grouse, pheasant, male only, woodcock	Oct. 8-Nov. 23.
Duck, goose, brant	Oct. 1-Jan. 15.
Coot (mudhen), gallinule	Oct. 1-Dec. 31.
Black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs	Sept. 1-Nov. 30.
Wilson or English snipe	Oct. 1-Nov. 30.
Rail, other than coot and gallinule	Sept. 12-Nov. 30.

No open season: Quail, (Oct. 8, 1927); Hungarian partridge (Oct. 8, 1930); pheasant hen, dove, swans, wood duck, eider ducks, auks, bitterns, fulmars, gannet, grebes, gullmots, gulls, herons, jaegers, loons, murre, petrels, shearwaters, terns, and all shore birds (except woodcock, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Hunting and fishing licenses:² Nonresident: Game, \$10.25; fish, \$2.25. Resident citizen: Game, \$1.25; fish, \$1.25. Hunting license not issued to person under 16, and fishing license not required of such person. Issued by city or borough clerk. Resident and his children may hunt during open season without a license on land on which he is actually domiciled if land is not used for club, shooting, or fishing purposes. Alien not permitted to hunt. Licensee must

CONNECTICUT—Continued

Hunting and fishing licenses—Continued. report amount of game killed. *Effective January 1, 1926*, license provisions will be as follows: Nonresident: Game, \$10.25; game and fish, \$11.25; fish, \$3.25. Resident citizen: Game, \$2.25; game and fish, \$3.75; fish, \$2.25. Issued by city, town, or borough clerk. Hunting license not issued to person under 16, and fishing license not required of such person. Resident and his children may hunt or fish during open season without license on land on which he is actually domiciled, if such land is not used for club, shooting, or fishing purposes. Licensee must report amount of game killed, and must wear license button on outer garment. Alien: Not permitted to hunt; fish, \$3.25. Taxidermist, \$5. Nonresident or alien who owns real estate assessed at not less than \$500, pays same fee as resident for fishing license.

Bag limits and possession: Five gray squirrels a day, 30 a season; 3 hares or rabbits a day, 30 a season; 5 woodcock a day, 36 a season; 3 ruffed grouse a day, 21 a season; 2 pheasants a day, 15 a season; 25 ducks, 8 geese, 8 brant a day; 10 in all of plovers, yellowlegs, and Wilson snipe; 35 sora and 25 in all of other rails, coot, and gallinules a day. Possession of more than daily bag limit of game prima facie evidence of violation. Resident may possess during first 10 days of close season, for his own use and not for sale, game lawfully taken.

Interstate transportation: Export of all protected game prohibited; provided, a licensee under permit may export game lawfully killed and possessed, when tagged to show name, address, and license number of shipper, if not for sale; but not more than two days' limit of migratory birds may be exported in any one calendar week.

Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed at any time, except that migratory game birds may be possessed only during open season where taken and first 10 days of close season. Importer must secure from superintendent of fisheries and game a permit to import game.

Sale: Sale of all protected game prohibited.

¹ *Connecticut*: Governor may suspend open seasons during time of drought.

² Owners of agricultural lands, member of family, or employee may kill deer with a shotgun or, under permit, with a rifle, at any time on such lands when deer are damaging fruit trees or growing crops, but such killing or wounding must be reported to the commissioners within 12 hours.

DELAWARE

Open seasons:
Rabbit, hare, quail, partridge... Nov. 15-Dec. 31.
Squirrel (fox, black, gray)... Sept. 1-Oct. 15.
Dove (except in Newcastle County, no open season)... Sept. 1-Dec. 15.
Woodcock... Nov. 1-Dec. 31.
Duck, goose, brant, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, coot, gallinule... Oct. 16-Jan. 31.
Black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs... Aug. 16-Nov. 30.
Rail, other than coot and gallinule... Sept. 1-Nov. 30.
Reedbird (see Order, p. 43)... Sept. 1-Oct. 31.
No open season: Hungarian partridge or pheasant, swans, wood duck, elder ducks, bitterns, sand-hill crane, grebes, gulls, herons, loons, murrens, terns, and all shore birds (except woodcock, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Hunting and fishing licenses: Nonresident: Game: \$10.50; fish, \$3.50 (not good in Delaware River or Bay). Resident: Game and fish, \$1.10 (required outside county of residence). Issued by commission. Resident landowner may hunt or fish during open season on own land without license. Unlawful to hunt on land of another without permission from owner or occupant. Fishing license not required of certain excursionists. Nonresidents who own or lease property at seaside summer resorts and their relatives, friends, and

DELAWARE—Continued

patrons sojourning at such resorts may fish for nongame fish and hunt without license during open season, between June 1 and September 30.
Bag limits and possessions: Six in all of rabbits, hares, and squirrels, 20 ducks, 8 geese, 8 brant, 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs, 25 Wilson snipe, 6 woodcock, 50 sora, 25 in all of other rails, coots, and gallinules, but not more than 50 in all of sora and other rails combined; 12 birds of any other species (except reedbirds) a day. Possession of migratory birds permitted during first 10 days of close season; other game during first 5 days thereof.

Interstate transportation: Export of rabbit, squirrel, quail, partridge, dove, woodcock, goose, and brant is prohibited; provided holder of license may export, open to view, 10 rabbits, 10 squirrels, 50 rails, and 20 birds or fowl of any other species a week, lawfully killed by himself, under affidavit that the game is not for sale. Resident may export ducks, snipe, and plovers. In no event, however, may a person export more than 2 days' limit of migratory birds in any one calendar week.

Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed in like manner as game taken in State.

Sale: Sale of reedbirds and all protected game prohibited; provided, a resident may sell in his own county 20 rabbits a season, lawfully taken by him. Rabbits coming from without the State may be sold from November 15 to December 31.

¹ *Delaware*: Minors under 15 years of age not permitted to hunt game with shotgun or rifle unless accompanied by an adult lawfully hunting.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Open seasons:
Deer meat (sale or possession)... Dates inclusive Sept. 1-Jan. 1.
Rabbit (except English rabbit, Belgian hare), squirrel (sale or possession)... Nov. 1-Feb. 1.
Marsh blackbird... Sept. 1-Feb. 1.
Duck, goose, brant, Wilson snipe, coot, gallinule... Nov. 1-Jan. 31.
Black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs... Sept. 1-Dec. 15.
Woodcock... Nov. 1-Dec. 31.
Rail, ortolan... Sept. 1-Nov. 30.
Reedbird (see Order, p. 43)... Sept. 1-Oct. 31.
No open season: Dove, swans, wood duck, bitterns, grebes, gulls, herons, loons, murrens, terns, and all shore birds (except woodcock, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Bag limits and possession: Twenty-five ducks, 8 geese, 8 brant, 25 Wilson snipe, 6 woodcock, 50 sora, 25 in all of other rails, coots, and gallinules, 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs a day. Possession of migratory birds permitted during first 10 days of close season; quail, November 1 to March 15; ruffed grouse or pheasant (except English or other imported pheasants raised in inclosures, possession unrestricted) and wild turkey, November 1 to December 26; prairie chicken (pinnated grouse), September 1 to March 15.

Interstate transportation: Export of migratory game birds in excess of two days' bag limit in any one calendar week prohibited.

Migratory game birds taken outside of District and legally exported may be possessed during open season where taken and first 10 days of close season. Other game may be possessed during open season in District.

Sale: Sale of all game birds prohibited. Deer, rabbit, and squirrel may be sold during open season.

¹ *District of Columbia*: Hunting prohibited in the District by act of June 30, 1906, except on the marshes of the Eastern Branch above Anacostia Bridge and below the Aqueduct Bridge on the Virginia side of the Potomac, but in these areas no birds may be shot within 200 yards of any bridge or dwelling.

FLORIDA

Open seasons:	Dates inclusive
Deer, squirrel (see exceptions), quail (bobwhite partridge), wild turkey.....	Nov. 20-Feb. 15.
Exceptions: Squirrels in Escambia County.....	Oct. 15-Mar. 1.
Squirrels in Holmes and Walton Counties.....	Oct. 20-Mar. 1.
Ruffed grouse, imported pheasants (see exception).....	Nov. 20-Dec. 19.
Exception: English pheasant in Escambia County, no open season.	
Duck, goose, brant, black-bellied and golden plovers, Wilson snipe, yellowlegs, coot, gallinule, dove.....	Nov. 20-Jan. 31.
Woodcock.....	Nov. 1-Dec. 31.
Rail, other than coot and gallinule.....	Nov. 20-Nov. 30.
Reedbird (ricebird) (see Order, p. 43).....	Aug. 16-Nov. 15.

No open season: All wild birds and animals (except opossum and skunk) protected on Pine Island, Lee County. Swans, wood duck, bitterns, sandhill and whooping cranes, gannet, grebes, gulls, herons, jaegers, loons, petrels, shearwaters, terns, and all shore birds (except woodcock, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Hunting and fishing licenses: Nonresident: Game, \$25.25 (county license, and \$5.25 for each additional county); fresh-water fish, \$2.25 (county license); \$5.25 (State-wide). Resident: Game, \$1.25 (county of residence); \$3.25 (county other than county of residence); \$10.25 (State-wide). Issued by county judge. Fishing license not required of resident, and no license required of child under 13.

Bag limits and possession: Two deer, 5 turkeys, and 300 of any other game birds a year; 1 deer, 2 turkeys, 20 quail, 25 ducks, 8 geese, 8 brant, 25 Wilson snipe, 6 woodcock, 25 in all of rails, coots, and gallinules, 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs, and 25 doves a day. Camping or hunting party of 3 or more limited to 2 deer and 3 turkeys. Possession of migratory birds permitted during first 10 days of close season; other game during first 5 days thereof.

Interstate transportation: Export of all protected game is prohibited, except that nonresident licensee may carry out game as personal baggage, but not more than two days' limit of migratory game birds may be exported in any one calendar week.

Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed in like manner as game taken in State.

Sale: The sale of reedbirds (ricebirds) and all protected game is prohibited.

GEORGIA

(Laws of 1925 not received.)

Open seasons:	Dates inclusive
Deer.....	Nov. 1-Dec. 31.
Rabbit, fox squirrel.....	Unprotected.
Cat squirrel.....	Oct. 1-Feb. 28.
Opossum.....	Oct. 1-Feb. 1.
Quail, partridge, wild turkey gobblers (see exceptions).....	Nov. 20-Feb. 28.
Exceptions: Quail and turkeys in Bartow County, Jan. 1-Feb. 1. Quail in Douglas County, no open season.	
Dove.....	Oct. 16-Jan. 31.
Duck, goose, brant, coot, gallinule.....	Nov. 1-Jan. 31.
Black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs, Wilson snipe.	Nov. 20-Jan. 31.
Woodcock.....	Nov. 1-Dec. 31.
Rail, other than coot and gallinule.....	Sept. 1-Nov. 30.
Reedbird (ricebird). (See Order, p. 43).....	Aug. 16-Nov. 15.
No open season: Fawn, grouse, pheasant, turkey, hen, introduced game birds, swans, wood duck, eider ducks, bitterns, sand-hill and whooping	

GEORGIA—Continued

cranes, gannet, grebes, gulls, herons, loons, petrels, shearwaters, terns, and all shore birds (except woodcock, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Hunting licenses: Nonresident, \$15; resident, State, \$3; county, \$1 (good only in county of residence). License not required in militia district or to hunt on own or leased land. Issued by commissioner or county warden.

Bag limits and possession: Two deer, 2 turkeys a season; 15 cat squirrels, 25 quail, 25 ducks, 8 geese, 8 brant, 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs, 25 Wilson snipe, 6 woodcock, 25 in all of rails, coot, and gallinules, 25 doves a day. Possession of migratory birds except woodcock permitted during first 10 days of close season.

Interstate transportation: Export of all protected game prohibited; provided, nonresident licensee may take out in personal possession game lawfully killed, but not more than two days' limit of migratory birds may be exported in any one calendar week.

Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be imported under a permit, fee \$1 and possessed under a permit, fee \$1, in like manner as game taken in State. Permits issued by game and fish commissioner.

Sale: Sale of reedbirds (ricebirds) and all protected game prohibited.

HAWAII

Open seasons:	Dates inclusive
Deer.....	Apr. 1-Oct. 31.
Pheasant (male), quail.....	Nov. 1-Jan. 31.
Wild dove, wild pigeon.....	July 1-Dec. 31.
Native wild duck.....	Nov. 1-Jan. 31.
No open season: Wild geese, hen pheasants, skylarks; wild goats, sheep, cattle, pigs.	
Hunting licenses: Aliens and nonresident citizens (county license), fee \$25; resident citizen, \$5. Permission of owner or occupant required to hunt on lands of another.	
Bag limits and possession: Cock pheasants, 5; other birds, 25 a day; possession of deer meat prohibited during closed season.	

IDAHO

Open seasons: ¹	Dates inclusive
Elk in Clearwater and Idaho Counties.....	Oct. 1-Nov. 15.
In Bingham, Bonneville, Clark, Fremont, Jefferson, Madison, and Teton Counties.....	Dec. 1-Dec. 15.
Deer, mountain goat, in Adams, Blaine, Boise, Butte, Custer, Elmore, Lemhi, and Valley Counties.....	Oct. 1-Oct. 31.
In Clearwater and Idaho Counties.....	Oct. 1-Nov. 15.
Deer in Bingham, Bonneville, Clark, Fremont, Jefferson, Madison, Teton, and Washington Counties.....	Oct. 1-Oct. 31.
In Benewah, Bonner, Boundary, Kootenai, Latah, Lewis, Nez Perce, and Shoshone Counties.....	Nov. 1-Nov. 30.
Bear.....	Unprotected.
Chinese, ring-necked or Mongolian pheasant in Gooding, Jerome, and Twin Falls Counties.....	Oct. 1-Nov. 30.
In Bannock, Bingham, Bonneville, Cassia, Jefferson, Lewis, Madison, and Minidoka Counties.....	Nov. 1-Nov. 10.
In Adams County.....	Nov. 1-Nov. 15.
In Idaho, Latah, and Nez Perce Counties.....	Nov. 1-Nov. 22.
In Lincoln, Owyhee, and Washington Counties.....	Nov. 1-Nov. 30.
In Ada, Canyon, Clearwater, Gem, and Payette Counties.....	Nov. 1-Dec. 15.
California quail in Lemhi County.....	Sept. 20-Sept. 30.
In Twin Falls County.....	Nov. 1-Nov. 15.

IDAHO—Continued

Open seasons—Continued.

Dates inclusive

Sage hen or sage grouse in Adams, Blaine, Boise, Butte, Camas, Cassia, Custer, Elmore, Gooding, Jerome, Lemhi, Lincoln, Minidoka, Twin Falls, and Valley Counties.....	Aug. 1-Aug. 31.
In Bingham, Bonneville, Clark, Fremont, Jefferson, Madison, and Teton Counties.....	Aug. 15-Sept. 15.
In Bannock, Bear Lake, Caribou, Franklin, Oneida, and Power Counties.....	Sept. 1-Sept. 30.
Ruffed grouse or native pheasant, blue grouse in Adams, Butte, Cassia, Custer, Gooding, Jerome, Lemhi, Minidoka, Owyhee, Twin Falls, Valley, and Washington Counties.....	Aug. 1-Aug. 31.
In Bingham, Bonneville, Clark, Fremont, Jefferson, Lincoln, Madison, and Teton Counties.....	Aug. 15-Sept. 15.
In Bannock, Bear Lake, Boise, Caribou, Clearwater, Franklin, Idaho, Latah, Lewis, Nez Perce, Oneida, and Power Counties.....	Sept. 1-Sept. 30.
In Benewah, Bonner, Boundary, Kootenai, and Shoshone Counties.....	Oct. 1-Oct. 31.
Sharp-tailed grouse in Cassia, Gooding, Jerome, Minidoka, Owyhee, and Twin Falls Counties.....	Aug. 1-Aug. 31.
In Lincoln County.....	Aug. 15-Sept. 15.
In Bannock, Bear Lake, Caribou, Franklin, and Oneida Counties.....	Sept. 1-Sept. 30.
In Adams County.....	Nov. 1-Nov. 30.
Hungarian partridge in Benewah County.....	Oct. 1-Oct. 15.
In Kootenai County.....	Oct. 1-Nov. 15.
In Lewis County.....	Nov. 1-Nov. 10.
In Clearwater, Latah, and Nez Perce Counties.....	Nov. 1-Nov. 22.
Dove.....	Sept. 1-Dec. 15.
Duck, goose, brant, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs, coot, and gallinule.....	Oct. 1-Jan. 15.
Rail, other than coot and gallinule.....	Sept. 1-Nov. 30.
No open season: Deer, elk, mountain goat (except as above); moose, antelope, caribou, mountain sheep, buffalo, spotted fawn, calf elk; quail, grouse (except as above), imported pheasants (except Chinese, ring-necked, or Mongolian pheasants as above); prairie chicken, swans, wood duck, bitterns, little brown and sand-hill cranes, grebes, gulls, herons, loons, terns, and all shore birds (except Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).	
Hunting and fishing licenses: Nonresident: ¹ Game and fish, \$25; bird, \$10; fish, (general), \$3; tourist (good for one day only), \$1. Alien: Game and fish, \$50; fish, \$10; gun license, \$5. Resident: Game and fish, \$2. Issued by warden, deputy, or authorized agent. Fishing license not required of minor under 14 years of age or of resident women, and veterans of Civil War may hunt and fish without a license. Persons under 12 prohibited from possessing gun afield. Taxidermist, \$10.	

Bag limits and possession: One deer, 1 elk, 1 goat a season; 8 quail; 4 in all of Chinese, ring-necked or Mongolian pheasants; 6 in all of partridge, sage hen, native pheasant, and grouse a day or in possession; 25 doves, 12 ducks, 8 geese, 8 brant, 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs, 25 Wilson snipe, 50 sora and 25 in all of other rails, coots, and gallinules a day. Migratory waterfowl may be stored

IDAHO—Continued

by owner, under affidavit and storage permit, during open season and 10 days thereafter. Game may not be shipped, transported, or carried more than 5 days after close of open season.

Interstate transportation: Export of all protected game prohibited, provided a hunter may export under hunting-license coupon, big game lawfully taken; and one day's limit of game birds may be transported in personal possession but may not be shipped or mailed. Big game once shipped within State may be exported under a 50-cent permit obtained from game warden or deputy. Mounted heads and stuffed birds legally secured may be exported under a reshipping permit. Shipment of game by parcel post prohibited.

Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed in like manner as game taken in State.

Sale: Sale of all protected game prohibited. Hides, heads, and horns may be sold under permit.

¹ *Idaho:* State game warden may close season in any county or part thereof on any species of game or fish which is threatened with extinction.

² Residents of adjoining States having larger non-resident license fee for big game hunting must pay fee charged in own State.

ILLINOIS

Open seasons: ¹	Dates inclusive
Rabbit.....	Nov. 10-Jan. 31.
Squirrel, in Northern Zone.....	Sept. 1-Dec. 1.
In Central Zone.....	Aug. 1-Dec. 1.
In Southern Zone.....	July 1-Dec. 1.
Quail (bobwhite).....	Nov. 10-Dec. 10.
Prairie chicken.....	Nov. 10-Nov. 21.
Introduced pheasant (cocks).....	Nov. 10-Nov. 15.
Dove.....	Sept. 1-Sept. 30.
Duck (except wood duck), goose, brant, Wilson snipe, coot, gallinule, black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs.....	Sept. 16-Dec. 31.
Rail, other than coot and gallinule.....	Sept. 16-Nov. 30.
No open season: Deer (1929); wild turkey, introduced pheasant hen, sand grouse, ruffed grouse (partridge), blue, mountain, and valley quail, Hungarian partridge, capercaillie, heath hen, black grouse, woodcock (1929); swans, wood duck, eider ducks, bitterns, little brown, sand-hill, and whooping cranes, grebes, gulls, herons, jaegers, loons, murres, petrels, terns, and all shore birds (except Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).	
Hunting and fishing licenses: Nonresident citizen: Game, \$10.50; fish, \$1.25; resident citizen: Game, \$1; fish, \$0.50. Hunting licenses not issued to aliens, nor to minors under 16 without written consent of parent or guardian. Issued by village, county, or city clerk. Fishing license not required of person under 21. Owners, their children, and tenants in actual residence may hunt during open season on own land without license. Permission required to hunt on lands of another. Taxidermist, \$5.	
Bag limits and possession: Ten squirrels, 15 rabbits, 12 quail, 3 prairie chickens, 2 cock pheasants, 15 doves, 15 in all of black-bellied and golden plovers and yellowlegs, 15 snipe, 15 in all of coot and gallinules, 15 rail, but not more than 25 in all of rails, coots, and gallinules, 15 ducks, 8 geese, 8 brant a day. Limit, in possession, 20 squirrels, 36 quail, 12 prairie chickens, 6 cock pheasants, 25 doves, 50 black-bellied and golden plovers and yellowlegs, 60 snipe, 60 coots and gallinules, 60 rail, 60 ducks, 10 geese, 10 brant.	

¹ *Illinois:* Southern Zone includes Madison, Bond, Fayette, Effingham, Jasper, Crawford, and all counties south. Central Zone includes Hancock, McDonough, Fulton, Tazewell, McLean, Ford, and all counties south to northern boundary of Southern Zone. Northern Zone includes rest of counties of State.

ILLINOIS—Continued

Interstate transportation: Export of all protected game (except rabbit) prohibited; provided, nonresident licensee may take from State 50 game birds or animals, if carried openly for inspection, but not more than 2 days' limit of migratory birds may be exported in any one calendar week. Resident may carry out game under his license.

Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed in like manner as game taken in State.

Sale: Sale of all protected game (except rabbit during open season) prohibited.

INDIANA

Open seasons:	Dates inclusive
Rabbit.....	Apr. 1-Jan. 9.
Squirrel.....	Aug. 1-Nov. 30.
Quail, ruffed grouse.....	Nov. 10-Dec. 20.
Prairie chicken.....	Oct. 15-Nov. 1.
Duck, goose, brant.....	Sept. 16-Dec. 31.
Woodcock.....	Oct. 1-Nov. 30.
Black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, coot, gallinule.....	Sept. 16-Dec. 20.
Rail, other than coot and gallinule.....	Sept. 1-Nov. 30.

No open season: Deer, Hungarian partridge, introduced pheasant, wild turkey, dove, swans, woodcock, bitterns, sand-hill and whooping cranes, gannet, grebes, gulls, herons, jaegers, loons, murre, petrels, terns, and all shore birds (except woodcock, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Hunting and fishing licenses: Nonresident: Game and fish, \$15.50; fish, \$1. Resident: Game and fish, \$1. Issued by clerk circuit court. Not issued to person under 14 without written consent of parent or guardian. Permits to hunt and fish without license issued free to honorably discharged soldiers, sailors, and marines, and those in the regular service who are resident of the State; owners of farm land, their children living with them, and tenants may hunt during open season on own land without a license. No license required of persons to fish in county of residence or contiguous counties. All children under 18 and wife of licensee may fish without license. Permission required to hunt on lands of another.

Bag limits and possession: Fifteen quail, 5 prairie chickens, 15 ducks, 8 geese, 8 brant a day; 45 quail, 45 ducks, 24 geese, 24 brant, in possession as result of three or more days' consecutive hunting; 25 Wilson snipe, 6 woodcock, 50 sora, and 25 in all of other rails, coots, and gallinules, and 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs a day. Possession of waterfowl permitted during first 10 days of close season.

Interstate transportation: Export of deer, quail, grouse, prairie chicken, pheasant, wild turkey, woodcock, duck, goose, brant, and other waterfowl prohibited, except that nonresident may take from State 15 birds, killed by himself (or 45 if he has hunted for three or more days consecutively) if carried openly for inspection together with license, but not more than two days' limit of migratory birds may be exported in any one calendar week.

Deer, turkeys, and rabbits taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed at any time; other game legally exported may be possessed in like manner as game taken in State.

Sale: Sale of quail, prairie chicken, introduced pheasants, Hungarian partridges, and migratory birds prohibited.

Miscellaneous: Shooting on highways or by aid of searchlight prohibited.

IOWA

Open seasons:	Dates inclusive
Squirrel (gray, timber, or fox).....	Sept. 1-Jan. 1.
Duck, goose, brant, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, coot, gallinule, black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs.....	Sept. 16-Dec. 31.
Woodcock.....	Oct. 1-Nov. 30.
Rail, other than coot and gallinule.....	Sept. 16-Nov. 30.

IOWA—Continued

No open season: Deer, elk, introduced pheasants,¹ Hungarian partridge, quail, prairie chicken (1927); ruffed grouse or pheasant, wild turkey (1932); turtle dove, swans, wood duck, elder ducks, bitterns, little brown, sand-hill, and whooping cranes, grebes, gulls, herons, jaegers, loons, murre, terns, and all shorebirds (except woodcock, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Hunting and fishing licenses: Nonresident or alien, game, \$10; fish, \$3. Resident citizen, game and fish, \$1. Issued by county auditor. Resident fishing license required of males over 18 years of age to fish in stocked lakes, except in those owned and maintained by taxation of cities and towns. License not granted to persons under 18 without written consent of parent or guardian. Owners of farm lands, their children, and tenants, may hunt and fish on own lands during open season without license. Unlawful to hunt on cultivated or inclosed lands of another without permission from owner.

Bag limits and possession: Fifteen ducks, 8 geese, 8 brant, a day, 50 waterfowl in possession; 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs, 5 Wilson snipe, 6 woodcock, 5 each of rails, coots, and gallinules a day, but not more than 25 in all of rails, coots, and gallinules a day; 5 of each species in possession. Possession permitted during first 10 days of close season.

Interstate transportation: Export of all protected game prohibited, except that nonresident may take from State not more than 25 game birds or animals, if carried openly for inspection, and if hunting license be shown on request, but not more than two days' limit of migratory birds may be exported in any one calendar week.

Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed at any time, except that migratory game birds may be possessed only during open season where taken and first 10 days of close season. After expiration of first 10 days of close season in State, possessor of game must show lawful taking.

Sale: Sale of all protected game prohibited.

¹ Iowa. Upon petition of 150 farmers and landowners in any county who have suffered damage by Chinese, Mongolian, English, or ring-necked pheasants, the State game warden may fix an open season for such county, during which a person may kill not exceeding 12 such pheasants a day or capture them alive without limitation as to number. The warden may pay \$1 each for pheasants delivered alive to him.

KANSAS

Open seasons:	Dates inclusive
Fox squirrel.....	Aug. 1-Jan. 1.
Quail.....	Nov. 20-Nov. 30.
Prairie chicken.....	Oct. 20-Oct. 30.
Dove.....	Sept. 1-Oct. 15.
Duck, goose, brant, Wilson snipe, coot, gallinule, black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs.....	Sept. 16-Dec. 31.
Rail, other than coot and gallinule.....	Sept. 1-Nov. 30.

No open season: Deer, antelope, red, gray, and black squirrels, ruffed grouse (partridge), pheasant (English, Mongolian, Hungarian); woodcock, swans, wood duck, elder ducks, bitterns, little brown, sand-hill, and whooping cranes, grebes, gulls, herons, loons, terns, and all shore birds (except Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Hunting and fishing licenses: Nonresident: Game, \$15; fish, \$3. Hunting license issued by secretary of state and fishing license by State game warden. Resident, \$1. Issued by county clerk. Resident landowner or member of family may hunt on own land during open season without a license. Unlawful to hunt on land of another or on highway or railroad right of way adjacent thereto without consent of owner, unless accompanied by him.

KANSAS—Continued

Bag limits and possession: Quail, 10 a day, 25 a season; 15 in all of ducks, coots, and gallinules; 20 doves, 5 prairie chickens, 5 in all of geese and brant, 6 rails, and 15 in all of Wilson snipe, plovers, and yellowlegs a day. Possession permitted during first 5 days of close season.

Interstate transportation: Export of all protected game birds prohibited, except that a person under hunting license and affidavit of lawful killing and possession may ship to himself not more than two days' limit of two kinds of game taken by himself.

Game of not more than two kinds, and not more than two days' bag limit, taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed at any time, except that migratory game birds may be possessed only during open season where taken and first 10 days of close season. After expiration of first five days of close season in State, possessor of game must show lawful taking.

Sale: Sale of all protected game prohibited.

KENTUCKY

Open seasons:	Dates inclusive
Rabbit.....	Nov. 15-Dec. 31.
Squirrel.....	July 1-Dec. 15.
Quail, ruffed grouse (native pheasant).....	Nov. 15-Jan. 1.
Dove.....	Sept. 1-Dec. 15.
Woodcock.....	Nov. 15-Nov. 30.
Duck, goose, brant, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, coot, gallinule, black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs.....	Sept. 16-Dec. 31.
Rail, other than coot and gallinule.....	Sept. 1-Nov. 30.

No open season: Deer, elk (1925); introduced pheasants, Hungarian partridge, wild turkey (1925); swans, wood duck, bitterns, sand-hill and whooping cranes, grebes, gulls, herons, jaegers, loons, petrels, terns, and all shore birds (except woodcock, Wilson snipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Hunting licenses: Nonresident or alien, \$7.50. Resident, \$1. Issued by county clerk. Resident landowner, tenant, and members of families may hunt on own land during open season without license. Unlawful to enter inclosed lands of another for shooting, hunting, or fishing without consent.

Bag limits and possession: Twelve quail a day, 12 in possession for each successive day of hunt; 15 doves a day, 15 in possession for each successive day of hunt; 2 ruffed grouse a day; 25 ducks, 8 geese, 8 brant, 6 woodcock, 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs, 25 Wilson snipe, and 25 in all of other rails, coot, and gallinules a day.

Interstate transportation: Export of deer, elk, and all game birds prohibited, except that a hunter may transport game lawfully killed and possessed by him, but not more than two days' limit of migratory birds may be exported in any one calendar week.

Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed during open season in State in like manner as game taken in State.

Sale: Sale of quail, partridge, grouse, introduced or native pheasant, Hungarian partridge, wild turkey, and migratory birds, wherever killed, prohibited.

¹*Kentucky:* Rabbits may be taken with dogs or traps (except snares) at any time for a person's own use on his own land, but not for sale or barter.

LOUISIANA

Open seasons: ¹	Dates inclusive
Deer, bear, squirrel, chipmunk, hare, rabbit.....	Nov. 1-Jan. 31.
Quail.....	Dec. 1-Feb. 15.
Wild turkey.....	Dec. 1-Jan. 31.
Woodcock.....	Nov. 1-Dec. 31.
Duck, goose, brant, black-bellied and golden plovers, Wilson snipe, yellowlegs, rail, coot, gallinule, dove.....	Nov. 1-Jan. 31.

LOUISIANA—Continued

No open season: Fawns, elk, prairie chicken, introduced pheasant, upland plover (papabotte) (1926); swans, wood duck, bobolink, bittern, sand-hill and whooping cranes, gannet, grebes, gulls, herons, loons, petrels, terns, and all shore birds (except Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, blackbellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Hunting licenses: Nonresident or alien: General, \$50; game birds, \$25; resident, \$1. Issued by tax collectors. License does not authorize hunting on land of another without his written consent. Licensed hunter within 60 days after close of season must report to officer issuing license the number and kind of game taken under such license.

Bag limits and possession: Deer, bear, 1 each a day; 5 each a season; hare or rabbit, 15 a day, 180 a season; squirrel and chipmunk combined, 10 a day, 120 a season; 1 turkey a day, 12 a season; quail, 12 a day, 120 a season; dove, 20 a day, 250 a season; ducks, snipe, 25 each a day, 300 each a season; geese and brant combined, 8 a day, 100 a season; rails, coots, and gallinules combined, 25 a day, 300 a season; woodcock, 6 a day, 150 a season; plovers and yellowlegs combined, 15 a day, 300 a season. The daily bag limits include all birds taken by guide or other person who for hire accompanies or assists a hunter in taking them. Game in excess of one day's limit in possession must be tagged. Possession of game birds (except quail) permitted during first 10 days of close season.

Interstate transportation: Export of all protected game prohibited; provided, a nonresident licensee may carry with him out of the State under his license and tag two days' limit of game birds, if not for sale. All game and all packages containing game must be tagged to show kind and number, names of consignor and consignee, initial point of billing, and destination.

Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed at any time, except that migratory game birds may be possessed only during open season where taken and first 10 days of close season.

Sale: Sale of all game (except hares and rabbits during open season) prohibited.

¹*Louisiana:* Seasons on game may be curtailed in any parish by police juries with consent of commissioner.

MAINE¹

Open seasons: ²	Dates inclusive
Deer (see exception).....	Oct. 16-Nov. 30.
Exception: In Androscoggin, Cumberland, Kennebec, Knox, Lincoln, Sagadahoc, Waldo, and York Counties.....	Nov. 1-Nov. 30.
Hare, rabbit (see exception).....	Oct. 1-Mar. 31.
Exception: In Androscoggin, Sagadahoc, and York Counties.....	Oct. 1-Feb. 28.
Gray squirrel.....	Oct. 1-Oct. 31. ³
Ruffed grouse, partridge, woodcock.....	Oct. 1-Nov. 30.
Pheasant in town of Poland only.....	Nov. 1-Nov. 30.
Duck, goose, brant, Wilson snipe, coot, gallinule (see exception).....	Sept. 16-Dec. 31.
Exception: Waterfowl, in Back Bay, Portland, above Grand Trunk railway bridge.....	No open season.
Black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs, rail, other than coot and gallinule.....	Sept. 16-Nov. 30.

No open season: Moose (1929); deer on Cross, Scotch, Swan, and Mount Desert Islands, and in towns of Deer Isle and Stonington, in Hancock County, in Isle au Haut, in Knox County, in Perkins, Sagadahoc County, Kineo Point, and Katahdin Park Game Preserve, Piscataquis County, Ganeston Park and Augusta Game Preserve, Kennebec County, Rangeley Game Preserve, Franklin and Oxford Counties, Lincoln

MAINE—Continued

No open season—Continued

County Game Preserve, and in all places where hunting is prohibited by law; cow and calf moose, caribou, quail, Hungarian partridge, pheasant (except as above), black game, capercaillie, cock of the woods, dove, swans, wood duck, eider ducks, auks, bitterns, gannet, grebes, guillemots, gulls, herons, jaegers, loons, murrets, petrels, puffins, shearwaters, terns, and all shore birds (except woodcock, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellow-legs).

Hunting and fishing licenses: Nonresident hunting licenses: Deer or other game (except caribou and moose), October 16–December 31, \$15; birds, prior to October 16 in Arrostook, Franklin, Hancock, Oxford, Penobscot, Piscataquis, Somerset, and Washington Counties, \$5; season (except November) in rest of State (8 southern counties), \$5. For November (in southern counties), a \$15 license is required. Holder of a license may exchange it for a license for which a larger fee is required by paying the difference in cost. Nonresident must be accompanied by registered guide when hunting or when camping and kindling fires while fishing, on wild lands (land in unorganized or unincorporated townships), May 1 to November 30. Nonresident fishing license, \$3.15 (not required of children under 16 years of age); resident alien fishing license, \$2.15. Resident alien, game, \$15 (not required of aliens who pay taxes on real estate and who have resided in State two years continuously prior to application). Taxidermist: Resident citizen, \$5; resident alien, \$25. Guide licenses: Nonresident, \$20 (issued only to residents of adjoining States or Provinces); resident, \$1. Must not guide more than five persons hunting at one time. Sporting camp, \$5. Shipping licenses (within State): Resident, deer, \$2; one pair of game birds in seven days, 50 cents. Issued by commissioner.

Resident hunting and fishing license, fee 25 cents. Resident or member of immediate family may hunt during open season on own land used exclusively for agricultural purposes and on which he is actually domiciled without a license. License valid as long as holder remains citizen of State. Issued by city, town, and plantation clerks.

Bag limits and possession: One deer a season; 5 ruffed grouse a day, or in possession 25 a season; 5 pheasants a day; 10 ducks, 8 geese, 8 brant, 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs but not more than 5 plovers, 10 Wilson snipe, 6 woodcock a day or in possession, 25 in all of rails, coot, and gallinules a day. Transportation of migratory game birds must be completed within five days after close of season; reasonable time allowed after close of season to transport other game to home of owner. Deer may not be used or had in possession in lumber camps. Possession of migratory birds limited to first 10 days of close season; deer legally secured may be possessed during close season.

Interstate transportation: Export of all protected game prohibited; provided, a resident of the State, under shipping license (fee, \$5) may export 5 partridges, 6 woodcock, or 10 ducks, lawfully killed by himself, but he must accompany the birds. A nonresident may export, open to view under hunting-license tag, 1 deer, 5 partridges, 10 ducks, and 6 woodcock, lawfully killed by himself, upon identifying same at shipping point; nonresident licensee may also ship out one pair of game birds a month under a special 50-cent license.

Moose or caribou, or parts thereof, taken outside of State and legally exported may be imported under permit and shipping tag and possessed at any time. Deer properly tagged where taken and game birds may be imported under permit during open season in State and possessed in like manner as game killed in State. Permits and shipping tags issued by commissioner of inland fisheries and game.

Sale: Sale of all protected game birds prohibited; unlawful to sell or give away deer for export. Local provision dealer, under \$5 license, may purchase 2 deer for retail to his customers. Deer

MAINE—Continued

skins and skins with heads attached may be bought and sold by residents under \$25 license. Heads when detached from skins with which purchased may be sold to licensed taxidermists.

Miscellaneous: Unlawful to possess rifle or shotgun, either loaded or with a cartridge in the magazine thereof, in or on any motor vehicle while upon any highway or in the fields or forest.

¹ *Maine:* Commissioner may make local regulations and governor may suspend hunting or fishing seasons during drought.

² All hunting is prohibited on Kineo Point and Mount Katahdin, Piscataquis County; on Prouts Neck, on Richmonds Island, and locally on Cape Elizabeth and in town of Scarborough, Cumberland County; southern point Swan Island; Bartlett Island, Hancock County. (See State laws for details and other protected areas).

³ Squirrels protected in parks and in compact or built-up portions of cities and villages.

MARYLAND

Open seasons:

Dates inclusive

Deer (male—having an antler 6 or more inches in length without points) in Allegany County and within game preserves inclosed with 7-foot fence in Washington County.....	Dec. 1–Dec. 15.
Rabbit, quail (partridge), ruffed grouse (pheasant), wild turkey (see exception).....	Nov. 10–Jan. 1.
Exception: Wild turkey in Garrett County.....	Nov. 10–Dec. 24.
Squirrel ¹	Sept. 1–Oct. 15.
Woodcock.....	Nov. 10–Dec. 31.
Dove.....	Sept. 1–Dec. 15.
Duck, goose, brant, Wilson snipe, coot, gallinule.....	Nov. 1–Jan. 31. ²
Black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs.....	Aug. 16–Nov. 30. ³
Rail, other than coot and gallinule.....	Sept. 1–Nov. 1.
Reedbird (see Order, p. 43).....	Sept. 1–Oct. 31.

No open season: Deer, elk (1928); introduced pheasant, swans, wood duck, eider ducks, auks, bitterns, sand-hill crane, gannet, grebes, gulls, herons, jaegers, loons, murrets, petrels, shearwaters, terns, and all shore birds (except woodcock, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Hunting licenses: Nonresident, \$10.50 (fee \$5.10 for State license if applicant owns real estate in Maryland assessed at \$500; \$1.10 for county license in county where such real estate is located); resident, State, \$5.10; county, \$1.10; issued by clerks of circuit court—in Baltimore City by clerk, court of common pleas. License not issued to persons under 14 years of age without written request of parent or guardian. Licensee required to wear tag displayed on middle of back. Owners, tenants, and their children may hunt on own land during open season without license. Patuxent River Club license, \$25; issued by clerk of circuit court.

Sinkbox, sneak boat, blind, pusher.—*Cecil:* Sneak boat (Bohemia and Elk Rivers), \$5.50; sinkbox (Bohemia and Elk Rivers), \$10.50 (see also Sassafras River). *Anne Arundel:* Pusher, \$2; booby and brush blinds (west side Chesapeake Bay), \$5; (South River), \$2.50. *Harford:* Sinkbox, \$20.75; sneak boat, \$5.75. *Kent:* In waters from Fairlee Creek to north end of Hickory Thicket, blind, \$5 (see also Sassafras River). *Comeynes:* *Bight:* Sinkbox, \$20.50; blind, \$5.50. *Queen Anne's:* Sinkbox, \$10.50; booby blind, \$5.50. *Susquehanna Flats:* Sinkbox, \$20.75; sneak boat, \$5.75. *Talbot:* Sinkbox or blind, \$5 (issued to county resident only). *Patuxent River:* Pusher, \$2.50 (required of residents to push or paddle nonresidents); blind, \$5.25 (required in Calvert County, south of Hunting Creek). *Sassafras River:* Sinkbox, blind, \$10.50 (issued only to residents of Kent and Cecil Counties or owners of real estate therein assessed at \$500).

MARYLAND—Continued

Bag limits and possession: One deer, 4 wild turkeys a season; 10 rabbits, 25 squirrels, 12 quail (partridge), 2 ruffed grouse, 6 woodcock, 25 doves, 25 jacksnipe, 15 yellowlegs, 5 black-bellied plover, 15 golden plover (but not more than 15 plover and yellowlegs combined), 50 reedbirds, 50 sora, 25 in all of other rails, coots, and gallinules (but not more than 50 sora and other rails combined), 25 waterfowl (but not more than 8 geese and 8 brant) a day for each licensed gunner (not exceeding 4) connected with an outfit. Possession of waterfowl, Wilson snipe, and plovers permitted during first 10 days of close season, and of doves until December 24.

Interstate transportation: Export of all protected game (except waterfowl) prohibited; provided, a licensed hunter may take out under his license an amount equal to one day's bag limit of game, if not for sale; provided, further, no person may take out more than 50 ducks, 16 geese, and 16 brant in any one calendar week.

Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed in like manner as game taken in State.

Sale: Sale of quail, ruffed grouse, wild turkey, introduced pheasant, and doves, reedbirds, and all other migratory game birds is prohibited.

¹ Maryland: Owner or tenant may shoot squirrel on own land Sept. 1 to Jan. 1.

² Wild-fowl shooting restricted locally as follows: On the Susquehanna Flats north of a line extending from Turkey Point Lighthouse, Cecil County, and half a mile north of Spesutia Island to Oakington, Harford County, hunting allowed only on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, Nov. 1-Jan. 1, and Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays, and Saturdays, Jan. 1-Jan. 31; in Harford County only before 2 p. m.; in Anne Arundel County, on Magothy River on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays; on Rhode and West Rivers on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays; in Calvert County, on Patuxent River south of Hunting Creek and on Severn River on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays; in Cecil County, on Bohemia and Elk Rivers on Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays, and Saturdays; in Dorchester County, on Choptank River on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays; in Kent County, on Chester River and tributaries, on Mondays and Fridays only, Nov. 1 to Jan. 24, except that in Comegys Bight shooting is permitted from sink-boxes and blinds on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays, Nov. 1 to Jan. 31, in St. Marys County, on Wicomico River and tributaries on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays.

MASSACHUSETTS

Open seasons:¹*Dates inclusive*

Deer (from sunrise, first Monday in December to sunset the following Saturday, inclusive) (see exception).....

Dec. 7-Dec. 12.

Exception: In Essex County, no open season.

Hare (known as varying or Canada hare or snowshoe or white rabbit) or rabbit (see exceptions).....

Oct. 20-Feb. 15.

Exceptions: In Nantucket County.....

Oct. 20-Feb. 28.

In Essex County, no open season.

European hares in Berkshire County, unprotected.

Gray squirrel, quail, ruffed grouse, pheasant (male),² woodcock (see exception).....

Oct. 20-Nov. 20.

Exception: Quail in Essex, Hampden, Hampshire, Middlesex, Nantucket, Norfolk, and Worcester Counties (1928).

MASSACHUSETTS—Continued

Open seasons—Continued.*Dates inclusive*

Duck, goose, brant, Wilson snipe, gallinule.....

Sept. 16-Dec. 31.

Black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs.....

Aug. 16-Nov. 30.

Rail, other than coot and gallinule.....

Sept. 1-Nov. 30.

No open season: Moose, dove, prairie chicken, Hungarian partridge, pheasants (English, golden Mongolian),³ heath hens, swans, wood duck, eider ducks, auks, bitterns, sand-hill and whooping cranes, fulmars, gannet, gullinots, gulls, herons, jaegers, loons, murre, terns, and all shore birds (except woodcock, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Hunting and fishing³ licenses: ⁴ Nonresident citizen: General, \$10; fish, \$2. Members of incorporated game clubs owning real estate assessed at not less than \$500 for each member, and which were organized prior to 1907; owners or their minor children over 18 years old, of real estate assessed at not less than \$500; or nonresidents invited (for not more than four days) by members of incorporated club for hunting foxes, pay a fee of \$1.50. Resident citizen: General, \$2; hunt and trap, \$1.50; fish, \$1. License not issued to minors under 15, and those under 18 years of age must apply in writing and furnish written consent of parent or guardian. A license (fee, 25 cents) to trap quadrupeds, in discretion of issuing officer, may be issued to any minor between the ages of 12 and 18, who is a citizen. Resident may hunt during open season on own land used exclusively for agricultural purposes and on which he is actually domiciled, and minors under 18 may fish without a license. Alien: General, \$15; fish, \$2 (applicant must own real estate to the assessed value of \$500 to secure a hunting license but fishing license may be issued to applicant who has taken out first naturalization papers). Issued by city or town clerks.

Bag limits and possession: One deer a season; 2 hares and 5 rabbits a day or in possession; 5 gray squirrels a day, 15 a season; 4 quail a day, 20 a season; 3 ruffed grouse a day, 15 a season; 2 pheasants a day, 6 a season; 4 woodcock a day, 20 a season; 25 ducks, 8 geese, 8 brant, 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs, 25 Wilson snipe, 50 sora, and 25 in all of other rails, coots, and gallinules (but not more than 25 in all of Wilson snipe, coots, and gallinules or more than 25 in all of coots, gallinules, and rails other than sora) a day. Resident may possess deer during first 30 days and other game during first 10 days of closed season if legally taken or acquired by him, and for his personal use only and not for sale; game legally taken and exported from another State or country may be imported and possessed for 10 days after arrival. Under permit from director, resident may bring into State not more than 50 migratory game birds.

Interstate transportation: Export of quail, woodcock, and ruffed grouse taken in State prohibited; provided a nonresident under his license may take 10 birds into another State according similar privileges, if carried open to view and the commission or district deputy is notified; provided further, a resident may export all game (except quail, ruffed grouse, woodcock), but not more than two days' bag limit of migratory birds may be exported in any one calendar week. No game illegally taken may be exported.

Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed for personal use as follows: Migratory game birds, during open season where taken and first 10 days of close season; other game, during open season and, if imported during close season, deer may be possessed 30 days and other game 10 days immediately succeeding arrival in State.

Sale: Sale of all game prohibited; provided, deer, moose, caribou, and elk lawfully killed and coming from without State, under warden's tag may be sold under license at any time. Hares or rabbits lawfully secured and coming from a State where their sale is not prohibited may be sold during the open season.

MASSACHUSETTS—Continued

Miscellaneous: Deer may be taken with a shotgun only. Unlawful to hunt or kill game with rifle or revolver during open season for deer, or to have dog in woods, except in Dukes and Nantucket Counties.

¹ *Massachusetts:* Governor may suspend open seasons during extreme drought.

² Commission may open season on pheasants.

³ License required to fish in inland waters which have been stocked with fish by the commission since Jan. 1, 1910.

⁴ Hunting and fishing licenses: (Effective Jan. 1, 1926): Nonresident citizen, \$15.25. Nonresident, residing in a State affording similar privileges to residents of Massachusetts, who owns real estate assessed at not less than \$500, or who is a member of a hunting or fishing club or association incorporated prior to 1907, or who is a guest on written invitation of an incorporated club or association for hunting foxes, fee, \$5.25.

Resident citizen, \$2.25. Alien, \$15.25 (applicant must have resided in State 10 days and own real estate therein to the assessed value of \$500). Duplicate of lost or destroyed license, fee, 50 cents. Issued by city and town clerks.

Hunting and fishing licenses not issued to minors under 15, and those under 18 must apply in writing and furnish written consent of parent or guardian. A license (fee, 75 cents) to trap quadrupeds may be issued to a minor between the ages of 12 and 18, who is a citizen.

Resident may hunt during open season without a license on land owned or leased on which he is actually domiciled and which is used exclusively for agricultural purposes, and not for club, shooting, or fishing purposes, and may fish in inland waters bordering such lands. License to fish not required of minor under 18.

MICHIGAN

Open seasons:¹

Dates inclusive

Deer (male, with horns not less than 3 inches above the skull), bear.....	Nov. 15–Nov. 30.
Rabbit, hare (see exception).....	Oct. 15–Jan. 31.
Exception: Snowshoe or jack rabbit.....	Oct. 15–Feb. 15.
Squirrel (fox).....	Oct. 25–Oct. 30.
Ruffed grouse, partridge, prairie chicken, male Chinese or ring-necked pheasants, woodcock.....	Oct. 25–Oct. 31.
Duck, goose, brant, Wilson snipe, coot, gallinule, black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs.....	Sept. 16–Dec. 31.
Rail, other than coot and gallinule.....	Sept. 16–Nov. 30.

No open season: Elk, moose, caribou, dove, quail, squirrel (except fox squirrel), Canada or spruce grouse, hen pheasant, wild turkey, swans, wood duck, eider ducks, auks, bitterns, sand-hill and whooping cranes, gannet, grebes, gulls, herons, jaegers, loons, murre, terns, and all shore birds (except woodcock, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Hunting and fishing licenses: Nonresident: Deer, \$50; small game, \$10; fish, general, \$5; special (fish, except brook trout and bass), \$2 (fishing license not required of person under 18 years of age). Resident: Deer, \$2.50; small game, \$1.25. Issued by county clerks, director, or deputy. Licenses issued to persons under 17 and over 12 on application of parent or guardian, who must accompany such minor when hunting. Residents and minor children may hunt during open season small game on own inclosed land on which they reside without a license. Unlawful to hunt on posted lands without consent of owner or person in possession.

Bag limits and possession: One deer a season; 5 fox squirrels a day, 15 a season; 7 rabbits a day, 10 in possession; 5 ruffed grouse or prairie chicken a day, 10 each in possession, 20 ruffed grouse, 25 prairie chicken a season; 2 Chinese or ring-necked pheasants a day, 4 a season; 15 ducks a day, 30 in

MICHIGAN—Continued

possession, 50 a calendar week; 5 geese and brant a day, 8 in possession, 15 a season; 5 woodcock a day, 10 in possession, 20 a season; 15 Wilson snipe a day, 23 a season; 15 in all of black-bellied and golden plovers and yellowlegs a day, 15 in possession, 25 each a season; 50 sora and 25 in all of other rails, coots, and gallinules a day. Game birds lawfully killed may be possessed during first 10 days of close season, except partridge, during first 5 days, and game animals during first 30 days thereof. Camping party of six or not less than four licensed hunters maintaining a camp of not less than four persons for not less than seven days may, under permit (fee \$3), kill one deer for camp purposes.

Interstate transportation: Export prohibited of all protected game. *Exceptions:* (1) Deer may be transported outside the State to reach a point within the State. (2) Nonresident licensee may take out, as hand baggage, open to view, one day's bag limit of birds, and may ship one deer lawfully killed by himself when license tag and seal are attached. (3) Deer skins and green or mounted buck-deer heads may be exported under permit.

Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed in like manner as game taken in State.

Sale: Sale prohibited of all protected game; provided, deer skins and green or mounted buck-deer heads lawfully taken may be sold or transported under permit.

¹ *Michigan:* The director upon approval of the Conservation Commission may shorten or close the season and otherwise restrict the taking of any species of game (except that he may not modify open seasons on waterfowl as fixed by Federal or State law) for a period not to exceed five years, in any county. Such orders may be modified or rescinded when conditions warrant.

MINNESOTA

Open seasons:¹

Dates inclusive

Deer (season closed in odd, open in even years).....	Nov. 20, 1926.
Bear, varying hare or snowshoe rabbit.....	No close season.
Squirrel (gray or fox).....	Oct. 15–Jan. 1. ²
Ruffed grouse or partridge (season closed in odd, open in even years).....	Oct. 15, 1926.
Male ring-necked pheasant (season closed in odd, open in even years).....	Oct. 15, 1926.
Prairie chicken or pinnated grouse, white-breasted or sharp-tailed grouse (season closed in even, open in odd years).....	Sept. 16–Oct. 1.
Dove.....	Sept. 16–Oct. 1.
Woodcock.....	Oct. 1–Nov. 30.
Duck (except wood duck), goose, brant, coot, gallinule, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, yellowlegs.....	Sept. 16–Dec. 31.
Rail, other than coot and gallinule.....	Sept. 16–Nov. 30.

No open season: Elk, moose, caribou, black squirrel; quail (1927); Canada spruce grouse, ring-necked pheasant hens, Hungarian gray partridge, wild turkey, upland plover, black-bellied and golden plovers, swans, wood duck, eider ducks, auks, bitterns, little brown, sand-hill, and whooping cranes, grebes, gulls, herons, jaegers, loons, terns, and all shore birds (except woodcock, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, and yellowlegs).

Hunting and fishing licenses: Nonresident or alien: Big game, \$50.25 (includes metal locking deer seal); small game, \$25. Issued by commissioner. Fishing license, \$3 (not required of person under 18 years of age). Issued by commissioner, county auditors, game wardens, and agents. Resident: Big game animals, \$2.25 (includes metal locking deer seal); small game, \$1; fish house, \$1. Issued by county auditor.

MINNESOTA—Continued

Hunting and fishing licenses—Continued.

Not required of person under 18 years of age, and owners, lessees, or members of their immediate families may hunt birds or animals (except deer) during open season on own or leased land occupied by them as permanent residence without license.

Licensee, within 30 days after expiration of license, must report to State game commissioner the number of each kind of game killed. Unlawful to enter growing grain fields for purpose of hunting without permission of owner.

Bag limits and possession: One deer a season; 10 squirrels a day, 15 in possession; 5 geese, 12 ducks, and 15 in all of coots, gallinules, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, yellowlegs, and rails a day, 36 in all of migratory game birds in possession, of which not more than 5 may be geese, 120 ducks a season; 6 woodcock, 9 doves, but not more than 9 in all of prairie chicken or pinnated grouse, white-breasted or sharp-tailed grouse, woodcock, and doves a day, 30 in all a season of which not more than 18 may be prairie chicken or sharp-tailed grouse; 3 ring-neck pheasants a day, 12 in possession, 15 a season but not more than 15 game birds in all in one day. Possession permitted during first five days of close season. Under permit or tags deer may be possessed to February 28, migratory birds for 10 days after close of season, and other game birds to January 31.

Interstate transportation: Export of all protected game prohibited, except that nonresident licensee may ship home in open season under his license coupons 1 deer and 25 birds lawfully taken by himself, but not more than 16 geese or 12 woodcock may be exported in any one calendar week. Deer hides for tanning and heads for mounting may be exported when tagged with license coupons (deer season closed in odd years).

Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed at any time under a retaining tag, obtained from State game and fish commissioner, except that migratory game birds may be possessed only during open season where taken and first 10 days of close season.

Sale: Sale of all protected game prohibited; provided, hides of deer legally killed may be sold.

Miscellaneous: Unlawful to carry gun in motor vehicle unless unloaded in both barrel and magazine and taken apart or contained in a case. Unlawful to keep game in cold storage.

¹ *Minnesota.* All hunting prohibited within three miles of the corporate limits of Duluth, Minneapolis, and St. Paul.

² Squirrels protected within corporate limits of any city or village, or within one-fourth mile thereof.

MISSISSIPPI

Open seasons: ¹	Dates inclusive
Deer (male), bear.....	Nov. 15-Mar. 1.
Rabbit, squirrel.....	Unprotected.
Quail or partridge.....	Nov. 1-Mar. 1.
Wild turkey gobblers.....	Jan. 1-May 1.
Dove.....	Oct. 16-Jan. 31.
Waterfowl, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, coot, poule d'eau, gallinule, black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs.....	Nov. 1-Jan. 31.
Woodcock.....	Nov. 1-Dec. 31.
Rail, other than coot and gallinule.....	Sept. 1-Nov. 30.

No open season: Does; turkey hens, swans, wood duck, bitterns, sand-hill crane, grebes, gulls, herons, loons, terns, and all shore birds (except woodcock, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Hunting licenses: Nonresident, \$20 (county license). Issued by sheriff. Landowners and their nonresident relatives and friends may hunt during open season on own lands without license.

Bag limits and possession: One deer a day, 5 a season; 20 ducks, 8 geese, 8 brant, 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs, 25 Wilson snipe, 6 woodcock, 25 doves, 15 in all of rails, coots, and gallinules, but a mixed bag shall not exceed 20 birds. Possession of migratory birds permitted during first 10 days of close season.

MISSISSIPPI—Continued

Interstate transportation: Export of all protected game prohibited.

Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed only during open season in State, but migratory game birds may be possessed only during open season where taken and first 10 days of close season.

Sale: Sale of all protected game prohibited.

¹ *Mississippi:* Local regulations of boards of supervisors may also be in force, but those relating to migratory birds must not be inconsistent with Federal regulations. The game law enacted in 1922 does not become effective in any county until adopted by the board of supervisors. It is not known to what extent, if at all, the boards have adopted the act. For information, address sheriffs or county clerks at the county seat of each county. The provisions of the 1922 law are as follows:

Open seasons.—Deer (male), Nov. 15-Feb. 15; bear, Nov. 1-Feb. 28; hare, rabbit, unprotected; squirrel, Oct. 15-Feb. 1; quail or partridge, Nov. 15-Mar. 1; wild turkey gobblers, Jan. 1-May 1; dove, Sept. 16-Dec. 31; waterfowl, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, coot, poule d'eau, gallinule, black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs, Nov. 1-Jan. 31; woodcock, Nov. 1-Dec. 31; rail, other than coot and gallinule, Sept. 1-Nov. 30.

No open season.—Does, spotted fawns, turkey hens, introduced pheasant, western quail, ruffed grouse, swans, wood duck, bitterns, sand-hill crane, grebes, gulls, herons, loons, terns, and all shore birds (except woodcock, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Hunting and fishing licenses.—Nonresident (county license): All game, \$50; quail and squirrel, \$20; angling, \$2. Issued by sheriff. Hunting and angling license not required of minor under 16, years of age. Landowners and their nonresident relatives and friends may hunt without license during open season on own lands. The board of supervisors may require a local resident hunting license and fix the fee therefor.

Bag limits and possession.—One deer a day, 3 a season; 1 bear and 2 turkey gobblers a season; 15 squirrels, 20 quail, 25 ducks, 8 geese, 8 brant, 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs, 25 Wilson snipe, 6 woodcock, 25 doves, 50 sora and 25 in all of other rails, coots, and gallinules a day, but nonresident may not kill more than 25 in all of migratory game birds a day. Possession of game permitted during first 10 days of close season.

Sale.—Sale of all protected game prohibited.

Export.—Export of all protected game prohibited; provided, a nonresident may take out of the State 2 turkey gobblers, 20 quail, 25 ducks, 8 geese, 8 brant, 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs, 25 Wilson snipe, 6 woodcock, 25 doves, 50 sora, and 25 in all of other rails, coots, and gallinules.

Propagation.—Game raised in captivity under license may be sold by dealer or proprietor of hotel or restaurant under \$5 license.

MISSOURI

Open seasons:	Dates inclusive
Wild turkey.....	Dec. 1-Dec. 31.
Squirrel.....	June 1-Dec. 31.
Quail (bobwhite partridge).....	Nov. 10-Dec. 31.
Duck, goose, brant, Wilson snipe, coot, gallinule, black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs.....	Sept. 16-Dec. 31.
Woodcock.....	Nov. 10-Nov. 30.
Rail, other than coot and gallinule.....	Sept. 15-Nov. 30.

No open season: Deer (1930), ruffed grouse (pheasant), prairie chicken (pinnated grouse), imported pheasants, other introduced game birds, dove, swans, wood duck, bitterns, little brown, sand-hill, and whooping cranes, grebes, gulls, herons, jagers, loons, terns, and all shore birds (except woodcock, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

MISSOURI—Continued

Hunting and fishing licenses: Nonresident or alien: Game and fish: \$10; fish, \$3. Issued by commissioner or county clerk. Resident: Game and fish: State, \$2.50; county, \$1, good in county of residence or adjoining county; fish (State), \$1. Issued by county clerk or license collector. Fishing license not required in county of residence nor of women or minors who are citizens. Owners and tenants of agricultural lands and members of family under 21 residing thereon may hunt without license during open season on own or leased land when used for agricultural purposes only, but may not transport or ship game or fur animals therefrom without a license. Hunting on land of another prohibited without his consent.

Bag limits and possession: Four turkeys a season; 1 turkey, 10 quail, 15 ducks, 8 geese, 8 brant, 6 woodcock, 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs, 15 Wilson snipe a day; 15 rails, 15 coots, 15 gallinules, but not more than 25 in all a day or in possession; or 2 turkeys, 15 quail, 25 of any other species of birds in possession. Possession of migratory birds permitted during first 10 days of close season; other game during first 5 days thereof.

State hunting license required to possess game.

Interstate transportation: Export of all protected game prohibited, except that not more than two days' limit of game may be exported under resident or nonresident license if carried openly as baggage or express or in owner's possession and accompanied by him.

Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed in like numbers and manner as game taken in State, except that migratory game birds may be possessed only during open season where taken and first 10 days of close season.

Sale: Sale of all protected game prohibited.

MONTANA

Open seasons¹

Deer (male with horns 4 inches above the skull) (see exceptions).....

Exceptions: Deer, either sex, in Flathead, Lake, Lincoln, Mineral, Ravalli, and Sanders Counties.....

In Carbon, Carter, Custer, Dawson, Garfield, Glacier, Musselshell, McCone, Phillips, Pondera, Powder River, Prairie, Richland, Roosevelt, Rosebud, Stillwater, Teton, Treasure, Valley, Yellowstone, and parts of Fergus, Gallatin, and Lewis and Clark Counties, no open season.

Elk in Flathead, Glacier, Madison, Pondera, Sweet Grass, Teton, and parts of Gallatin, Missoula, and Powell Counties.....

In Jefferson County (bull only).....

In part of Lewis and Clark County.....

In Park County.....

Bear (unlawful to trap).....

Pheasant, partridge, prairie chicken, fool hen, sage hen grouse in State (except in Toole County, no open season).....

Duck, goose, brant, black-bellied and golden plovers, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, yellowlegs, coot, gallinule.....

Rail, other than coot and gallinule.....

Dates inclusive

Oct. 15–Nov. 15.

Oct. 15–Nov. 15.

Oct. 15–Nov. 15.

Oct. 15–Nov. 15.

Oct. 15–Nov. 15.

Nov. 12–Nov. 14.

Nov. 1–Nov. 15.

Oct. 15–Dec. 20.²

No close season.

Sept. 15–Sept. 24.

Sept. 16–Dec. 15.

Sept. 16–Nov. 30.

MONTANA—Continued

No open season: Sheep, goat (except as opened locally by Commission); elk (except as above), does and fawns, moose, caribou, antelope, bison, or buffalo; quail, introduced pheasant, Hungarian partridge, dove, swans, wood duck, bittern, little brown, sand-hill, and whooping cranes, grebes, gulls, herons, loons, band-tailed pigeons, terns, and all shore birds (except Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs.)

Hunting and fishing licenses: Nonresident citizen: General, \$30; small game and fish, \$10; fish, \$3.50. Alien: General, \$50; fish, \$10. Resident citizen.³ General, \$2. Guide (resident citizen), \$10. Shipping (export), 50 cents. Taxidermist, \$15. Issued by warden or deputy.

No license required of minor under 15. Alien not holding a hunting license required to obtain from warden \$25 license to possess firearms.

Bag limits and possession: One buck (1 deer of any age or either sex in Flathead, Lake, Lincoln, Mineral, Ravalli, and Sanders Counties), 1 elk a season; 5 in all of grouse, partridges, prairie chickens, fool hens, pheasants, and sage hens a day or in possession; 20 ducks, 8 in all of geese and brant, 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs, 25 Wilson snipe, 25 in all of rails, coot, and gallinules a day. Waterfowl legally taken may be possessed until January 10 following close of open season.

Interstate transportation: Export of all protected game prohibited; provided, game lawfully killed may be exported in open season under hunting license, and shipping permit (fee, 50 cents) from State warden; total shipments under one license may not exceed season's bag limit, and not more than two days' limit of migratory birds may be exported in any one calendar week; packages must be labeled to show contents.

Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed in like manner as game taken in State.

Sale: Sale of bears and all protected game prohibited; provided, merchant or hotel or restaurant keeper may sell game, except migratory birds, killed outside the State. Under permit, mounted specimens or hides or heads of game animals or birds lawfully taken may be sold.

¹ Montana: Commission may close season in any district on any species of game threatened with undue depletion from any cause, or reopen such districts.

² Commission may on five days' notice close season on elk in Park County.

³ Resident licenses issued to officers of the Forest Service and of the Bureau of Biological Survey, U. S. Department of Agriculture, and to officers and soldiers of the U. S. Army.

NEBRASKA

Open seasons:

Dates inclusive

Squirrel (gray, red, fox, timber).....

Sept. 16–Dec. 31.

Prairie chicken, grouse.....

Oct. 1–Nov. 1.

Duck, goose, brant, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs, coot, gallinule.....

Sept. 16–Dec. 31.

Rail, other than coot and gallinule.....

Sept. 16–Nov. 30.

No open season: Deer, elk, antelope, mountain sheep, quail, partridge, sage hen, pheasant, ptarmigan, introduced game birds, dove, wild turkey, woodcock, swans, wood duck, bitterns, little brown, sand-hill, and whooping cranes, grebes, gulls, herons, jagers, loons, terns, and all shore birds (except Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, plovers, and yellowlegs.)

Hunting and fishing licenses: Nonresident: General, \$10.10; fish, \$2.10. Alien: General, \$15.10; fish, \$5.10. Resident, \$1.10. Issued by State department of agriculture and authorized vendors. Licenses required of all persons over 16 years of age. Alien not permitted to hunt or to own or possess firearms.

NEBRASKA—Continued

Bag limits and possession: Ten squirrels a day, 20 in possession; 10 prairie chickens or grouse a day or in possession; 25 ducks a day, 50 in possession; 8 geese, 8 brant a day, 10 each in possession; 15 Wilson snipe a day, 25 in possession; 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs a day, 25 in possession; 15 rails, 25 coots, but not more than 25 rails and coots a day, 25 rails and 50 coots in possession, 50 in all of game birds in possession. Possession permitted during first 10 days of close season.

Interstate transportation: Game may be transported by express or baggage during the open season if shipment is accompanied by shipper's affidavit that the game is not for sale or profit and was not taken contrary to law; package must be labeled with consignor's license number and kind of game, consigned to shipper, and accompanied by him; shipment must not contain more than 50 game birds or the possession bag limit on any species. Not more than two days' limit of migratory birds may be exported in any one calendar week.

Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed in like manner as game taken in State.

Sale: Sale of all protected game prohibited.

NEVADA

Open seasons: ¹	Dates inclusive
Deer (male with branched horns).....	Oct. 16-Oct. 31. ¹
Bear.....	Nov. 15-Mar. 15.
Cottontail rabbit, mountain hare.....	Nov. 1-Dec. 31.
Grouse, mountain quail.....	Sept. 24-Sept. 30.
Sage hen or sage cock, prairie chicken.....	Aug. 1-Aug. 16.
Dove.....	Sept. 1-Dec. 15.
Duck, goose, brant, coot, gallinule, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs.....	Sept. 16-Dec. 31. ²
Rail, other than coot and gallinule.....	Sept. 1-Nov. 30.

No open season: Elk, sheep, goat, antelope (1930); does, fawns; quail, pheasant;³ swans, wood duck, bitterns, little brown and sand-hill cranes, grebes, gulls, herons, loons, murre, band-tailed pigeons, terns, and all shore birds (except Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Hunting and fishing licenses:³ Nonresident citizen: Game, \$10; fish, \$3. Alien: Fish, \$7.50. Resident citizen: Game, \$1.50; fish, \$1.50. Hunting and fishing licenses issued free of charge to resident Indians. Issued by county clerks and wardens. Aliens prohibited from hunting. No license required of boys or girls under 14. Landowners may hunt and fish on own land without license during open season.

Bag limits and possession: One deer a season; 5 cottontail rabbits, 2 mountain hares, 10 valley quail, 5 mountain quail, 3 partridge, 3 grouse, 3 pheasants, 5 prairie chickens, 10 sage hens, 15 ducks, 5 geese, 5 brant, 10 snipe, and 25 doves a day or in possession; 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs, 50 sora, and 25 in all of other rails, coots, and gallinules a day. Possession of migratory birds permitted during first 10 days of close season.

¹ Nevada: County commissioners may fix open seasons on pheasants and valley quail and shorten open seasons on other game upon petition of 50 or more resident electors of county; and may designate open season of 15 days on buck deer between Sept. 15 and Nov. 15, instead of Oct. 16 to Oct. 31, or close season entirely.

² Ducks, geese, and brant may be hunted only on Wednesdays, Saturdays, and Sundays of each week during the open season, and in addition on Oct. 12 and Thanksgiving and Christmas Days.

³ Citizen of any State must pay same fee for hunting or fishing license as charged nonresidents by his State of residence.

NEVADA—Continued

Interstate transportation: Export of all protected game prohibited.

Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed in like manner as game taken in State.

Sale: Sale of deer meat and of all other protected game prohibited.

NEW HAMPSHIRE

Open seasons: ¹	Dates inclusive
Deer in Coos County.....	Oct. 15-Nov. 30.
In Carroll County.....	Nov. 15-Dec. 15.
In Grafton County.....	Nov. 1-Dec. 15.
In rest of State.....	Dec. 1-Dec. 31.
Hare, rabbit.....	Oct. 1-Feb. 28.
Partridge, ruffed grouse, woodcock.....	Oct. 1-Nov. 30.
Pheasant (male) in Hillsborough, Rockingham, and Strafford Counties only.....	Nov. 1-Nov. 6.
Duck, goose, brant, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, coot, gallinule.....	Sept. 16-Dec. 31.
Black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs.....	Aug. 16-Nov. 30.
Rail, other than coot and gallinule.....	Sept. 1-Nov. 30.

No open season: Elk, moose, caribou, dove, quail, pheasant, European partridge, gray squirrel (1929); swans, wood duck, elder ducks, auks, bitterns, sand-hill crane, gannet, grebes, guillemots, gulls, herons, jaegers, loons, murre, petrels, puffins, shearwaters, terns, and all shore birds (except woodcock, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Hunting and fishing licenses: Nonresident: Game and fish, \$15.15; fish, \$3.15. Resident: Game and fish, \$1.50. Resident soldiers and sailors over 70 years of age may hunt and fish without a license. Fishing licenses not required of children under 16 years of age, nor of women or blind people. Issued by commissioner or his agent in each town, who with few exceptions is the town clerk. Licenses not granted to children under 13 years of age, and only with written consent of parent or guardian to minors under 16 years. Child under 16 may hunt without license when accompanied by licensed parent or guardian. Resident owner of farm lands and his minor children may hunt during open season on own land without license. Guide: Nonresident, \$20; resident, \$1. Issued by commissioner.

Bag limits and possession: One deer a season; 5 hares a day; 5 ruffed grouse a day, 25 a season. Two pheasants a day, 6 a season. Six woodcock a day, 25 a season; 20 ducks, 8 geese, 8 brant, 25 Wilson snipe, 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs, 50 sora, and 25 in all of other rails, coots, and gallinules a day. Deer may be possessed for a reasonable time after close of open season.

Interstate transportation: Export of all protected game prohibited, provided, the head, hide, feet, or fur of game quadrupeds, and the plumage or skin of game birds (except migratory birds) legally taken and possessed may be transported without being marked.² Nonresident may take out of the State, under his hunting license and permit, one day's limit of game birds when properly marked and tagged and one deer under license tag.

Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed in like manner as game taken in State.

Sale: Sale of all migratory birds prohibited. Sale for food purposes prohibited of the dead bodies of birds belonging to a family any species or sub-species of which is native to and protected by the State; provided, deer, hares, and rabbits may be sold during the open season for consumption as food only within State.

¹ New Hampshire: Governor and council may suspend open season in time of excessive drought.

² Sec. 243, Lacey Act (see footnote 2, p. 8).

NEW JERSEY

Open seasons:

	Dates inclusive
Deer ¹ (male, with horns visible above the hair).....	Dec. 17-Dec. 21.
Raccoon.....	Oct. 1-Dec. 15.
Rabbit, squirrel, quail (see exception), ruffed grouse (partridge), prairie chicken, English or ring-necked pheasant cocks.....	Nov. 10-Dec. 15.
Exception: Quail in Bergen, Essex, Hudson, Hunterdon, Morris, Passaic, Somerset, Sussex, Union, and Warren Counties.....	Mar. 2, 1928.
Duck, goose, brant, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, coot, gallinule.....	Oct. 16-Jan. 31.
Black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs.....	Aug. 16-Nov. 30.
Woodcock.....	Oct. 1-Nov. 30.
Rail (marsh hen), other than coot and gallinule.....	Sept. 1-Nov. 30.

No open season: Does and fawns, wild turkeys, English or ring-necked pheasant hens, Hungarian partridge, reedbird, dove, swans, wood duck, eider ducks, auks, bitterns, little brown, sandhill, and whooping cranes, fulmars, gannets, grebes, guillemots, gulls, herons, jaegers, loons, murrets, petrels, puffins, shearwaters, terns, and all shore birds (except woodcock, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Hunting and fishing licenses: Nonresident: Game and fish, \$10.50; fish, \$3.25. Resident: male citizen above age of 14: Game and fish, \$1.65. Special license to hunt woodcock from October 1 to November 9, fee \$2, required in addition to regular hunting license; issued by commission. When applied for by parent or legal guardian, in discretion of commission, license may be granted to citizen between ages 10 and 14 to hunt when accompanied by adult holder of a general license: Fee, \$1; issued only by commission. All other licenses, except as indicated, issued by county, city, or town clerk, salaried warden, or registrar of licenses. Hunting on occupied posted lands of another prohibited.

Alien prohibited from hunting or owning shotgun or rifle unless he is the owner of real property in New Jersey to the value of \$2,000 above all incumbrances, in which case he may obtain nonresident and alien's license.

Bag limits and possession: One deer a year; 2 English or ring-necked pheasant cocks a day, 30 a season; 6 rabbits, 6 squirrels, 10 quail, 3 ruffed grouse, 6 woodcock, 25 ducks, 8 geese, 8 brant, 25 snipe, 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs, 50 sora, and 25 in all of other rails (marsh hens), coot, and gallinules a day or in possession. Deer carcasses may be possessed at any time if properly tagged to show where killed; possession of other game permitted during first 10 days of close season.

Interstate transportation: Export of all protected game prohibited, except that a nonresident licensee in one day may carry from State the daily bag limit of game, if open to view, but not more than two days' limit of game may be exported in one calendar week.

Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed at any time except that migratory game birds may be possessed only during open season where taken and first 10 days of close season.

¹ *New Jersey:* Wild deer may be taken only with shotgun not smaller than 12 gauge, which may not be loaded with a bullet or other missile larger than buckshot. Killing of a deer must be reported to commissioners or county warden within 48 hours. Landowner or his authorized agent may kill deer on his own cultivated land at any time; carcass of deer so killed is the property of the commission, and killing must be reported within 48 hours.

NEW JERSEY—Continued

Sale: The sale of deer, squirrels, reedbirds, and all game birds is prohibited; rabbits may be sold during open season and 10 days thereafter; Belgian hares and jack rabbits legally killed and coming from another State may be sold at any time.

Miscellaneous: Unlawful to use shotgun or rifle holding more than two cartridges or that may be fired more than twice without reloading.

NEW MEXICO

Open seasons:¹

	Dates inclusive
Deer (with horns at least 6 inches in length), wild turkey.....	Nov. 10-Nov. 20.
Quail (except bobwhite).....	Nov. 1-Dec. 31.
Turtle dove and white-winged dove, black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs.....	Sept. 1-Dec. 15.
Duck, goose, brant, Wilson snipe, coot, gallinule.....	Oct. 1-Jan. 15.
Rail, other than coot and gallinule.....	Sept. 1-Nov. 30.

No open season: Does, Sonoran deer, elk, sheep, goat, antelope, buffalo, squirrel (tassel-eared gray), bobwhite quail, pheasant, ptarmigan, prairie chicken, sage hen, grouse, swans, wood duck, bitterns, little brown, sandhill, and whooping cranes, grebes, gulls, herons, loons, band-tailed pigeons, terns and all shore birds (except Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Hunting and fishing licenses: Nonresident: Big game, bird, and fish, \$35.25; big game and bird, \$30.25; big game, \$25.25; bird, \$10.25; fish: General, \$5; limited, \$1.25. Resident: Big game, bird, and fish, \$2.50; big game and bird, \$2.25; big game, \$1.50; bird, \$1.25; fish, \$1; guide, \$5.25; duplicate, \$1. Issued by county clerks and deputies designated by State warden. Fishing license not required of children under 14 years of age. Alien resident of New Mexico or an adjoining State not permitted to hunt or to own or possess shotgun or rifle in State.

Bag limits and possession: One deer, 2 wild turkeys a season or in possession; 15 quail a day or in possession; 25 doves, 25 ducks, 8 geese, 8 brant, 25 Wilson snipe, 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs, 50 sora, and 25 in all of other rails, coot, and gallinules a day or in possession. Possession permitted during open season and first 10 days of close season. Under permit, game, except migratory birds, may be held in storage for first 90 days of close season; migratory birds may be so held for a period of 10 days.

Interstate transportation: Export of all game taken in the State prohibited, except under permit; fee \$1.25 for 1 deer and 2 turkeys, and \$1.25 for bag limit of other birds and fish.

Game taken outside of State and legally exported when accompanied by permit or proof of lawful possession, may be possessed under permit obtained from State game and fish warden during open season and first 90 days of close season, but migratory game birds may be possessed only during open season where taken and first 10 days of close season.

Sale: Sale of all protected game taken in the State prohibited.

¹ *New Mexico:* Commission may close season in any locality on any species, and may prohibit all hunting, in periods of extreme forest fire danger, at such times and places as may be necessary.

NEW YORK

Open seasons:¹

	Dates inclusive
Deer (with horns not less than 3 inches long) in Adirondack region ² (see exception).....	Oct. 15-Nov. 15.
Exception: In towns of Jackson, Salem, and White Creek, Washington County.....	Nov. 7-Nov. 19.

NEW YORK—Continued

Open seasons—Continued.		Dates inclusive
Deer (with horns not less than 3 inches long) in Columbia, Delaware, Orange, Rensselaer, Sullivan, and Ulster Counties.....	Nov. 1-Nov. 15.	
In Greene County.....	Nov. 1-Nov. 8.	
On own land in Dutchess County ²	Nov. 1-Nov. 15.	
Bear.....	Oct. 15-Nov. 15.	
Varying hare ¹	Oct. 15-Mar. 1.	
Cottontail rabbit ¹	Oct. 15-Jan. 31.	
Squirrel (black, gray, ¹ or fox) (see exception).....	Oct. 15-Nov. 15. ⁴	
Exception: In Erie, Niagara, and Orleans Counties, no open season.		
Grouse, partridge ¹ (see exception).....	Oct. 1-Nov. 15.	
Exception: In Columbia, Delaware, Dutchess, Greene, Orange, Putnam, Rensselaer, Rockland, Sullivan, Ulster, and Westchester Counties.....	Oct. 15-Nov. 30.	
Quail in Dutchess, Greene, Orange, Putnam, Rensselaer, Sullivan, and Westchester Counties only.....	Nov. 15-Nov. 30.	
Pheasant, male only ¹ (four days only).....	Oct. 27 and 29. (Nov. 7 and 14.)	
Waterfowl, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, coot, gallinule.....	Sept. 24-Jan. 7.	
Black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs.....	Aug. 16-Nov. 30.	
Woodcock.....	Oct. 1-Nov. 30.	
Rail, other than coot and gallinule.....	Sept. 1-Nov. 30.	
No open season: Elk, moose, caribou, antelope, fawns; Hungarian or European gray-legged partridge, dove, quail, swans, wood duck, eider ducks, auks, bitterns, sand-hill and whooping cranes, fulmars, gannet, grebes, guillemots, gulls, herons, jaegers, loons, murre, petrels, puffins, shearwaters, terns, and all shore birds (except woodcock, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).		
Hunting and fishing⁵ licenses: Nonresident: Game, \$10.50; fish, \$2.50. Fishing license not required of persons under 16 years of age or in international boundary waters if residents require no license in that part of those waters not within jurisdiction of State. Resident, \$1.25. Issued by commission and county, city, town, and village clerks. Indian resident or member of Six Nations residing on any reservation wholly or partly within State, \$1.25. Only licensed Indians residing on a reservation may hunt thereon. Licensee required to wear button. Guide (required in forest reserve counties), \$2. Issued by commissioner. Owners or lessees, and members of immediate families, actually occupying cultivated farm land may hunt thereon without license during open season. Alien not permitted to hunt except under special license from conservation commission, or to own or possess shotgun or rifle.		
Bag limits: One deer, 1 bear, 3 male pheasants, a season; 3 grouse a day, 15 a season; 6 woodcock a day, 24 a season; 6 varying hares or rabbits, 5 squirrels, 25 ducks, 8 geese, 8 brant, 25 in all of rails, coots, mudhens, and gallinules, 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs, 25 Wilson snipe or jacksnipe a day.		
Local bag limits: Quail, 4 a day, 10 a season, in Dutchess, Greene, Orange, Putnam, Rensselaer, Sullivan, and Westchester Counties.		
Possessions: Deer, squirrel, grouse, and pheasant during open season and 5 days thereafter; migratory game birds during open season and 10 days thereafter. Deer properly tagged may be possessed under \$1 permit to February 1.		
Interstate transportation: Export of game and birds prohibited, except that any person may export one deer, one bear, and one day's bag limit of other game in one day during open season by		

NEW YORK—Continued

means other than parcel post. The taker may export in one day by common carrier, except parcel post, one day's limit when accompanied by permit which shall show contents of package. Head, hide, and feet of animals and plumage or skin of game birds legally taken may be exported at any time.	
Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed at any time, except that migratory game birds may be possessed only during open season where taken and first 10 days of close season. Importation permit, fee \$1, obtained from chief game protector, required to import game during close season, and then game birds must be accompanied by taker, while quadrupeds bearing New York importation tags may be shipped by common carrier, but not by parcel post.	
Sale: Sale of all game, except varying hares and rabbits, prohibited; varying hares and rabbits legally taken in State may be sold during open season, and when brought from without the State may be sold at any time.	
Head, hide, and feet of quadrupeds legally taken and possessed may be sold at any time.	
Miscellaneous: Hunting prohibited on lands supplying any municipality with water or on public highways, except public highways within forest preserve counties.	
¹ New York: Commission by order may further restrict taking or possession of game. Open seasons on upland game have been restricted to the following periods or closed as indicated: <i>Squirrel (black, gray)</i> , in Genesee County, no open season. <i>Cottontail rabbit</i> , in Cattaraugus County, Oct. 15-Jan. 1; in Genesee County, Oct. 15-Dec. 31; in Orange County, Oct. 15-Jan. 15; in Richmond County, Nov. 15-Dec. 31; in Rockland County, Nov. 1-Dec. 31. <i>Varying hare</i> , in Cattaraugus County, Oct. 15-Jan. 1; in Onondaga County, Oct. 15-Jan. 31; in Genesee, Steuben, and Tompkins Counties, no open season.	
² The Adirondack region comprises the counties of Clinton, Essex, Franklin, Fulton, Hamilton, Herkimer, Jefferson, Lewis, Oneida, Oswego, Saratoga, St. Lawrence, Warren, and Washington.	
³ In Dutchess County, deer may only be taken with shotgun loaded with slugs or shot not smaller than buckshot.	
⁴ In corporate limits of city or village may be taken only under permit of commission.	
⁵ After Jan. 1, 1926, a combination license is required to take fish by angling, spearing, hooking, or tip-ups as well as to hunt and trap, except that a landowner or lessee and his immediate family may fish in the waters on or over lands he occupies or cultivates without a license. License not required to take fish by such means from any salt waters within the marine district nor from waters not stocked or ordinarily inhabited by fish protected, by law, nor of minors under 16 and women. Fees remain the same as for hunting and trapping licenses.	
NEW YORK—Long Island	
Open seasons:	Dates inclusive
Squirrel (black, gray, fox), quail, ruffed grouse, pheasant (male only).....	Nov. 1-Dec. 31.
Varying hare.....	Oct. 15-Mar. 1.
Cottontail rabbit.....	Nov. 1-Dec. 31.
Waterfowl, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, coot, mudhen, gallinule.....	Oct. 16-Jan. 31.
Black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs.....	Aug. 16-Nov. 30.
Woodcock.....	Oct. 1-Nov. 30.
Rail, other than coot and gallinule.....	Sept. 1-Nov. 30.
No open season: Deer, dove, swans, wood duck, eider ducks, auks, bitterns, sand-hill and whooping cranes, fulmars, gannet, grebes, guillemots, gulls, herons, jaegers, loons, murre, petrels, puffins, shearwaters, terns, and all shore birds (except woodcock, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).	

NEW YORK—Long Island—Continued

Bag limits and possession: Six quail a day, 40 a season; 2 ruffed grouse a day, 15 a season; 4 male pheasants a day, 30 a season. For other bag limits see New York.

Hunting licenses, interstate transportation, sale, miscellaneous: (See New York).

NORTH CAROLINA

Open seasons: ¹	Dates inclusive
Duck, goose, brant, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, coot, gallinule.....	Nov. 1-Jan. 31.
Black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs, dove.....	Sept. 1-Dec. 15.
Woodcock.....	Nov. 1-Dec. 31.
Rail, other than coot and gallinule.....	Sept. 1-Nov. 30.
Reedbird (ricebird) (see Order, p. 43).....	Aug. 16-Nov. 15.

No open season: Swans, wood duck, auks, bitterns, gannet, grebes, gulls, herons, jaegers, loons, murrelets, petrels, shearwaters, terns, and all shore birds (except woodcock, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Hunting licenses:¹

Bag limits and possession: Twenty-five doves, 25 ducks, 8 geese, 8 brant, 6 woodcock, 25 Wilson snipe, 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs, 50 sora and 25 in all of other rails, coots, and gallinules a day. Possession of migratory birds permitted during first 10 days of close season.

Sale: Sale of reedbirds (ricebirds) and all migratory birds prohibited.

Interstate transportation: The export is prohibited of quail, partridge, pheasant, grouse, wild turkey, snipe, shore or beach birds, woodcock, taken in State. *Exceptions:* Nonresident may take out of State under his hunting license 50 quail (partridges), 12 grouse, 2 turkeys, and 50 in all of Wilson snipe, plovers, and yellowlegs in a season, but not more than two days' limit of migratory birds may be exported in any one calendar week.

Migratory game birds taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed during open season where taken and first 10 days of close season, unless prohibited by local laws. The importation and possession of other game is regulated by local laws, obtainable upon application to Legislative Reference Librarian, Raleigh, N. C.

¹ *North Carolina:* Only the Federal seasons and other restrictions on migratory birds are given. County seasons and provisions relating to licenses, bag limits, sale, and interstate transportation are too numerous to be included. Full information regarding laws applicable to counties under jurisdiction of Audubon Society may be had on application to the secretary, Audubon Society, Raleigh, N. C. The county laws should be consulted, as in some instances they prohibit the hunting of migratory game birds during part of the periods mentioned in the table. Robins, larks, and certain other migratory birds may not be killed at any time. (See Migratory Bird Treaty Act Regulations, footnote 2, p. 8.) The Legislative Reference Librarian also issues a pamphlet on the local laws of the State.

NORTH DAKOTA

Open seasons:	Dates inclusive
Prairie chicken (pinnated grouse), sharp-tailed (white-breasted) grouse, black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs, Wilson snipe.....	Sept. 16-Oct. 16.
Ruffed grouse in Bottineau, Cavalier, Pembina, and Route Counties only.....	Oct. 7-Oct. 16.
Duck, goose, brant.....	Sept. 16-Dec. 1.
Coot, gallinule.....	Sept. 16-Dec. 31.
Woodcock.....	Oct. 1-Oct. 16.
Rail, other than coot and gallinule.....	Sept. 1-Nov. 30.

NORTH DAKOTA—Continued

No open season: Deer, elk, moose, antelope, quail, ruffed grouse (except as above), sage hen, English and Chinese ring-necked pheasants, Hungarian partridge, dove, swans, wood duck, bitterns, little brown, sand-hill, and whooping cranes, grebes, gulls, herons, loons, shearwaters, terns, and all shore birds (except woodcock, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Hunting licenses: Nonresident, \$25; resident \$1.50. Issued by commissioners, deputy, or county auditor. Aliens not permitted to hunt. Person or member of family permanently residing with him may hunt without license during open season on own lands or lands cultivated by him. Resident license may be issued to settler. No person permitted to enter cultivated or posted lands without consent of owner.

Bag limits and possession: Five prairie chickens, sharp-tailed grouse, plovers, each or all combined a day, 10 each or all in possession at one time, 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs, but not more than 5 plovers a day; 5 ruffed grouse a day, 15 in possession; 15 snipe, woodcock, ducks, geese, each or all combined a day, but not more than 8 geese, 8 brant, or 6 woodcock, 30 in possession but not including more than 16 geese; 25 in all of rails, coots, and gallinules a day. Resident licensee under permit may retain not to exceed 20 pinnated or sharp-tailed grouse, 30 waterfowl, but not more than 50 birds in all during first 5 days of close season.

Interstate transportation: Export of all protected game prohibited, except that nonresident licensee may carry with him from State under license tag prairie chicken and sharp-tailed grouse not exceeding 20 in all, and ducks, geese, and brant not exceeding 30 in all, or a total of 50 of all birds combined, if open to view and labeled with his name and address and number of his license. Not more than two days' limit of migratory birds may be exported in any one calendar week.

Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed under storage permit, obtained from secretary, game and fish board, in like numbers and manner as game taken in State, except that migratory game birds may be possessed only during open season where taken and first 10 days of close season.

Sale: Sale of all protected game prohibited, except that hides, heads, and trophies of big game lawfully taken may be sold at any time.

OHIO

Open seasons:	Dates inclusive
Hare, rabbit.....	Nov. 15-Jan. 1.
Squirrel.....	Sept. 15-Oct. 20.
Ruffed grouse, cock pheasant (introduced), Hungarian partridge.....	Nov. 15-Nov. 25.
Duck, goose, brant, Wilson snipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs, coot, gallinule.....	Sept. 16-Dec. 31.
Woodcock.....	Oct. 1-Nov. 30.
Rail, other than coot and gallinule.....	Nov. 1-Nov. 30.

No open season: Deer, quail, dove, swans, wood duck, eider ducks, bitterns, sand-hill and whooping cranes, grebes, gulls, herons, jaegers, loons, murrelets, petrels, terns, and all shore birds (except woodcock, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs.)

Hunting and fishing licenses: Nonresident citizen: General, \$15.25; fish, \$2.25 (not required of children under 16 years of age). Resident citizen: Game, \$1.25; fish, \$1. Issued by county and township clerks. Person under 16 when hunting must be accompanied by adult. Owners tenants, or their children may hunt or fish without license during open season on own or leased lands. Written permission required on land of another. Angling license not required of minors under 18.

OHIO—Continued

Bag limits and possession: Five squirrels and 10 rabbits a day or in possession; 3 ruffed grouse, 3 cock pheasants, and 6 Hungarian partridge, 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs, 15 Wilson snipe, 6 woodcock, 8 geese, 25 ducks, 35 sora, and 25 in all of other rails, coots, and gallinules a day. Waterfowl, coots, and gallinules may be possessed during first 10 days of close season.

Interstate transportation: Export prohibited of all protected game (except rabbit) taken in State; provided, a nonresident may take with him from State under his hunting license 25 pieces of game. But not more than two days' limit of migratory birds may be expected by one person in any one calendar week. Packages containing game or fur-bearing animals or parts thereof must be marked to show contents, initial point of billing, and names and addresses of consignor and consignee.

Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed in like manner as game taken in State.

Sale: Sale prohibited of all protected game (except hare or rabbit during open season).

¹ Ohio: Landowners, tenants, and employees may take hares or rabbits, when doing substantial damage to crops, trees, or shrubbery, at any time except on Sunday.

OKLAHOMA

Open seasons:	Dates inclusive
Bear.....	No open season. ¹
Quail.....	Dec. 1-Dec. 31.
Duck, goose, brant, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, coot, gallinule.....	Oct. 1-Jan. 15.
Black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs, dove.....	Sept. 1-Dec. 15.
Woodcock.....	Nov. 1-Dec. 31.
Rail, other than coot and gallinule.....	Sept. 1-Nov. 30.

No open season: Deer, wild turkey (1931); antelope, prairie chicken, imported pheasant, swans, wood duck; bitterns, little brown, sand-hill and whooping cranes, grebes, gulls, herons, loons, band-tailed pigeons, terns, and all shore birds (except woodcock, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Hunting and fishing licenses: Game: Nonresident, \$15; alien, \$25; resident citizen, \$1.25. Fish: Nonresident, \$5; resident (to use artificial bait), \$1.25. Issued by warden, deputy, or county clerk. A person may hunt without license during open season on own or leased premises actually occupied by him. Fishing license not required of person under 14, and application of person under 14 for a hunting license must be approved in writing by parent or guardian. Unlawful to shoot on or across highway or railroad right of way. Unlawful to hunt on lands of another without owner's permission.

Bag limits and possession: Fifteen quail, plovers, snipe, or ducks a day, 100 a season; 15 yellow legs, but not more than 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs a day; 8 geese, 8 brant a day, but not more than 10 in all a day; 50 sora and 25 in all of other rails, coots, and gallinules, 25 doves, and 6 woodcock a day. Possession of game permitted during first 10 days of close season, and trophies or specimens of game lawfully taken may be possessed at any time.

Interstate transportation: Export prohibited of all protected game, but nonresident licensee may carry to his home two days' bag limit of game birds if license permit is attached.

Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed in like manner as game taken in State.

Sale: Sale prohibited of all protected game.

¹ Oklahoma: Bear in Blaine, Caddo, Comanche, Kiowa, and Major Counties, no open season; in rest of State, unprotected.

OREGON¹

Open seasons:	Dates inclusive
District No. 1, ² west of Cascades:	
Deer (male, with horns).....	Sept. 10-Oct. 20.
Bear in Jackson and Josephine Counties.....	Nov. 1-Nov. 30.
In balance of District 1.....	No close season.
Silver-gray squirrel (see exception).....	Sept. 15-Oct. 15.
Exception: In Benton, Clackamas, Douglas, Josephine, Lane, Linn, Marion, Multnomah, Polk, Washington, and Yamhill Counties, no close season.	
Mountain or plumed or California or Valley quail in Coos, Curry, Jackson, and Josephine Counties only.....	Oct. 15-Oct. 31.
Chinese pheasant, blue or sooty grouse, ruffed grouse or native pheasant (see exception).....	Oct. 15-Oct. 31.
Exception: In Clatsop, Curry, Lincoln, and Tillamook Counties.....	No open season.
Duck, goose, brant, coot, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs.....	Oct. 1-Jan. 15.
Rail, other than coot.....	Oct. 1-Nov. 30.
District No. 2, ² east of Cascades:	
Deer (male, with horns).....	Sept. 10-Oct. 20.
Bear in Klamath County.....	Nov. 1-Nov. 30.
In rest of District 2.....	No close season.
Silver-gray squirrel.....	Sept. 15-Oct. 15.
Mountain or plumed or California or valley quail in Deschutes and Klamath Counties only.....	Oct. 15-Oct. 31.
Blue or sooty grouse, ruffed grouse or native pheasant.....	Sept. 10-Oct. 20.
Chinese pheasant in Baker, Grant, Hood River, Klamath, Malheur, Morrow, Umatilla, Union, Wallowa, and Wasco Counties only.....	Oct. 15-Oct. 31.
Duck, goose, ³ brant, coot, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs.....	Oct. 1-Jan. 15.
Rail, other than coot.....	Oct. 1-Nov. 30.

No open season: Doe and spotted fawn, moose, elk, antelope, sheep, goat, Hungarian partridge, Franklin grouse, foolhen, wild turkey, silver-gray squirrel, quail and introduced pheasants (except as above), bobwhite quail, sage hen, prairie chicken, dove; band-tailed pigeons, swans, wood duck, auklets, auks, bitterns, little brown and sand-hill cranes, fulmars, grebes, guillemots, gulls, herons, jaegers, loons, murrelets, petrels, puffins, shearwaters, terns, and all shore birds (except Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Hunting and fishing licenses: Nonresident: Game, \$10; fish, \$3; alien: Gun license, \$25 (in addition to hunting and angling license). Resident, game and fish, \$5; game, \$3; hunting or angling, \$1.50 (county license issued to residents between 14 and 18 years of age). Angling, resident or nonresident,⁴ \$3 (not required of female). License issued by county clerks and duly appointed agents throughout the State. Guide, \$3 (issued only to citizen of United States); taxidermist, \$5; issued by commission. Licenses not issued to persons under 14 years of age. Owner and member of his family may hunt, trap, or fish on own premises without license during open season. Licenses, good for life, issued free of charge by county clerks to pioneers of State who arrived prior to 1860, veterans of Indian and Civil Wars upon proof of service, and Spanish-American War veterans resident in State Soldiers' Home. Un-

OREGON—Continued

Hunting and fishing licenses—Continued.

lawful to hunt on inclosed or occupied land of another without permission of owner. Unlawful to shoot from highways or railroad right of ways.

Bag limits and possession: Two deer a season; 5 silver-gray squirrels in seven consecutive days; 10 quail in district 1, and 8 in district 2 in seven consecutive days; 4 in all of ruffed grouse, pheasants, sooty or blue grouse and Chinese pheasants a day, 8 in seven consecutive days, but a bag of 8 shall not include more than 2 Chinese pheasant hens, 25 in all of ducks, geese, Wilson snipe, plovers, yellowlegs, rails, coots, and gallinules a day, but not more than 8 geese or 15 plovers and yellowlegs a day, and not more than 25 in all a day nor more than 30 in all in seven consecutive days. Migratory game birds properly tagged may be possessed during first 10 days of close season; other game, when properly tagged, during close season.

Interstate transportation: Export of all protected game prohibited, except when tagged with metal seal and accompanied by permit from State warden showing kind of game and names and addresses of consignor and consignee.

Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be imported and possessed as authorized by permit, fee \$2, and tag, fee 5 cents, obtained from State game warden, except that migratory game birds may be possessed only during open season where taken and first 10 days of close season.

Sale: Sale of all protected game prohibited. Commission may make regulations permitting sale of game, except migratory birds.

¹ Oregon: Commission may open or close the season on any species of game in any county or district for such time as it may designate and Governor may suspend season on account of drought.

² District No. 1, west of Cascades, includes Benton, Clackamas, Clatsop, Columbia, Coos, Curry, Douglas, Jackson, Josephine, Lane, Lincoln, Linn, Marion, Multnomah, Polk, Tillamook, Washington, and Yamhill Counties. District No. 2, east of Cascades, includes all other counties in the State.

³ Unlawful to kill geese at any time on islands or sand bars or within one-fourth mile of high-water line on the Columbia east of eastern entrance of Celilo Canal, or on islands and sand bars in Deschutes and John Day Rivers south to junction with White River and Thirtymile Creek, respectively.

⁴ Fee required of nonresident angler equal to that required of nonresident in his State of residence.

PENNSYLVANIA

Open seasons:¹

Dates inclusive

Deer (male with horns having two or more points to one antler), bull elk (with four or more points to one antler)	Dec. 1-Dec. 15. ²
Bear (over 1 year old)	Nov. 10-Dec. 15. ²
Raccoon	Oct. 1-Jan. 15.
Hare, rabbit	Nov. 1-Dec. 15.
Squirrels (black, gray, fox), Virginia partridge, ³ quail, ruffed grouse, male ring-necked pheasant, Hungarian partridge or quail, wild turkey	Nov. 1-Nov. 30, Nov. 1-Aug. 15.
Red or pine squirrel	
Duck, goose, brant, coot (mud hen), gallinule	Oct. 1-Jan. 15.
Black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs	Sept. 16-Nov. 30.
Woodcock, Wilson snipe	Oct. 1-Nov. 30.
Rail, other than coot and gallinule	Sept. 1-Nov. 30.
Reedbird (see Order, p. 43)	Sept. 1-Oct. 31.
Blackbird	Aug. 1-Nov. 30.

No open season: Cow elk and calves having less than four points to one antler; doe, fawn; bear cub under 1 year of age; pheasant hens, dove, swans, wood duck, elder ducks, auks, bitterns, little brown and sand-hill cranes, grebes, guil-

PENNSYLVANIA—Continued

mots, gulls, herons, jaegers, loons, murrets, petrels, puffins, shearwaters, terns, and all shore-birds (except woodcock, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Hunting and fishing licenses: *Game:* Nonresident, \$15. Issued by commission or county treasurer. Resident from county treasurer, \$1.25; through justice of the peace, magistrate, or notary public, \$1.40. Licenses not issued to minor under 14 years of age, and minor between 14 and 16 must furnish written consent of parent or guardian. Licensee required to wear tag displayed on middle of back.

Resident citizen and members of family or employees residing upon and cultivating land in State as either owner or lessee may hunt during open season on such land and, with consent of owner, on adjoining land without a license. Taxidermist, \$1.

Licensed hunters, within 30 days after expiration of license, must report amount of game killed.

Aliens not permitted to hunt or be possessed of dogs or firearms.

Fishing: Nonresident pays same fee charged nonresident by State where applicant resides, but not less than \$2.50 (10 cents extra to county treasurer, 15 cents extra to justice of peace); issued by county treasurer, justice of the peace, commissioner of fisheries or his agents.

Resident, \$1 (10 cents extra to county treasurer); issued by county treasurer, commissioner of fisheries, his officers or agents. License not required of minors under 16. Persons and members of family who reside upon their own farms or other lands throughout the entire year may angle in waters on or adjacent thereto during open season without license.

Bag limits and possession: One deer (6 to party camping or hunting together), 1 elk (1 to hunting party), 1 bear (4 to hunting party), 30 rabbits, 15 hares, 20 squirrels, 1 turkey, 25 quail (combined), 15 ruffed grouse, 6 male ring-necked pheasants, 20 woodcock, 60 ducks, 30 geese, 30 brant a season. Five rabbits, 3 hares, 6 squirrels (black, gray, fox), 8 quail (combined), 3 ruffed grouse, 2 male ring-necked pheasants, 6 woodcock, 15 ducks, 5 geese, 5 brant, 25 Wilson snipe, 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs, 50 sora, 25 in all of other rails, coots, and gallinules a day. Possession of migratory birds permitted during first 10 days of close season; other game during first 30 days thereof.

Interstate transportation: Export of all protected game taken in State prohibited; provided, a nonresident licensee may take out with him on the same conveyance two days' limit of game except elk. Small game must be accompanied by owner, and if concealed must be tagged to show name and address of owner, county where killed, and number of each species in package. Large game may be shipped by express when plainly marked to show name and address of owner and county in which killed. Specimens of game legally taken may be shipped to a licensed taxidermist for mounting, but shipment of game by parcel post prohibited, except that skins of raccoon, bear, and trophies to licensed taxidermists may be so shipped, if marked to show contents, but not such shipments may be made to points outside the State without a permit.

Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed at any time, except that migratory game birds may be possessed only during open season where taken and first 10 days of close season.

Sale: Sale prohibited of wild deer, rabbit, raccoon, and bear taken in the State; and of all other game wherever taken. Trophies of game not killed in State may be purchased or sold at any time.

Miscellaneous: Automatic gun prohibited.

¹ Pennsylvania: Seasons may be extended, closed, or shortened and bag limits reduced by commission.

² In killing deer, elk, or bear, only one all-lead, lead-alloy, soft-nosed, or expanding bullet may be used at each discharge. The use of steel-jacketed bullets is prohibited.

RHODE ISLAND

Open seasons:		Dates inclusive
Gray squirrel, hare, rabbit.....	Nov. 1-Dec. 31	
Quail or bobwhite, ruffed grouse or partridge, cock pheasant (see exceptions).....	Oct. 15-Dec. 15.	
<i>Exceptions:</i> Quail on Island of Rhode Island and upland game birds on Island of Conanicut (Oct. 15, 1926).		
Duck, goose, brant, coot, gallinule.....	Oct. 1-Jan. 15.	
Black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs.....	Aug. 16-Nov. 30.	
Wilson snipe.....	Oct. 1-Nov. 30.	
Woodcock.....	Oct. 15-Nov. 30.	
Rail, other than coot and gallinule.....	Sept. 1-Nov. 30.	

No open season: Deer; ¹ dove; Hungarian partridge; hen pheasant, swans, wood duck, elder ducks, auks, bitterns, little brown and sand-hill cranes, gannet, grebes, guillemots, gulls, herons, jaegers, loons, murrets, petrels, shearwaters, terns, and all shore birds (except woodcock, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Hunting and fishing licenses: Nonresident: Game, \$10.25; fish, \$1.15.² Alien: Game, \$15.25; fish, \$2.15. Resident: Game, \$1.25; fish, 25 cents. Issued by city and town clerks. Fishing license not required of women, nor of males under 18. License not required of resident or his immediate family to hunt on own or leased agricultural lands on which actually domiciled; nonresident owning real estate valued at not less than \$500, and nonresident member or guest of club incorporated for hunting or fishing purposes prior to Jan. 1, 1909, which owns real estate assessed for taxation at value of not less than \$1,000, may procure license at a fee of \$1.25; licenses not issued to minors under 15 years of age. Consent of owner required for hunting upland game birds on land of another from January 1 to October 31.

Bag limits and possession: Twenty-five ducks, 8 geese, 8 brant, 6 woodcock, 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs, 15 Wilson snipe, 15 in all of rails, coots, and gallinules a day, but not more than 15 game birds of all kinds (other than waterfowl) in possession at one time. Possession of waterfowl, coots, and gallinules permitted during first 10 days of close season.

Interstate transportation: Export prohibited of all game; provided, a nonresident licensee may take out under his license 10 wild fowl or birds in one calendar year, if carried open to view.

Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be imported and possessed as authorized by permit from commissioner of birds, except that migratory game birds may be possessed only during open season where taken and first 10 days of close season.

Sale: Sale of all game birds prohibited.

¹ *Rhode Island:* Deer injuring crops may be killed at any time by the owner or occupant of the premises under written permit from secretary of state. Any person killing or wounding a deer must report within 48 hours to the commissioners of birds.

² Fee required of nonresident angler equal to that required of nonresident in his State of residence.

SOUTH CAROLINA¹

Open seasons:		Dates inclusive
Deer (male).....	Sept. 1-Jan. 15.	
Bear, rabbit, ² squirrel, ² quail, (partridge), wild turkey, blackbird.....	Nov. 26-Mar. 1. ³	
Raccoon, opossum.....	Sept. 1-Mar. 1.	
Duck, goose, brant, coot, gallinule, Wilson snipe.....	Nov. 1-Jan. 31.	
Black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs, dove.....	Sept. 1-Dec. 15.	
Rail, other than coot and gallinule.....	Sept. 1-Nov. 30.	
Woodcock.....	Nov. 1-Dec. 31.	
Reedbird (see Order, p. 43).....	Aug. 16-Nov. 15.	

SOUTH CAROLINA—Continued

No open season: Does; ruffed grouse (pheasant), swans, wood duck, auks, bitterns, little brown, sandhill, and whooping cranes, gannet, grebes, gulls, herons, jaegers, loons, murrets, petrels, shearwaters, terns, and all shore birds (except woodcock, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Hunting and fishing licenses: Nonresident: Game, \$15.25; fish, \$3.25. Issued by county clerk or game warden. Resident: Game, State, \$3.10; county of residence, \$1.10. Issued by county clerk or game warden.

No license required of resident owners, tenants, their children, or, under written permission, their employees, to hunt during open season on own lands. Confederate veteran wearing his cross of honor may hunt and fish in any county of State without license.

Consent of owner or manager required to hunt on land of another.

Bag limits and possession: Three deer, 20 wild turkeys a season; 15 squirrels, 15 quail (partridge), 2 turkeys, 25 doves, 25 ducks, 8 geese, 8 brant, 6 woodcock, 25 Wilson snipe, 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs, 50 sora, and 25 in all of other rails, coots, and gallinules a day. Possession of migratory birds permitted during first 10 days of close season.

Interstate transportation: Export of all resident nonmigratory game taken in State prohibited, except that a landowner or licensee may export under shipping tag from State warden one day's bag limit of resident nonmigratory game a week, if not for sale. Unlawful for any transportation company to receive for shipment out of the State any deer or other resident nonmigratory game unless duly tagged. Under Federal regulations not more than two days' limit of migratory birds may be taken or shipped out of the State in any one calendar week. All packages containing migratory birds must be marked to show actual contents and names and addresses of consignor and consignee. No game may be removed from the State for sale.

Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed in like manner as game taken in State.

Sale: Sale prohibited of deer, quail (partridges), dove, turkey, reedbirds, and all other migratory birds.

¹ *South Carolina:* Chief game warden may close seasons for periods not exceeding 10 days at one time on any of the waters or swamps of State when necessary to protect deer or other game on account of floods or other abnormal conditions.

² Between Sept. 1 and Thanksgiving Day rabbits may be hunted without firearms, and squirrels may be hunted without dogs.

³ Season opens on Thanksgiving Day.

SOUTH DAKOTA

Open seasons:		Dates inclusive
Deer (male) (see exception).....	Nov. 1-Nov. 30.	
<i>Exception:</i> In Campbell, Corson, Dewey, Harding, Perkins, Potter, Walworth, and Ziebach Counties.....		
Partridge, grouse, sage grouse, prairie chicken.....	Sept. 16-Oct. 15.	
Duck, goose, brant, coot, gallinule, Wilson snipe.....	Sept. 16-Dec. 31.	
Rail, other than coot and gallinule.....	Sept. 16-Nov. 30.	

No open season: Does, elk, antelope, mountain sheep, quail, Hungarian partridge, dove, pheasant, upland plover, swans, wood duck, elder ducks, bitterns, little brown, sand-hill, and whooping cranes, grebes, gulls, herons, loons, shearwaters, terns, and all shore birds (except Wilson snipe or jacksnipe).

Hunting and fishing licenses: Nonresident or alien: Big game, \$25; small game, \$25; fish, \$2. Issued by game warden or county treasurer. Resident: Big game, \$5; small game, \$1; fish (ex-

SOUTH DAKOTA—Continued

Hunting and fishing licenses—Continued.

cept perch), \$1; issued by county treasurer or State warden; special license, small game, \$3 (hunting); also authorizes shipment of 50 birds as specified in license; issued by State warden. Resident fishing license not required of the holder of a resident hunting license, women, or males under 21 years of age. Hunting game birds during open season on own land permitted without license. Unlawful to hunt on posted land of another without permission of owner. Taxidermist, \$2.

Bag limits and possession: One deer a year; 15 ducks, geese, brant, coot, gallinules, sora, and other rails in the aggregate of all kinds (but not more than 8 geese or brant), and 5 each of other species of game birds a day; 30 in all of ducks, geese, or brant, or other aquatic fowl and snipe, and 10 in all of prairie chickens, partridge, grouse, and sage grouse in possession. Possession permitted during open season and five days thereafter.

Interstate transportation: Export of all protected game prohibited; provided a nonresident may export 1 deer lawfully killed under permit of State game warden and not more than 10 birds under each of the five coupons attached to his nonresident license; but not more than 50 ducks, 16 geese, 16 brant, 50 snipe, and 50 in all of rails, coots, and gallinules may be exported by one person in any one calendar week, and if exported by common carrier tags attached to hunting license must be affixed to each shipment.

Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed in like manner as game taken in State.

Sale: Sale of all protected game prohibited; provided, skins, heads, and antlers of deer lawfully killed may be sold.

TENNESSEE

Open seasons:*Dates inclusive*

Deer (male, with horns having two or more spikes each)..... Dec. 20-Dec. 31.
Squirrel (see exceptions)..... June 1-Jan. 1.

Exceptions: In Fayette, Haywood, and Lauderdale Counties..... July 1-Jan. 1.
In McNairy County..... Dec. 20-Feb. 15.

Rabbit (see exceptions)..... Unprotected.
Exceptions: In Cheatham County..... Nov. 25-Feb. 1.

In Fayette, Hardeman, and Haywood Counties..... Nov. 25-Mar. 1.

Quail or partridge (see exceptions)..... Nov. 25-Feb. 1.

Exceptions: In Fayette, Hardeman, Haywood, and Lauderdale Counties..... Dec. 10-Mar. 1.

In McNairy County..... Dec. 20-Feb. 15.

In Sullivan County..... Nov. 25-Jan. 1.

In Washington County..... Nov. 25-Jan. 15.

Duck, goose, brant, coot, mudhen, gallinule, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe..... Nov. 1-Jan. 31.

Black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs, dove..... Sept. 1-Dec. 15.

Rail, other than coot and gallinule..... Sept. 1-Nov. 30.

No open season: Does and fawns; wild turkey (1928); grouse, ring-necked and Mongolian pheasants, woodcock, swans, wood duck, bitterns, sand-hill and whooping cranes, grebes, gulls, herons, loons, terns, and all shore birds (except Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Hunting and fishing licenses: Nonresident: Game, \$15 (may hunt on own land without license); fish, \$2.50. Resident, State, \$2 (resident must hold State license to hunt on Reelfoot Lake); county, \$1 (county licensee may obtain State license for \$1). Issued by county clerks. Licensee required to wear license tag displayed in center of back of outer garment.

TENNESSEE—Continued

Owners and tenants may hunt without license on land on which they reside. Unlawful to hunt on tillable or inclosed lands of another without permission.

Reelfoot Lake.—Guide or pusher, \$1 (issued to residents only).

Bag limits and possession: Two deer a season; 15 game birds or animals a day, but not more than 8 geese, 8 brant, 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs a day.

Reelfoot Lake: Twenty ducks, 8 geese, 8 brant, 6 woodcock, 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs, 20 Wilson snipe, 20 in all of rails, coots, and gallinules, but not more than 20 in all of game birds a day.

Interstate transportation: Export of all protected game prohibited; provided nonresident licensee may take out of State, if carried openly, game birds legally killed by him (except that 25 birds only may be exported from Reelfoot Lake), but not more than 50 ducks, 16 geese, 16 brant, 50 Wilson snipe, 30 in all of plovers and yellowlegs, 50 in all of rails, coots, and gallinules, and 50 doves may be exported by one person in any one calendar week.

Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed in like manner as game taken in State.

Sale: Sale of all protected game killed in State prohibited.

TEXAS

Open seasons:¹*Dates inclusive*

Deer (male with pronged horn), bear..... Nov. 16-Dec. 31.
Squirrel (see exception)..... May 1-July 31.
Oct. 1-Dec. 31.

Exception: In Brown, Burnett, Caldwell, Comal, DeWitt, Edwards, Gillespie, Guadalupe, Kerr, Kimble, Llano, McCulloch, Mason, Menard, Mills, San Saba, and Schleicher Counties..... No close season.

Quail or partridge, chachalaca or Mexican pheasant in north zone..... Nov. 16-Jan. 1.

In south zone..... Dec. 1-Jan. 16.

Prairie chicken or pinnated grouse..... Sept. 1-Sept. 10.

Wild turkey gobblers (see exception)..... Nov. 16-Dec. 31.

Exception: In Brooks, Cameron, Hidalgo, Kleberg, Nueces, Kenedy, Starr, and Willacy Counties..... Nov. 16, 1930.

Mourning dove, in north zone..... Sept. 1-Oct. 31.

In south zone..... Nov. 1-Dec. 31.

White-winged dove..... Sept. 1-Sept. 30.

Duck, goose, brant, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, coot gallinule, in north zone..... Oct. 16-Jan. 31.

In south zone..... Nov. 1-Jan. 31.

Black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs, rail other than coot and gallinule..... Sept. 1-Oct. 31.

No open season: Does, fawns, spike bucks, antelope, sheep, turkey hens, robins, pheasant (except chachalaca), woodcock, swans, wood duck, bitterns, little brown sand-hill and whooping cranes, gannet, grebes, gulls, herons, jaegers, loons, petrels, band-tailed pigeons, terns, and all shore birds (except Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Hunting licenses: Nonresident or alien, \$25. Resident citizen, \$2, not required in county of residence; issued by commissioner, deputies, and county clerks. Boat (carrying hunters), \$2; club or shooting preserve, \$5. Issued by commissioner. Manager of club or shooting preserve must keep record, require guests to register amount of game killed, and make complete report to commissioner by February 10 of each year. Hunting license not required of person under 17 years of age. Nonresident or alien must have written consent of owner to hunt on inclosed posted lands of another.

TEXAS—Continued

Bag limits and possession: Two deer, 1 bear, 3 turkey gobblers a season; 10 squirrels a day; 12 in all of quail and chachalaca a day, 36 in 7 days, 36 of each in possession; 5 prairie chickens a day, 10 a season; 15 doves and white wings a day, 45 in 7 days or in possession; 25 in all of ducks, rails, coots, gallinules, Wilson snipe, plovers, and yellowlegs a day, but not more than 15 plovers and yellowlegs a day; 4 geese and brant a day, 12 in 7 days, but not more than 50 in all of waterfowl, rails, coots, gallinules, and shore birds a day or in possession, and not more than 50 game birds of all kinds in possession. Possession of all game permitted during open season and 10 days thereafter.

Interstate transportation: Export prohibited of all game, except that nonresident licensees may ship game lawfully possessed to his home for own use under affidavit (fee, 25 cents) that it was lawfully killed and will not be bartered or sold; provided that not more than two days' limit of migratory birds may be exported in any one calendar week. Game may be shipped to taxidermist for mounting under affidavit that shipper killed the specimen and that it is not being preserved for sale.

Game taken outside the State and legally exported may be possessed in like manner as game taken in State.

Sale: Sale prohibited of all protected game.

¹ Texas: North and south zones divided by line following center of main track of International & Great Northern Railroad from Laredo to San Antonio, Austin, and Longview, and the Texas & Pacific Railroad from Longview to Marshall and Texarkana. See also regulation 4 of migratory-bird treaty act regulations, footnote 2, p. 8.

UTAH

Open seasons: ¹	Dates inclusive
Deer (buck, with horns not less than 5 inches long) ²	Oct. 20-Oct. 30.
Bear.....	Sept. 1-May 1. ³
Rabbit, hare.....	No close season.
Duck, goose, brant, coot, gallinule, Wilson snipe or jack-snipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs (see exceptions).....	Oct. 1-Dec. 31.
Exceptions: In Beaver, Emery, Grand, Iron, Kane, Millard, Morgan, Rich, San Juan, Sevier, Summit, Uinta, Wasatch and Washington Counties.....	
Duck in Fish Lake Game Preserve.....	Oct. 1-Jan. 15.
	Oct. 1-Nov. 30.

No open season: Does, fawns, elk,⁴ antelope, sheep, goats, quail, any species of grouse or sage hens, Hungarian partridge, mourning dove,⁵ swans, wood duck, rail, bitterns, sand-hill crane, grebes, gulls, herons, loons, band-tailed pigeons, terns, and all shore birds (except Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Hunting and fishing licenses: Nonresident citizen: Game birds and fish, \$5; deer and bear, \$10; fish, \$3. Resident citizen (male): Game and fish, 12 to 16 years, \$1; 16 and over, \$2; females, 16 and over, \$1; guide, \$5. Aliens prohibited from hunting or fishing in State. Resident citizens, males under 12 and females under 16, not required to obtain licenses to fish. Issued by State fish and game commissioner or deputy, county clerk, or deputy or authorized agent.

Bag limits and possession: One buck a season; 25 ducks, geese, and brant a day, but not including more than 8 geese or brant; 15 Wilson snipe, 15 plovers and yellowlegs a day. Not more than 25 game birds in all may be taken in one day, and not more than 50 may be in possession at one time.

Interstate transportation: Export of all game prohibited, except under permit and regulations of commissioner.

Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed at any time, except that

UTAH—Continued

migratory game birds may be possessed only during open season where taken and first 10 days of close season. Person possessing game during close season in State must show lawful taking.

Sale: Sale of all game prohibited; except that rabbit, bear, and hides of deer legally killed may be sold.

¹ Utah: Commissioner may shorten or close the open season and reduce the bag limit on any species of game birds or animals needing additional protection.

² Person under 16 years of age not permitted to kill deer.

³ Bear destroying livestock may be killed at any time by stock owners or Government trappers.

⁴ Elk doing damage may be killed under authority of commissioner.

⁵ Commissioner, upon determining that quail, any species of grouse or sage hens, Hungarian partridges, or mourning doves have increased sufficiently, may prescribe an open season and fix bag limits on any such birds.

VERMONT

Open seasons:	Dates inclusive
Deer (with horns not less than 3 inches long) ¹	Nov. 2-Nov. 14.
Hare, rabbit.....	Oct. 1-Feb. 28.
Gray squirrel, ruffed grouse or partridge, woodcock.....	Oct. 1-Oct. 31.
Quail.....	Sept. 15-Nov. 30.
Duck, goose, brant, coot, gallinule.....	Sept. 16-Dec. 31.
Black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs, English or Wilson snipe (jacksnipe).....	Sept. 16-Nov. 30.
No open season: Elk, moose, caribou (1932); dogs, fawns, dove, rail; pheasants, European partridge (1932); swans, wood duck, auks, bitterns, sand-hill and whooping cranes, grebes, gulls, herons, jaegers, loons, murrets, petrels, terns, and all shore birds (except woodcock, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).	
Hunting and fishing licenses: Nonresident: Game and fish, \$10.50; fish, \$3.15. Resident: Game and fish, \$1.50; game, \$1; fish, \$1. Issued by town clerks. Citizen of United States who owns \$1,000 taxable property in Vermont pays same fees as resident. Alien resident who has not declared his intention, pays same fees as non-resident; declarant resident for six months in State pays same fees as resident.	
Hunting licenses not issued to persons under 16 without written consent of parent or guardian. Owners of farm lands and their resident minor children or tenants may hunt without a license on own lands during open season. Fishing license not required of persons under 15.	

Bag limits and possession: One deer a season,⁴ 4 each of ruffed grouse and woodcock a day, 25 each a season; 5 hares or rabbits a day or in possession; 4 gray squirrels, 4 quail, 20 ducks, 8 geese, 8 brant a day; 10 in all of plovers, yellowlegs, and Wilson snipe a day; 25 in all of coots and gallinules a day.

Possession of waterfowl, coots, and gallinules permitted during first 10 days of close season.

Interstate transportation: Export prohibited of all protected game, except hares and rabbits; provided, a nonresident licensee may export one deer under license coupon and one day's bag limit of game birds under permit, but must accompany shipment; resident may export (if not for sale) one day's bag limit of game birds under special permit from commissioner and one deer a season for sale, if it is tagged and license is presented to carrier for cancellation, but laws of State to which deer is shipped must be complied with. Packages containing game delivered to a common carrier for transportation must be tagged to show the number and kind of such game therein, names of consignor and consignee, station from which shipped, destination, and number of license. The license of the shipper must be presented to the agent of the transportation company for indorsement thereon of the quantity of game offered

VERMONT—Continued

Interstate transportation—Continued.

for transportation. Head, hides, feet, and fur of quadrupeds and plumage and skins of game birds legally killed and possessed may be transported without tags if accompanied by owner.

Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed as authorized by permit obtained from fish and game commissioner, except that migratory game birds may be possessed only during open season where taken and first 10 days of close season.

Sale: Sale of squirrels and all protected game birds prohibited; deer may be sold during open season and for a "reasonable time thereafter," and hares and rabbits during the open season. Head and hide of deer legally taken may be sold.

¹ *Vermont:* Landowner, member of his family, or authorized employee may kill deer doing damage to his fruit trees or crops; but the person under whose direction a deer is so killed must, within 12 hours, report the matter in a signed statement to the nearest fish and game warden. Deer may also be killed at any time in orchard zones established by the commissioner, but such killing must forthwith be reported to the owner of the orchard and the county warden.

VIRGINIA

Open seasons:¹*Dates inclusive*

Deer (male, with horns visible above the hair).....	Nov. 15–Dec. 31.
Elk (see exception).....	Dec. 15–Dec. 31. ²
<i>Exception:</i> In national forest areas.....	
Squirrel ³	No open season.
Rabbit, quail, or partridge, pheasant or grouse, wild turkey.....	Sept. 1–Jan. 31.
Ring-necked pheasant in Shenandoah County.....	Nov. 15–Jan. 31.
Dove.....	Nov. 15–Nov. 25.
Duck, goose, brant, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, coot, mudhen, gallinule.....	Sept. 1–Dec. 15.
Black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs.....	Nov. 1–Jan. 31. ⁴
Woodcock.....	Aug. 16–Nov. 30.
Rail, other than coot and gallinule.....	Nov. 1–Dec. 31.
Reedbird (see Order, p. 43).....	Sept. 1–Nov. 30.
No open season: Does, fawns, swans, wood duck, elder ducks, auks, bitterns, sand-hill crane, fulmars, gannet, grebes, gulls, herons, loons, murrelets, petrels, shearwaters, terns, and all shore birds (except woodcock, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).	Aug. 16–Nov. 15.

Hunting and fishing licenses: Nonresident:⁵ Game, \$10; angling, \$2.50 (not required in tidal waters, or of guest of resident). Alien: Game, \$20 (alien owner of real estate resident for five years, same as resident). Resident: Game, State, \$3; county of residence, \$1. Issued by clerks of circuit and corporation courts.

Residents and nonresidents and their children may hunt on own land during open season without license; tenant, under written consent of owner or landlord, may hunt (during open season without license) on lands on which he resides.

Bag limits and possession: One elk a season; 1 deer a day, 2 a season; 2 turkeys a day, 6 a season; 4 grouse a day, 20 a season; 15 quail a day, 150 a season; 25 doves a day, 250 a season; 6 woodcock a day, 25 a season; 25 ducks a day, 350 a season; 8 geese a day, 50 a season; 8 brant a day, 30 a season, but not more than 35 in all of ducks, geese, and brant a day on Back Bay, Princess Anne County; 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs a day, 200 a season; 25 Wilson snipe a day, 250 a season; 50 sora a day, 500 a season; and 25 in all of other rails, coots, and gallinules a day, 250 a season. Possession of migratory game birds permitted during open season and 10 days thereafter, and of other game during the open season and 5 days thereafter.

VIRGINIA—Continued

Interstate transportation: Export of all protected game (except rabbits and squirrels) prohibited; provided, during the open season any licensee may, under his hunting license, take with him out of State, or as baggage on the same conveyance, 1 deer, 50 quail or partridges, 10 pheasants or grouse, 3 wild turkeys, 50 waterfowl, but not exceeding 100 in all, if killed or captured by himself, shipped open to view, and plainly labeled with his name and address; but more than two days' limit of geese and brant may not be exported by one person in one calendar week. Any citizen of State may ship from State during open season as a gift and not for sale (which fact must be stated on shipping tag), 1 deer, 18 quail or partridges, 6 pheasants, 3 wild turkeys, and 12 waterfowl, if open to view and plainly labeled with names and addresses of donor and donee and number and kind of each so shipped.

Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed in like manner as game taken in State.

Sale: Sale of all game prohibited, except of rabbits and squirrels during open season.

¹ *Virginia:* The board of supervisors of any county, upon written petition of 100 licensed resident hunters or landowners thereof, may shorten the current open season in their county, by providing an earlier closing date, make other restrictions not repugnant to law, and may include in such protection game not specifically mentioned. Also in extreme emergency, such as unusually heavy and continued snows or extraordinary severe weather threatening the extinction of game birds or game animals, the board may terminate by order the current hunting season, which order shall take effect 10 days after publication in a newspaper published in the county affected. Certified copies of all orders of boards or supervisors affecting hunting seasons must be mailed to the department of game and inland fisheries, Richmond, Va. (Code, section 3356, as amended in 1924.) For information concerning such changes, communicate with board of supervisors, county clerks, or department of game and inland fisheries.

² Elk doing damage to private property may be killed at any time under permit of commissioner of game and inland fisheries.

³ Residents of the State may kill rabbits and squirrels on their own lands at any time.

⁴ Wild fowl may not be hunted on Wednesdays, Saturdays, and Sundays, on Back Bay, Princess Anne County.

⁵ Residents of States having larger nonresident hunting license fee must pay fee charged in own State.

WASHINGTON

Open seasons:¹*Dates inclusive**West of Cascades—*

Deer (male), bear, and upland game birds, open seasons fixed by county game commissions.¹

Duck, goose, brant, coot, black-bellied and golden plovers, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, yellowlegs..... Oct. 1–Jan. 15. || Rail, other than coot..... | Oct. 1–Nov. 30. |

East of Cascades—

Deer (male), bear, and upland game birds, open seasons fixed by county game commissions.¹

Duck, goose, brant, coot, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs (see exception)..... Sept. 16–Dec. 31.² |

Exception: In Asotin, Benton, Chelan, Columbia, Garfield, Kittitas, Walla Walla, and Yakima Counties..... Oct. 1–Dec. 31. |

WASHINGTON—Continued

Open seasons—Continued. *Dates inclusive*
East of Cascades—Continued
 Rail, other than coot (see exception)..... Sept. 16-Nov. 30.

Exception: In Asotin, Benton, Chelan, Columbia, Garfield, Kittitas, Walla Walla, and Yakima Counties..... Oct. 1-Nov. 30.

No open season:¹ Moose, elk, does, fawns, caribou, mountain sheep, mountain goat, squirrels (gray, black, fox), and dove; swans, wood duck, eider ducks, auklets, auks, bitterns, little brown and sand-hill cranes, fulmars, grebes, guillemots, gulls, herons, jaegers, loons, murre, petrels, band-tailed pigeons, puffins, shearwaters, terns, and all shore birds (except Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Hunting and fishing licenses: Nonresident or alien: Hunting and fishing, State, \$10; fishing, county, \$2.50. Resident: State, \$7.50; county, \$1.50; guide, \$10. Issued by county auditors.

Aliens must have permit to carry firearms. Fishing license not required of women and persons under 16, if residents.

Bag limits and possession: For bag limits on deer, bear, and upland game birds, communicate with county game commission at county seat, or supervisor of game and game fish, Box 384, Seattle. Twenty ducks, geese, brant, golden plover, yellowlegs, Wilson snipe a week (week ends at midnight Saturday), but not more than 8 geese, 8 brant, 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs a day; 30 ducks, geese, and brant in possession; 50 sora and 25 in all of other rails, coots, and gallinules. Possession during close season permitted upon filing with county game commission description and number of each kind of game, which may be tagged or stamped by commission for identification, but migratory birds may not be possessed longer than the first 10 days after close of open season.

Interstate transportation: Export of all protected game prohibited, except that nonresident licensee may carry with him one day's limit of game birds upon attaching an affidavit that they were lawfully killed by himself and are not being exported for sale.

Game taken outside of State when accompanied by affidavit of chief game official may be possessed at any time for noncommercial use, except that migratory game birds may be possessed only during open season where taken and first 10 days of close season.

Sale: Sale of all protected game prohibited.

¹ *Washington:* County game commission, with consent of director of fisheries and game, may shorten, close, or open season and fix bag limits on game and fur animals and upland game birds. Communicate with county game commission at county seat, or supervisor of game and game fish, Box 384, Seattle.

² No open season on waterfowl on Columbia or Snake Rivers or within one-fourth mile of their shores in counties of Benton, Columbia, Douglas, Franklin, Garfield, Grant, Kittitas, Walla Walla, Whitman, and Yakima.

WEST VIRGINIA

Open seasons: *Dates inclusive*
 Rabbit (except on own land at any time)..... Oct. 1-Dec. 31.
 Squirrel (except red squirrel, unprotected)..... Sept. 28-Nov. 30.
 Ruffed grouse (pheasant)..... Oct. 15-Nov. 30.
 Quail (Virginia partridge)¹ (see exception)..... Nov. 1-Nov. 30.
Exception: In Marshall and Roane Counties, Nov. 1, 1929.
 Duck, goose, brant, coot, gallinule, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs.... Nov. 15-Dec. 31.

WEST VIRGINIA—Continued

Open seasons—Continued. *Dates inclusive*
 Woodcock, rail (ortolan), other than coot and gallinule..... Nov. 15-Nov. 30.

No open season: Elk (1931); deer, wild turkey (1927); dove, imported pheasants, capercaillie, and other introduced foreign game birds; swans, wood duck, bitterns, sand-hill crane, grebes, gulls, herons, jaegers, loons, terns, and all shore birds (except woodcock, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Hunting and fishing licenses: Nonresident: Game, \$15; fish, \$5; resident, game and fish, \$1; issued by county clerk. Aliens not permitted to hunt. License not required of minor under 15. Landowner, his resident children and tenants, may hunt or fish on own land during open season without a license. Unlawful to hunt or fish on lands of another without written permission of owner.

Bag limits and possession: Five rabbits a day; 8 squirrels a day, 60 a season; 10 quail a day, 60 a season; 4 ruffed grouse a day, 20 a season; 25 ducks, 8 geese, 8 brant, 6 woodcock, 25 Wilson snipe, 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs, 50 sora, and 25 in all of other rails, coot, and gallinules a day. Possession of migratory birds permitted during first 10 days of close season; other game legally taken may be possessed at any time.

Interstate transportation: Export prohibited of elk, deer, squirrels, quail, ruffed grouse (pheasant), wild turkeys, geese, brant, ducks. Not more than two days' limit of migratory birds (except waterfowl) may be exported by one person in any one calendar week.

Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed at any time, except that migratory game birds may be possessed only during open season where taken and first 10 days of close season.

Sale: Sale prohibited of all protected game, except that rabbits may be sold during open season.

Miscellaneous: Unlawful to discharge firearms across any public road, within 400 feet of any schoolhouse or church, within 500 feet of a dwelling house, or on or near any park or place where people gather for pleasure.

¹ *West Virginia:* Commission may change the dates in any county for the open season on quail, but may not permit more than 30 days' hunting.

WISCONSIN

Open seasons: *Dates inclusive*

Deer (male, not less than 1 year old) in Pierce, Barron, Eau Claire, Clark, Wood, Lincoln, Langlade, Oconto (north of Township 30), and all counties north thereof (except Marathon) (season closed in odd, open in even years)..... Dec. 1, 1926.

In Marathon and rest of State..... No open season.
 Rabbit (see exceptions)..... Oct. 1-Feb. 1.

Exceptions: In Crawford, Grant, Polk, Richland, and Vernon Counties, unprotected.

In counties south of north line of Buffalo, Trempealeau, Jackson, Wood, Portage, Waupaca, Outagamie, Brown, and Kewaunee.... Nov. 1-Jan. 31.
 Squirrels (see exception).... Nov. 1-Feb. 1.

Exception: In Crawford, Richland, and Vernon Counties..... Oct. 1-Jan. 1.

In Dodge, Fond du Lac, Jefferson, Kenosha, Milwaukee, Ozaukee, Racine, Walworth, Washington, and Waukesha Counties.. No open season.

WISCONSIN—Continued

Open seasons—Continued.		Dates inclusive
Partridge or ruffed grouse, spruce hen (see exception).....	Exception: In Calumet, Manitowoc, and Winnebago Counties.....	Oct. 4–Oct. 8.
Prairie chicken or pinnated grouse, sharp-tailed grouse (see exception).....	Exception: In Barron, Calumet, Columbia, Crawford, Dane, Dunn, Fond du Lac, Grant, Green, Iowa, Jefferson, Kenosha, La Crosse, Lafayette, Lincoln, Manitowoc, Milwaukee, Oneida, Ozaukee, Polk, Racine, Richland, Rock, Sauk, St. Croix, Vernon, Walworth, Washington, Waushara, Waupaca, and Winnebago Counties.....	No open season.
Partridge and spruce hen (see exception).....	Exception: In Calumet, Columbia, Crawford, Grant, Iowa, Lafayette, Manitowoc, Polk, Richland, Sauk, Vernon, and Winnebago Counties.....	Sept. 19–Sept. 22.
Woodcock.....		No open season.
Duck, coot, or mudhen, gallinule, Wilson snipe or jack-snipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs.....		Oct. 3–Oct. 6.
Goose, brant.....		Oct. 1–Nov. 30.
Rail, other than coot and gallinule.....		Sept. 16–Dec. 20.
		Sept. 16–Dec. 31.
		Sept. 16–Nov. 30.
No open season: Elk, moose, quail, pheasants (Chinese, English, Mongolian), Hungarian partridge (except as above), dove, swans, wood duck, eider ducks, auks, bitterns, little brown, sand-hill, and whooping cranes, grebes, guillemots, gulls, herons, loons, murres, terns, and all shore birds (except Wilson snipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).		
Hunting and fishing licenses: Nonresident: All game, \$50; all game (except deer), \$25; fish, \$3; (3 shipping coupons, \$2 additional); fishing license not required of person under 16; settler, \$1 (deer tag, 50 cents); guide, \$1. Issued by commission. Resident: Game, \$1 (deer tag, 50 cents additional). Issued by county clerks.		
Hunting licenses not issued to persons under 15 or to aliens. Hunting prohibited in fields of growing grain or on lands of another without consent of owner.		
Bag limits and possession: One male deer in even years; 5 squirrels a day; 5 rabbits a day in counties where protected; other counties, no limit; 5 partridge and spruce hens a day; 5 prairie chickens and sharp-tailed grouse a day; 6 woodcock; 8 geese, 8 brant a day. Ducks (including coot or mud hen), 15 a day; plovers, snipe, rail, rice hen, 15 a day; 15 yellowlegs, but not more than 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs a day.		
Possession at any time of deer duly tagged permitted for private use by person killing it.		
Possession at any time prohibited of game by person without hunting license or scientist's certificate.		
Interstate transportation: Export of all protected game prohibited, except that nonresident licensee may transport, between December 1 and 10, inclusive (1926), 1 deer duly tagged, if he accompanies shipment and may take in his personal possession, openly, a mixed bag of not more than 20 game birds legally killed, but not more than the bag limit for one day of any one variety.		
Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed as authorized by permit from conservation commissioner, except that migratory game birds may be possessed only during open season where taken and first 10 days of close season.		
Sale: Sale of all protected game prohibited (except rabbit). Rabbits may be sold during open season.		

WYOMING

Open seasons: ¹		Dates inclusive
Deer (with horns) (see exception).....	Exception: In Lincoln, Park, Sheridan, Sublette, and Teton Counties.....	Oct. 1–Oct. 15.
	In Big Horn, Campbell, Crook, Goshen, Niobrara, and Weston Counties.....	Sept. 15–Nov. 15.
Elk in Lincoln, Teton, Sublette, Park, and Fremont Counties (except between Roaring Fork Creek and Big Sandy River on the west slope of Wind River Mountains in Bridger National Forest, and north of Big Wind River and south of Sweetwater River in Fremont County).....		Nov. 1–Nov. 15.
Sheep (mature male with horns not less than one-half curl).....		Sept. 15–Nov. 15.
Bull moose, buck antelope (see exception).....	Exception: Antelope in Albany, Campbell, Carbon, Fremont, Goshen, Hot Springs, Johnson, Laramie, Niobrara, Sheridan, Sweetwater, and Uinta Counties.....	Sept. 15–Nov. 15.
Grouse (other than sage grouse) (see exception).....	Exception: In Albany, Big Horn, Converse, Goshen, Hot Springs, Johnson, Laramie, Natrona, Niobrara, Park, Platte, Uinta, and Washakie Counties.....	Sept. 15–Nov. 15.
		Oct. 1–Nov. 15.
		Oct. 1, 1927.
Sage grouse (see exception).....	Exception: In Big Horn, Goshen, Hot Springs, Laramie, Niobrara, Park, Platte, and Washakie Counties.....	Aug. 15–Aug. 31.
Duck, goose, coot, gallinule, black-bellied and golden plovers, Wilson snipe, yellowlegs, Rail, other than coot and gallinule.....		No open season.
		Sept. 16–Dec. 16.
		Sept. 1–Nov. 30.
No open season: Elk (except as above), does and fawns, buffalo, quail, Mongolian pheasants, prairie chicken (1927); dove, swans, wood duck, bitterns, little brown and sand-hill cranes, grebes, gulls, herons, loons, terns, and all shore birds (except Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).		
Hunting and fishing licenses: Nonresident: General, \$50 (not issued to minor under 16; authorizes hunting of bears, Sept. 1–June 15, limit, 1 grizzly and 3 in all of bears); nonresident hunting big game must be accompanied by a guide, but not more than 3 may hunt under one guide; birds, \$5 (not issued to minor under 16); fish, \$3 (not required of minor under 12). Bear, \$25 (issued by commissioner; authorizes killing of 3 bears at such times as may be designated). Resident: General, \$2.50 (not issued to minor under 16); birds, \$1.50 (not issued to minor under 14); fish, \$1 (not required of G. A. R. veterans, or minors under 12 years of age). Guide: Citizen only, \$25 (bond, \$500—may guide party of 3 nonresidents at one time). Permit to photograph game or birds, under supervision of commission, January 1–April 30, \$5. Permit to hunt bear in State game preserves, \$5; permit to hunt bear in national forests outside of State game preserves, \$5, and \$1 for each dog. Taxidermist, \$10. Licenses issued by commissioner, justice of peace, assistant and deputy wardens, and county and city clerks. Unlawful to hunt on inclosed lands of another without consent of owner. Licensee required to make sworn statement, on or before December 1, showing whether or not any game animals have been killed by him, and if so the number and sex of		

WYOMING—Continued

Hunting and fishing licenses—Continued.

each kind, time and place of killing, and name of guide present when killing was done. Special permits for moose and antelope; see footnote.¹

Bag limits and possession: One deer, 1 elk, 1 sheep, a season; under special permit,² 1 moose, 1 antelope a season; 6 sage hens, sage chickens, or grouse; 8 geese, 15 other game birds a day; possession limited to 15 game birds of which not more than 6 may be sage hens, sage chickens, or grouse.

Interstate transportation: Export of all protected game prohibited; provided, game may be exported if properly tagged by a justice of the peace, fee 50 cents. Game tags issued under affidavit that game was lawfully killed, and if for edible portion, that it is not for sale. Not more than 50 ducks, 16 geese, 16 brant, 50 Wilson snipe, 30 in all of plovers and yellowlegs, or 50 in all of rails, coots, and gallinules may be exported by one person in any one calendar week.

Game taken outside of State and legally exported may be possessed at any time, except that migratory game birds may be possessed only

WYOMING—Continued

during open season where taken and first 10 days of close season. Person possessing game during close season in State must show lawful taking.

Sale: Sale of all game of State prohibited; provided, the sale of game (except edible portion) is permitted when properly tagged. Justice of peace issues tags (fee, 50 cents), under affidavit that game was lawfully captured or killed. Sale of migratory birds prohibited.

¹ *Wyoming:* The State game and fish commission may suspend open season in any county or district of State on any species of game when threatened with extinction.

² State game and fish commission may permit bull moose and buck antelope to be killed from Oct. 1 to Oct. 31. Commission may issue not to exceed 100 permits for bull moose and 300 for buck antelope. Bull moose: Fees, resident citizen, \$50; nonresident or noncitizen, \$100; limit, 1 a season. Buck antelope: Fees, resident citizen, \$25; nonresident or noncitizen, \$50; limit, 1 a season.

CANADA

The migratory-bird convention act of August 29, 1917, as amended in 1919 and 1925, and the regulations thereunder, promulgated by the Governor General in council, are similar to the migratory-bird treaty act and regulations in that they give effect to and conform with the provisions of the treaty between the United States and Great Britain for the protection of migratory birds in the United States and Canada. Full text of the regulations, as amended, will be found in separate publication (see footnote 2, p. 8).

Canada also has a general law prohibiting export of deer in the carcass or parts thereof (except as to cured deer heads and hides of deer and except carcasses and parts of deer raised on private preserves); and wild turkey, quail, partridge, prairie fowl, and woodcock; but subject to Provincial laws and under a permit from the collector of customs a nonresident licensee, on not more than two occasions during one calendar year, may export, during the open season in the Province where killed and within 15 days thereafter, not more than the whole or parts of one moose and of three deer not being moose, legally shot by him for sport and not for gain or hire; provided, however, that a nonresident licensee may export from Yukon territory in one year the hides and heads of not more than two moose, four caribou, and four deer not being moose or caribou. Such licensee, at any port of export, may make an export entry in duplicate of such deer or parts thereof upon subscribing before the collector of customs a declaration to be annexed to said export entry, producing his license or permit for shooting the deer to the collector of customs who shall indorse thereon a description of the quantity and parts entered for exportation, and thereupon, if satisfied as to the identity of the sportsman and that the exportation is not prohibited, may issue his permit under the seal of the customs house for the export of the deer or parts thereof, which permit must accompany the shipment. The ports of export are Halifax and Yarmouth, Nova Scotia; McAdams Junction, St. John, and St. Stephens, New Brunswick; Montreal, Quebec, Sherbrooke, Beebe Junction, and St. Armand, Quebec; Bridgeburg, Brockville, Kingston, Ottawa, Port Arthur, Prescott, Niagara Falls, Sarnia, Sault Ste. Marie, Toronto, and Windsor, Ontario; Emerson, Manitoba; North Portal, Saskatchewan; Coutts, Alberta; Kingsgate and Waneta, British Columbia; White Horse, Yukon Territory, and all other customs ports and outports on the frontier of the United States; and such others as the minister of customs may designate.

ALBERTA

Open seasons: ¹	<i>Dates inclusive</i>
Deer, moose, caribou (must have horns at least 4 inches long).....	Nov. 1-Dec. 14. ²
Sheep (male), goat (must have horns at least 4 inches long).....	Sept. 1-Oct. 31.
Grouse, partridge, prairie chicken ptarmigan.....	Oct. 1-Oct. 31.
European gray partridge (Hungarian partridge) (south North Saskatchewan River only—north, no open season).....	Sept. 15-Nov. 15.

ALBERTA—Continued

Open seasons —Continued.	<i>Dates inclusive</i>
Duck, goose, brant, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs, rail, coot, gallinule.....	Sept. 15-Dec. 14.
No open season: Elk or wapiti, buffalo; females of deer, moose, sheep, young of all big game with horns less than 4 inches in length, antelope (1926); pheasant, dove, swans, wood duck, bitterns, little brown, sand-hill, and whooping cranes, grebes, gulls, herons, jaegers, loons, terns, and all shore birds (except Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).	

ALBERTA—Continued

Hunting licenses:² Nonresident; General, \$25; bird, \$5. Resident: Big game, \$1; birds, \$2.25; not required of farmer or member of family residing with him on farm nor of residents residing north of fifty-fifth parallel; guide, \$2.50 (guide may not act for more than three persons on any trip). Special license: Nonresident, \$25; resident, \$2.50 (issued to holders of general licenses and authorizes taking of deer, moose, and caribou in Rocky Mountain Forest Reserves of Alberta, September 1 to October 31, inclusive). Taxidermist, \$5. Issued by minister of agriculture.

Bag limits and possession: Deer, moose, caribou, sheep, goat, 1 of each species a season; grouse, partridge, prairie chicken, ptarmigan, 10 a day, 50 a season; Hungarian partridge, 15 a day, 75 a season; 30 ducks a day, 200 a season; 15 geese, 15 brant; 25 in all of frails and coots, 25 Wilson snipe, and 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs a day. Migratory game birds legally taken during the open season may be possessed until March 31.

Export: Export of all protected game prohibited, except that minister of agriculture may grant permits for export of game at the rate of \$5 for each head of big game and \$1 per dozen for game birds. The holder of a general nonresident license may take with him out of Province as trophies, heads, skins, and hoofs of big game legally killed by him. Any person may export mounted or branded heads at a fee of \$1 for each head. Export of migratory birds prohibited during close season.

Sale: Sale of the flesh of all game prohibited. Heads of big game before being sold must be stamped by minister of agriculture at fee of \$5 for elk, caribou, moose, sheep; and \$2 each for deer and goat.

¹ Alberta: Resident north of fifty-fifth parallel, when necessary to provide food for his family, may kill big game (other than buffalo and elk) and scoters.

² Deer, moose, and caribou (big game must have horns at least 4 inches long), open season under special license in Rocky Mountain Forest Reserves of Alberta, Sept. 1 to Oct. 31, inclusive (see Hunting licenses).

BRITISH COLUMBIA¹

Open seasons: ²	Dates inclusive
Bull moose in Fort George and Omineca electoral districts and north main line Canadian National Railway in Atlin electoral district and south of said railway in Cariboo electoral district.....	Sept. 1-Dec. 15.
In Columbia electoral district (except west of Columbia River).....	Oct. 1-Oct. 31.
Bull caribou, except south and east of main line Canadian National Railway and except on Queen Charlotte Islands.....	Sept. 1-Dec. 15.
In eastern district, between the main lines of Canadian National and Canadian Pacific Railways....	Sept. 15-Oct. 15.
Bull elk (Wapiti) in Fernie and Cranbrook electoral districts and in Columbia electoral district (except west of Columbia River).....	Oct. 1-Oct. 15.
Male mountain sheep, north Canadian National Railway and in Cariboo electoral district south of fifty-second parallel and west of Fraser River, and in Lillooet electoral district, west of Fraser River.....	Sept. 1-Nov. 15.
In Fernie, Cranbrook, and Columbia electoral districts.....	Oct. 1-Oct. 31.
Mountain goat in northern district and in eastern district (except south main line Cana-	

BRITISH COLUMBIA—Continued

Open seasons—Continued.	Dates inclusive
dian Pacific Railway, Sept. 15-Dec. 15).....	Sept. 1-Dec. 15.
In western district (except Vancouver Island).....	Sept. 12-Nov. 30.
Buck deer (mule, white-tail, and coast) in northern and eastern districts (except white-tail in north and south Okanagan and Similkameen electoral districts and west of summit of Midway Mountains in Grand Forks-Greenwood electoral district).....	Sept. 15-Dec. 15.
In western district (except Queen Charlotte Islands and north and south Saanich and Highland districts, Vancouver Island).....	Sept. 12-Nov. 30.
In Highland district, Vancouver Island.....	Sept. 12-Sept. 30.
Bear (except white or Kermodei bear) in northern district.....	Sept. 1-June 30.
In Eastern district.....	Sept. 15-June 30.
In Western district (except Vancouver Island, Nov. 1-May 31).....	Sept. 1-June 15.
Duck, goose, brant, rail, coot, gallinule, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs: Northern and eastern districts and in western district, north of fifty-second parallel ²	Sept. 15-Dec. 31.
Duck, rail, coot, and gallinule, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs: Western district—south of fifty-second parallel.....	Oct. 15-Jan. 31.
Goose, brant: Western district—south of fifty-second parallel.....	Nov. 1-Feb. 15.

No open season: Buffalo, young of goat, and moose, caribou, elk, deer, and sheep, except males as above; swans, wood duck, band-tailed pigeons, little brown and sand-hill cranes, auklets, auks, hiberns, fulmars, grebes, guillemots, gulls, herons, jagers, loons, murre, petrels, puffins, shearwaters, terns, and all shore birds (except Wilson snipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Hunting and fishing licenses: Nonresident: General, \$25 and \$25 additional for each grizzly bear, moose, sheep, wapiti, or caribou, \$15 additional for each black or brown bear, mountain goat, or mule deer, and \$5 additional for every deer of any other species shot by him; bear, January 1-July 1, \$25; angling, season \$10, or \$1 a day up to ten days; British subject, birds \$5 a week. Resident British subjects or farmers as defined under Game Act, and members of Army, Navy, air forces, or militia on duty in Province: Deer and birds, \$2.50; big game and birds, \$5. Big game, birds, and trapping, \$10 (holder must report within two months after expiration of license number of big game or fur animals taken); resident alien, \$10 (big game and game birds only); guide, \$5; taxidermist, \$5. Issued by warden or any person authorized by him.

No fee required of farmer holding over 10 acres of land or members of family for license to hunt birds and deer on land on which he resides. Free license granted to resident prospector under certain conditions upon production of free miner's certificate. No license issued to person under 18 without written consent of parent or guardian, and then to hunt with firearms only under supervision of licensed adult. Unlawful to hunt on cultivated, cleared, or inclosed land without owner's consent.

Badge to be worn by licensee. Firearms not to be carried without license.

BRITISH COLUMBIA—Continued

Bag limits and possession: One moose, 2 caribou (except in eastern district between main lines Canadian National and Canadian Pacific Railways, limit 1), 1 elk (wapiti), 2 sheep of any one species, 3 in all (except in Fernie, Cranbrook, Columbia, Cariboo, and Lillooet electoral districts, limit 1), 2 goats, 2 deer in northern and eastern districts, 3 in western district, 3 bear of any species (except 2 grizzly bear in northern district and 1 grizzly in eastern and western districts); 20 ducks a day, 150 a season; 10 geese a day, 50 a season; 10 brant a day, 50 a season; 25 in all of rail and coot, 25 Wilson snipe, and 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs a day. (Limits on other species of game fixed by regulations of lieutenant governor in council.) Game may be possessed for two weeks after close of open season. Unlawful for a dealer in skins to possess the skin of any wapiti (elk) or deer.

Export: Export prohibited of all game except under permit of the Game Conservation Board.
Sale: Sale of migratory game birds prohibited and of all other game, except under regulations of lieutenant governor in council.

¹ *British Columbia:* Regulations prescribing seasons, bag limits, and restrictions on the sale of upland game birds for season 1925-26 are adopted by the lieutenant governor in council. Full information may be had from the secretary, Game Conservation Board, Vancouver, British Columbia.

² *Northern district* includes electoral district of Atlin and that portion of Province north of main line Canadian National Railway and east of Cascades. *Eastern district* includes that portion of Province lying east of the summit of the Cascades and south Canadian National Railway, and, so far as migratory birds are concerned, east of Alta Lake Railway Station on the Pacific Great Eastern Railway in the Lillooet electoral district. *Western district* includes that portion of the Province not included in the northern and eastern districts, namely, west of the summit of the Cascades and south of Atlin electoral district, except for migratory birds east of Alta Lake Railway Station on the Pacific Great Eastern Railway.

MANITOBA

Open seasons:	Dates inclusive
Deer, moose, caribou, or reindeer (males).....	Dec. 1-Dec. 10.
Ptarmigan.....	Oct. 1-Oct. 20.
Prairie chicken, partridge, ruffed grouse.....	Oct. 15-Oct. 22.
Duck (in portion of Province north of fifty-third parallel, Sept. 1-Nov. 30), goose, brant, rail, coot, Wilson snipe.....	Sept. 15-Nov. 30.

No open season: Bison or Buffalo, elk or wapiti, antelope or cabri, females and young of big game, dove, quail, pheasant, Hungarian partridge, introduced game bird (1927); swans, wood duck, eider ducks, bitterns, little brown, sand-hill, and whooping cranes, grebes, gulls, herons, jaegers, loons, terns, and all shore birds (except Wilson snipe or jacksnipe).

Hunting licenses: Nonresident alien, big game, \$25; birds, \$25. Nonresident British, big game, \$15; birds, \$10. Resident, big game, \$5; birds, \$2. Issued by minister of agriculture. License to hunt deer not issued after November 30. Hunting prohibited on inclosed or cultivated land or land covered by buildings or water, without consent of owner. No license required of farmers or members of family to hunt on farm on which they reside. Holder of resident bird license required, on or before December 15, to return license with sworn statement that he has not violated the act.

Bag limits and possession: One in all of deer, moose, and caribou a season; 15 ptarmigan a day, 50 a season; prairie chicken, 35 a season; partridge

MANITOBA—Continued

or ruffed grouse, 25 a season; 20 ducks a day in September, 40 a day in October and November, 200 a season; 10 geese, 15 brant, 25 in all of rails and coots, and 25 Wilson snipe a day. Possession of ptarmigan, prairie chicken, partridge, and grouse allowed for 10 days after close of hunting season and of migratory game birds until March 31. Venison for private use may be possessed at any time on proof of legal killing. Heads and hides of big game legally taken, within or without Province, may be possessed at any time.

Export: Export prohibited of all protected game except under permit issued by department of agriculture. No permit may be issued for export of ptarmigan, prairie chicken, partridge, grouse, geese, ducks, or entire carcass of any moose, caribou, or deer; provided, nonresident licensee under permit issued free may export carcass of moose, caribou, or deer, and not more than 50 geese and 50 ducks killed by him. (No duck may be exported before October 1.) Export of migratory birds prohibited during close season.

Sale: Sale of all protected game prohibited except heads and hides of big game.

Miscellaneous: Hunters must wear complete outer suit and cap of white material.

NEW BRUNSWICK

Open seasons:	Dates inclusive
Deer (see exception).....	Sept. 15-Nov. 30.
Exception: On Grand Manan, Campobello, ¹ and Deer Islands.....	No open season.
Bull moose.....	Oct. 1-Nov. 30.
Partridge.....	Oct. 1-Oct. 31.
Duck, goose, brant, rail, coot, gallinule (see exception).....	Sept. 15-Dec. 31.
Exception: Islands in the Grand Manan group.....	Oct. 15-Jan. 31.
Woodcock, jacksnipe or Wilson snipe.....	Oct. 1-Nov. 30.
Black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs.....	Aug. 15-Nov. 30.

No open season: Caribou (Oct. 1, 1927); calf under 3 years and cow moose; pheasant, partridge, swans, wood duck, eider ducks, auks, bitterns, fulmars, gannet, grebes, guillemots, gulls, herons, jaegers, loons, murrelets, petrels, puffins, shearwaters, terns, and all shore birds (except woodcock, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Hunting and fishing licenses: Nonresident: General, \$50; bird, \$25; trout, \$10; salmon, \$25. Resident: Big game, \$3; taxidermist, \$1; guide, \$1; camp help, \$1. Big game license not issued to person under 18. Issued by minister of lands and mines and authorized vendors. Nonresident licensee must have registered guide, and not more than two hunters may accompany one guide.

Bag limits and possession: Two deer, 1 moose (lumber camp limited to 2 moose and 4 deer) a season; 5 partridges a day, 20 a season; 25 ducks, 15 geese, 15 brant, 25 in all of rails, coot, gallinules, 10 woodcock, 25 Wilson snipe, and 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs a day. Game may be kept for personal use in cold storage during close season under permit, but migratory game birds may not be possessed after January 31.

Export: Export of all game prohibited, except under license tags and permit from minister of lands and mines.

Sale: Sale of all game prohibited, except that a licensed hunter may sell moose or deer which he has lawfully killed. Keepers of hotels, inns, etc., may serve game during open season and 15 days thereafter. Hides and skins of animals may be sold under license by nonresidents or aliens, fee, \$25; and residents, fee, \$5.

¹ *New Brunswick:* Minister of lands and mines may issue license (fee, \$1) to resident of Grand Manan or Campobello Island to take 1 deer, Dec. 1-Dec. 10.

NORTHWEST TERRITORIES¹

Open seasons: ²		Dates inclusive
Deer and moose (males only), mountain goat	.....	Sept 1-Mar. 31.
Mountain sheep, caribou	.....	(Aug. 1-Sept. 30; Dec. 1-Mar. 31.
Partridge, prairie chicken, ptarmigan, and other grouse	.....	Sept. 1-Dec. 31.
Duck, goose, brant, rail, coot, gallinule, Wilson snipe, black- bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs	.....	Sept. 1-Dec. 14.

No open season: Buffalo or bison; musk-ox, wapiti or elk, does, cow moose; females of caribou, sheep, and goat with young, and young of any such animals; swans (1928); wood duck. Hunting or trapping prohibited on Victoria and Banks Islands and the Peel River, Yellowknife, Backs River, and Slave River Preserves, reserved as hunting and trapping grounds for native Indians, Eskimos, and half-breeds; auks, bitterns, little brown and sand-hill cranes, fulmars, grebes, guillemots, gulls, jaegers, loons, murrees, terns, and all shore birds (except Wilson snipe or jack-snipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Hunting and trapping licenses: General: Non-resident, \$150; nonresident British subject, \$75; resident, \$2; birds, nonresident, \$5. Trading or trafficking in game: Nonresident, \$300; nonresident British subject, \$150; resident, \$5. Issued by director of Northwest Territories. Licensee, on or before July 1, must return license to nearest game officer or warden with a statement of number of each kind of game killed, or trafficked in. Native born Indians, Eskimos, or half-breeds bona fide residents of Northwest Territories may hunt without a license.

Bag limits and possession: Two bull moose, 2 male deer, 4 caribou; mountain sheep, 2 of any species, 3 in all; mountain goat, 2 of any species a season; 25 ducks, 15 geese, 15 brant, 25 in all of rails, coot, and gallinules, 25 Wilson snipe, and 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs a day. Migratory game birds legally taken during open season may be possessed until April 14.

Export: Export of the meat of any game prohibited.

Sale: Sale of game illegally taken prohibited.

¹ "Northwest Territories means the northwest territories formerly known as Rupert's Land and the northwestern territory (except such portions thereof as are included in the Provinces of Ontario, Quebec, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta and the Yukon Territory), together with all British territories and possessions in North America and all islands adjacent thereto not included within any Province, except the colony of Newfoundland and its dependencies."

² Indians, Eskimos, bona fide inhabitants, explorers, and surveyors may take game, except buffalo, musk-ox, or elk, and the eggs of birds when actually needing them to prevent starvation.

NOVA SCOTIA

Open seasons:		Dates inclusive
Deer, male (except in counties of Cape Breton, Inverness, and Victoria, no open sea- son) ¹	.....	Oct. 16-Oct. 31.
Moose, bulls (except on Cape Breton Island, no open sea- son) ¹	.....	Oct. 1-Nov. 15.
Hare, rabbit	.....	Nov. 1-Feb. 28.
Ruffed grouse (birch partridge)	.....	Oct. 1-Oct. 31.
Duck, goose, brant, rail, coot, gallinule (see exceptions)	.....	Sept. 15-Dec. 31.
<i>Exceptions:</i> Goose, brant, in Shelburne and Queens Counties (only persons holding license from minister)	.....	Nov. 1-Feb. 14.
Duck, rail, in Yar- mouth and Shelburne Counties	.....	Oct. 15-Jan. 31.
Woodcock, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe	.....	Oct. 1-Nov. 30.
Black-bellied and golden plo- vers, yellowlegs	.....	Aug. 15-Nov. 30.

NOVA SCOTIA—Continued

No open season: Caribou (1930); females and young of deer and moose; Canada grouse (spruce partridge), pheasant; swans, wood duck, elder ducks, auks, bitterns, fulmars, gannet, grebes, guillemots, gulls, herons, jaegers, loons, murrees, petrels, puffins, shearwaters, terns, and all shore birds (except woodcock, Wilson snipe or jack-snipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Hunting licenses: Nonresident: All game, \$40; birds and small game, except woodcock and snipe, \$15, nonresident paying taxes equal to license fee, \$10; military or naval officer stationed in Province, \$5; resident alien, \$10. Resident: Big game, \$2; guide, \$2. Taxidermist, \$5. Issued by commissioner of forests and game and municipal clerks.

Bag limits and possession: One deer, 1 moose a season; 5 ruffed grouse, 25 ducks, 15 geese, 15 brant, 25 in all of rails, coot, and gallinules, 10 woodcock, 25 Wilson snipe, and 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs a day. The green hide or fresh meat of big game may be possessed as follows: Moose, October 1 to November 20; deer, October 16 to November 3, and migratory game birds legally taken during open season may be possessed until the last day of February.

Export: Export prohibited of all protected game, except that holder of nonresident general license may ship out of Province under license tag 1 moose lawfully shot by himself.

Sale: Sale of deer, moose, caribou, pheasant, black-cock, capercaillie, Canada grouse (spruce partridge), chukar partridge, ruffed grouse, and all migratory game birds, prohibited. Rabbits may be sold November 4 to February 1 and any game bird other than those above mentioned, during the open season, with the exception of the first three days.

¹ Nova Scotia: Every person killing a deer or moose must, within 10 days, make a written and signed report to the commissioner of forests and game showing his address, when and where such animal was killed, and its sex.

ONTARIO

Open seasons: ¹		Dates inclusive
Deer, bull moose, caribou, north of main line Canadian Government Railway, be- tween Quebec and Mani- toba boundary lines	.....	Sept. 15-Nov. 15.
South of Canadian Gov- ernment Railway to French and Mattawa Rivers	.....	Oct. 25-Nov. 30.
South of French and Mat- tawa Rivers (see excep- tion)	.....	Nov. 5-Nov. 20.
<i>Exception:</i> Deer in St. Edmund, Lindsay, Eastnor, Albemarle, and Greenock Town- ships, Bruce County.	.....	No open season.
Hare	.....	Unprotected.
Woodcock	.....	Sept. 15-Nov. 30.
Duck, goose, brant, black- bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs, jacksnipe or Wil- son snipe, rail, coot, galli- nule (see exception)	.....	Sept. 1-Dec. 15.
<i>Exception:</i> Elder duck, north of Quebec, Coch- rane, Winnipeg line of Canadian National Rail- way, only	.....	Sept. 1-Dec. 15.
No open season: Cow and calf moose and young of moose and caribou under 1 year of age; black or gray squirrels, quail, ruffed grouse or partridge, pheasant or prairie fowl, wild turkey; dove, swans, wood duck, auks, bitterns; little brown, sand-hill, and whooping cranes; gannet, grebes, guillemots, gulls, herons, jaegers, loons, murrees, petrels, terns, and all shore birds (except wood- cock, Wilson snipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).		

ONTARIO—Continued

Hunting licenses: Nonresident: General, \$41; game birds and rabbits, \$21. Resident: Moose and caribou, \$6; deer, \$4; camp license, \$4 (allows 1 deer to 2 residents for food in camp). Guide, \$2. Issued by department of game and fisheries.

Bag limits and possession: One deer, 1 bull moose, 1 caribou a season; 25 ducks a day, 200 a season; 15 geese, 15 brant, 25 in all of rails, coot, and gallinules, 10 woodcock, 25 Wilson snipe, and 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs a day. Two or more persons hunting together under license may kill an average of 1 deer each. Possession of all game legally taken permitted during open season and until March 31.

Export: The export of all wild game animals and birds is prohibited; provided, 1 deer, 1 bear, 100 ducks, and either 1 bull moose, reindeer or caribou may be exported under nonresident hunting license if shipping coupon and, if required, affidavit of lawful killing be attached and contents of packages be open to view. Minister may issue permit for the export of game, dead or alive, at any time, except migratory birds, during close season.

Sale: Sale of migratory game birds, quail, and ruffed grouse or partridge prohibited. All other native game may be sold during the open season by the person killing it, and by dealers during open season and until the following January 1, under license; hotels, restaurants, and clubs under license may sell during closed season to March 31.

¹ Ontario: Lieutenant governor in council may alter the current close season on any game animal or game bird whose numbers have diminished.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND

Open seasons:	Dates inclusive
Hare, rabbit.....	Nov. 1-Feb. 1.
Duck, goose, brant, rail, coot, gallinule.....	Sept. 1-Dec. 14.
Woodcock, jacksnipe or Wilson snipe.....	Sept. 15-Nov. 30.
Black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs.....	Aug. 15-Nov. 30.

No open season: Partridge (1927); pheasant, swans, wood duck, elder ducks, bitterns, little brown crane, gannet, grebes, guillemots, gulls, herons, jaegers, loons, murrelets, petrels, shearwaters, terns, and all shore birds (except woodcock, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Hunting licenses: Nonresident, \$15; if applicant pays taxes on real estate valued at \$325, fee \$5; sons and brothers of residents returning for visit, \$2.50; guest, \$2. Issued by game inspectors and tax collectors. Hunting on inclosed lands without permission of owner prohibited.

Bag limits and possession: Twenty-five ducks, 15 geese, 15 brant, 25 in all of rails, coot, and gallinules, 10 woodcock, 25 Wilson snipe, and 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs a day. Migratory game birds legally taken in open season may be possessed until January 31.

Export: Export prohibited of all game except geese and brant; provided, nonresident licensee may carry out of Province 12 birds killed by himself if tagged and carried open to view. Export of migratory birds prohibited during close season.

Sale: Game lawfully killed (except migratory birds) may be sold.

QUEBEC

Open seasons:	Dates inclusive.
Moose (see exception).....	Sept. 10-Dec. 31.
Exception: South of St. Lawrence River.....	Sept. 20-Dec. 31.
Caribou.....	Sept. 20-Dec. 31.
Deer.....	Sept. 1-Nov. 30.
Hare.....	Oct. 15-Jan. 31.
Bear.....	Aug. 20-June 30.
Bird or swamp partridge.....	Sept. 1-Dec. 14.
White partridge or ptarmigan.....	Nov. 1-Jan. 31.
Duck, goose, brant, rail, coot, gallinule, woodcock, jacksnipe or Wilson snipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs.....	Sept. 1-Dec. 15.

QUEBEC—Continued

No open season: Cow moose, young of deer, moose, and caribou, swans, wood duck, elder ducks (except north of Quebec, Cochrane, Winnipeg line, Canadian National Railway), auks, bitterns, fulmars, gannet, grebes, guillemots, gulls, herons, jaegers, loons, murrelets, petrels, puffins, shearwaters, terns, and all shore birds (except woodcock, Wilson snipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Hunting licenses: Nonresident: General, \$25 (members of incorporated hunting clubs, \$10). Resident, \$2 (not required of resident British subject hunting for own use); resident special, \$5 (3 deer and 3 caribou additional to limit). Issued by minister of colonization.

Bag limits and possession: Two deer, 1 moose, 2 caribou a season; 3 caribou and 3 deer under special resident license. Twenty-five ducks, 15 geese, 15 brant, 25 in all of rails, coot, and gallinules, 10 woodcock, 25 Wilson snipe, and 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs a day. Migratory game birds legally taken during open season may be possessed until March 31, and others during first 15 days of open season.

Export: Export of moose, caribou, and deer, or parts thereof, prohibited except under tags attached to nonresident license not later than 15 days after close of season; export of migratory birds prohibited during close season. Big game lawfully taken and coming from without Province may be transported under permit issued by minister of colonization (fee not to exceed \$5). Unlawful to export deer, moose, and caribou skins without payment of royalties prescribed by lieutenant governor in council.

Sale: Sale of birch or spruce partridge prohibited until October 15, 1930, and of all migratory game birds (except ducks during the open season). Other game lawfully taken may be sold from the third day of open season to and including the fifteenth day after expiration of open season. Licensed hotels, restaurants, and clubs may serve game lawfully taken, except birch or spruce partridge.

SASKATCHEWAN

Open season:	Dates inclusive
Deer, moose (males only), caribou (see exception).....	Nov. 15-Dec. 14.
Exception: South of Township 35.....	No open season.
Ruffed grouse (partridge), sharp-tailed grouse, Canada grouse (spruce grouse), prairie chicken (pinnated grouse), ptarmigan.....	Oct. 1-Oct. 31.
Duck, goose, brant, rail, coot, gallinule, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs.....	Sept. 15-Dec. 31.

No open season: Antelope, buffalo, elk, and females of big game other than caribou, and young of big game under 1 year of age.¹ Sage grouse, European, gray, or Hungarian partridge, swans, wood duck, bitterns, little brown, sand-hill, and whooping cranes, grebes, gulls, herons, loons, terns, and all shore birds (except Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Hunting licenses: Nonresident: Big game, \$25; birds, \$15; nonresident domiciled in Canada, birds, \$5; issued by minister of agriculture. Resident: Big game, \$5; birds, \$1.25; issued by minister or agent. Bird license not required of residents hunting on land outside city, town, village, or hamlet on which they are actually domiciled. No license issued to person under 16 without written consent of parent or guardian. Big-game hunters must wear white suit and cap. Hunting prohibited on inclosed lands without consent. Taxidermist, \$5.

Bag limits and possession: One moose, 2 deer, 2 caribou, but not more than 2 in all of big-game animals a season; ruffed grouse, sharp-tailed grouse, Canada grouse, prairie chicken, ptarmigan, 10 in all a day, 30 in all a season; 30 in all of ducks, geese, and brant a day, 200 a season; 25 in all of rail and coot, 25 Wilson snipe, and 15 in

SASKATCHEWAN—Continued

Bag limits and possession—Continued.

all of plovers and yellowlegs a day. Game birds may be kept in licensed storage from September 16 to March 1 and flesh of big game from December 1 to April 1 if tagged with number and kind of game, name of depositor, and number of his hunting license. Licensed hunters must report number of big game and game birds killed.

Export: Export of all protected game prohibited; provided, nonresident licensee on leaving Province may take with him during open season personally under his license coupons and permit big game and 100 game birds legally killed. Export of migratory birds prohibited during close season. Minister may issue permits to export deer (fee, \$2 per head) or other big game (fee, \$5 per head), hides of big game (fee, \$1 each), flesh of big game (fee, \$1 each 20 pounds or less), birds (fee, \$1 per dozen, limits, 1 dozen grouse, 5 dozen waterfowl, a season). No permit may be issued for the entire carcass of a moose, elk, caribou, or other deer, and no person may export in one season more than 60 ducks or geese or 12 prairie chickens or other grouse.

Sale: Sale of the flesh of all protected game prohibited.

¹ Saskatchewan: Lieutenant governor in council may extend close seasons over current year, within limits, on petition of six game guardians.

² Male moose having horns less than 6 inches in length deemed to be under 1 year of age.

YUKON

Open seasons:¹

Dates inclusive

Deer, moose, caribou, sheep, goat (males only).....	Aug. 1-Mar. 1.
Partridge, prairie chicken, grouse, ptarmigan, pheasant.....	Sept. 1-Mar. 15.
Duck, goose, brant, rail, coot, gallinule, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, yellowlegs.....	Sept. 1-Dec. 14.

No open season: Elk or wapiti, musk-ox, bison or buffalo, and females of other big game; swans,

COLONY OF NEWFOUNDLAND

Open seasons:

Dates inclusive

Hare, rabbit.....	Sept. 20-Jan. 1. ¹
Ptarmigan, willow grouse or partridge, plovers, curlew, snipe, or "other wild or migratory birds (except wild geese and crows, unprotected)".....	Sept. 20-Jan. 1.

No open season: Elk, moose; caribou (1928).

Fishing licenses: Nonresident: Fish (salmon and sea trout), \$10.50. Guide, nonresident, \$50; resident, free. Issued by game and inland fisheries board.

MEXICO

Open seasons:¹

Dates inclusive

Upland plover.....	Sept. 1-Sept. 30.
Wilson snipe or jacksnipe.....	Nov. 1-Feb. 28.
Lesser yellowlegs.....	Aug. 16-Sept. 15.
Other shorebirds, duck, goose, swan.....	Oct. 16-Feb. 28.
White-winged and other doves.....	Sept. 16-Nov. 15.
Pigeon and armadillo.....	Oct. 1-Dec. 31.
Wild turkey, curassow, cojilite, and peccary.....	Sept. 1-Dec. 31.
White-tailed deer of tablelands.....	Nov. 1-Jan. 31.
White-tailed deer of Gulf and Pacific slopes.....	July 1-Oct. 31.
Brocket or forest deer in hot country.....	May 1-June 30.
Bear.....	Sept. 1-Oct. 31.
Alligator.....	Mar. 1-Sept. 30.

YUKON—Continued

cranes, grebes, gulls, jaegers, loons, terns, and all shore birds (except Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, black-bellied and golden plovers, and yellowlegs).

Hunting licenses: Nonresident, \$100 (permits the killing of 1 moose, 2 deer, 2 caribou, 1 sheep, and 1 goat); licensee in addition may kill 1 moose, 2 deer, 2 caribou, 1 sheep, and 1 goat, but must pay a fee of \$25 for each additional animal so taken. Resident, \$25 (special license authorizing the killing of male moose and male caribou over 1 year of age at any time for food supplies in the Territory); licensee must make annual returns. Resident: Chief guide, \$20; assistant guide, \$10; camp helper, \$5. Issued by commissioner or game guardian.

Bag limits and possession: (For limits on big game to a nonresident, see "Hunting licenses.") Six caribou, 6 deer, 2 moose, 2 sheep, 2 goats a season; 25 ducks, 15 geese, 15 brant, 25 in all of rail, coot, and gallinules, 10 woodcock, 25 Wilson snipe, and 15 in all of plovers and yellowlegs a day. Migratory game birds legally taken during open season may be possessed until April 14.

Export: Export of migratory birds prohibited during close season. Upon affidavit of lawful killing, commissioner may issue permit to export game. Export of raw hide of moose or caribou prohibited except under permit. Trophies, including head, hide, and hoofs, of big game lawfully killed by nonresident may be exported under his license and certificate of game guardian.

Sale: Deer, moose, caribou, sheep, and goats lawfully taken may be sold during the open season and 60 days thereafter. Male moose and male caribou over 1 year of age killed by a resident under special license may be sold at any time for food upon obtaining certificate of lawful killing from a game guardian. License (fee, \$10) required to purchase and traffic in the flesh of moose or caribou. Licensee must make annual returns. Sale of migratory birds prohibited during close season.

¹ Yukon: Indians, explorers, surveyors, prospectors, miners, and travelers in need of food may take game during close season. Commissioner in council may alter seasons.

Unlicensed guides not to be employed. Guide may not conduct party of more than three.

Export: Export for sale prohibited of partridge, willow or other grouse.

Sale: Ptarmigan and willow grouse taken in open season and in possession of seller on January 1, may be sold until January 15; other birds may be sold during open season.

¹ Newfoundland: Hare or rabbit may also be taken with trap or snare until March 1.

No open season: Mule deer, antelope in Chihuahua and Coahuila (1926); antelope elsewhere and mountain sheep (1932); White heron (1926). Mule deer on Cerros Island (1928). Quail and partridge (1926). Gulls, insectivorous and song birds, manatee, and the young and females of all animals.

Licenses:¹ Resident: To export game, 10 pesos; to hunt for sale, 30 pesos. Nonresident: Alien, export, 25 pesos; commercial, 120 pesos.

Export: Export of quail prohibited for two years (1925).

¹ Mexico: Secretary of Agriculture and Development has authority to establish seasons and issue licenses.

ORDER: PERMITTING THE KILLING OF BOBOLINKS, COMMONLY KNOWN AS REEDBIRDS OR RICE BIRDS, WHICH HAVE BECOME SERIOUSLY INJURIOUS TO AGRICULTURAL INTERESTS

[Issued May 7, 1925]

Information having been furnished the Secretary of Agriculture that bobolinks, commonly known as reedbirds or rice birds, have become seriously injurious to the rice crops of North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, and Florida, and an investigation having been duly and regularly made pursuant to law, and it having been determined by the Secretary of Agriculture that said birds have become, under extraordinary conditions, seriously injurious to the rice crops in said States and that the injuries so inflicted by them can not adequately be controlled in the communities immediately affected and that they should therefore be killed in the manner, during the seasons, and in the States and District hereinafter provided.

Now, therefore, I, R. W. Dunlap, Acting Secretary of Agriculture, pursuant to authority in me vested by the migratory-bird treaty act of July 3, 1918, and in conformity with Regulation 10 of the migratory-bird treaty act regulations approved and proclaimed July 31, 1918, do order that until further notice persons may kill by shooting, bobolinks, commonly known as reedbirds or rice birds, from half an hour before sunrise to sunset, from September 1 to October 31, inclusive, in the States of Pennsylvania, Delaware, and Maryland and the District of Columbia, and from August 16 to November 15, inclusive, in the States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, and Florida, but the birds so killed shall not be sold, offered for sale, or shipped for purposes of sale, or be wantonly wasted or destroyed, but they may be used for food purposes by the persons killing them, and they may be transported to hospitals and charitable institutions for use as food.

The order of January 17, 1919, permitting the killing of bobolinks is hereby revoked.

R. W. DUNLAP, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

IMPORTED GAME AND GAME RAISED IN CAPTIVITY

Regulations adopted pursuant to the provisions of the Federal migratory-bird treaty act and the Canadian migratory birds convention act, which give effect to the migratory-bird treaty in the United States and Canada, respectively, are designed to permit and encourage the propagation and sale of migratory waterfowl. Many States now have laws in practical conformity with the Federal regulations on waterfowl and also permit other species of game to be raised in captivity and sold under permit. The business of game farming when properly conducted has proved profitable, and the demand for game raised in captivity has been greatly increased, for the reason that the sale of migratory birds is prohibited throughout the United States and most of Canada under Federal and Dominion laws, and the sale of practically all species of game is prohibited under State laws.

The Department of Agriculture, acting in conjunction with State game officials and sportsmen, aids so far as possible in establishing the game-breeding industry by preparing drafts of suitable laws to be enacted by the States, issuing permits to breeders to obtain wild migratory waterfowl and their eggs, and otherwise advising where stock may be obtained. The department does not distribute breeding stock or eggs, but in proper cases and under suitable restrictions permits may be issued to assist legitimate enterprises in the conduct of the business of game farming.

The possession, sale, and transportation of imported game and game raised in captivity is also regulated in most States by State laws, which are covered in the following summary:

Federal regulations:¹ Under permit from the Secretary of Agriculture, and subject to the provisions of State laws, live migratory waterfowl raised in captivity may be possessed, sold, and transported at any time for propagation, and such birds may be killed in any manner (except that they may be killed by shooting only during the open season for waterfowl in the State where killed) and the carcasses with heads and feet attached may be sold and transported at any time to any person for actual consumption, or to the keeper of a hotel, restaurant, or boarding house, retail dealer in meat or game, or a club, for sale or service to their patrons, who may possess such carcasses for actual consumption without a Federal permit; provided that no migratory waterfowl killed by shooting shall be bought or sold unless each bird before attaining the age of four weeks shall have had removed from the web of one foot a portion thereof in the form of a V for identification purposes.

Permits also are issued under proper restrictions for the capture of a reasonable number of wild migratory waterfowl and the taking of their

eggs to enable persons desiring to engage in the business to acquire the nucleus of a breeding stock or to improve the strain of birds on hand, but such wild birds may be sold and possessed only for propagation and may not be killed or sold for food.

Alabama: Commissioner of game and fisheries may issue a permit (fee, \$1) to capture or export not more than 10 pairs of each species of game or birds for propagating purposes.

Alaska: Under permit from Secretary of Agriculture wild animals, mallard ducks, Canada geese, and nonmigratory birds may be taken, possessed, and transported for propagation.

Arizona: State game warden may issue permit to take, export, or import game or birds for propagating purposes; and may also issue permit to retain in captivity not more than four abandoned young of big game which applicant has rescued.

Arkansas: The commission may establish rules governing propagation of game in captivity and authorizing the sale or export of such game under permit.

¹ See Federal Regulation 8 for full details and requirements (footnote 2, p. 8).

California: Game raised in captivity under breeder's license (fee, \$2.50) may be sold for breeding purposes, and under regulations of commission may be sold for food if tagged (fee, 3 cents a tag). All game raised in captivity (except deer) must be killed otherwise than by shooting. Permits may also be issued to capture, possess, or transport wild game animals and game birds for propagating purposes. Shipments by parcel post are prohibited. Pheasants and domesticated reindeer may be imported and sold under regulations of commission.

Colorado: Game raised in licensed private parks, if accompanied by an invoice, and game (except migratory birds other than migratory waterfowl raised in captivity in conformity with Federal regulations—No. 8) brought into State by licensed importer, if shipping invoice is indorsed to purchaser, may be sold and transported. Commissioner may issue permit to capture or import game for propagating purposes.

Connecticut: Game birds and quadrupeds raised in preserve under license (fee, \$2) may be sold and transported, if tagged, under regulations of commissioners of fisheries and game. Game legally taken and transported from another State or country which does not prohibit its sale or export may be sold under regulations of the board. Permit required to import game which is protected in the State.

Delaware: Pheasants and Hungarian partridges may be possessed and sold for propagating purposes. Board, by permit (fee, \$1), may authorize any person to capture, possess, and transport not more than 10 pairs of each species of game or birds for propagating purposes.

District of Columbia: Hungarian partridge, English, Mongolian, Chinese, and ring-necked pheasants, and migratory waterfowl raised in captivity, in conformity with Federal regulations, may be possessed, sold, and transported.

Georgia: Registered breeder may possess, buy, sell, and transport game for propagation.

Idaho: Permit of State game warden required to take or keep waterfowl in captivity for decoy purposes. Under regulations of the State game warden, game may be propagated in private parks.

Illinois: Game raised in captivity under a breeder's license (fee, \$5), may be possessed, sold, and transported for food or propagating purposes.

Indiana: Birds and animals raised in captivity may be kept, killed, sold, or transported under certificate of inspection (fee, \$5) from the conservation commission, and game birds legally acquired may be possessed for breeding purposes under like certificates.

Iowa: Game birds raised in captivity under license (fee, \$2) may be sold for food or propagating purposes.

Kansas: Game raised in captivity under permit (fee, \$2) may be sold and transported, and under permit and regulations of warden wild animals and birds and the eggs of birds may be taken for propagating purposes.

Kentucky: Game birds and game animals raised in captivity under permit may be sold and transported, but all carcasses must be tagged.

Louisiana: Game raised in captivity under license (fee, \$5) may be sold and transported for food, stocking, or breeding purposes, but all carcasses must be tagged. Traffic prohibited in birds killed by shooting. Wild birds or mammals may be brought into State for liberation, and game may be exported for educational, scientific, or propagating purposes, under permit from commissioner.

Maine: Game raised in captivity under breeder's license (fee, \$2) may be killed, sold, and transported, and live game may be captured or exported for breeding and advertising purposes, under regulations and permit of commissioner.

Maryland: Elk and imported and native deer raised in preserve under license (fee, \$5) may be sold and transported. (In Allegany and Garrett Counties white-tailed deer native to the State

must be branded 3 months prior to killing.) Chinese, English, or ring-necked pheasants raised in captivity may be sold for propagating and restocking purposes, but they may be killed only from November 10 to January 1 on premises where raised, and by means other than shooting. In Washington County game animals and birds reared in licensed preserves (fee, \$10) may be sold for propagation only.

Massachusetts: Under regulations of the division of fisheries and game, deer, elk, pheasants, quail, and European or gray partridges raised in captivity under license (no fee), may be sold for propagation, and killed and sold for food purposes, if tagged; and licensed dealers may sell unplucked bodies of pheasant, Scotch grouse, European black game, European or gray partridge, red-legged partridge, and Egyptian or migratory quail imported from without the United States, if tagged, and deer, moose, caribou, and elk lawfully killed and coming from without the State, if tagged by warden of State or country where procured. State tag fees, 5 cents each. Hares and rabbits may be sold during the open season if secured and imported from a country where their sale is not prohibited. Waterfowl may be reared in captivity and sold under Federal regulations (No. 8).¹

Michigan: Deer, elk, pheasants, and wild ducks raised in captivity under license (fee, \$5) may be sold and transported for food, breeding, or stocking purposes. Carcasses of such game must be tagged (tags, 5 cents each). Ducks killed by shooting¹ (except under direct supervision of a deputy warden) may not be sold or disposed of.

Licensed dealers may sell unplucked carcasses of pheasants of all species, Scotch grouse, European black game, red-legged partridge, Egyptian quail, European red deer, fallow deer, roebuck, and reindeer lawfully imported from another State or country if tagged on arrival in State. Licensed retail dealer, club, hotel, restaurant, or boarding house may sell portion of said imported game or game raised in captivity, if tagged, to patron or customer for actual consumption or use.

Minnesota: Game raised in captivity under license (fee, \$1) may be sold alive for propagating purposes, and may be killed, sold, and transported under regulations of commissioner. No fee required to raise game birds for domestic use or as pets. Under regulations of the commissioner, wild animals and birds and the eggs of birds may be taken for breeding purposes.

Missouri: Deer, elk, and other protected game raised in captivity under license (fee, \$5) may be transported and sold under regulations of commissioner. Export (except of quail) for propagating purposes allowed under permit.

Montana: Game raised in private preserves under license (fee, \$5) may be killed, sold, and transported. Commissioner may authorize the capture under permit of wild animals and birds for propagation, but no such animal or its progeny may be sold for a period of three years after its capture.

Nebraska: Game animals and birds raised in captivity under license (fee, \$1) may be sold for propagation, and killed and sold for food purposes if tagged. Keeper of hotel, boarding house, restaurant, club, or retail dealer in meats under license (fee, \$5) may sell tagged game to patron or customer for actual consumption, but tags must remain on carcasses until consumed.

Nevada: Game raised under license (fee, \$10) may be sold or shipped under invoice.

New Hampshire: Game raised in captivity under license (fee, \$2) may be sold and transported, if tagged, under regulations of commissioner. Game (except ruffed grouse) imported from without the United States, if tagged and marked to show kind and number, name and address of consignor and consignee, initial point of billing, and destination, may be exported unaccompanied by the owner.

¹ See Federal Regulation 8 for full details and requirements (footnote 2, p. 8).

New Jersey: Mallard, wood, and black ducks, Canada geese,¹ English and Mongolian pheasants, quail, ruffed grouse, deer, rabbits, and squirrels raised in preserves under license (fee, \$5) may be possessed and sold for propagation, and may be sold for food or exported for sale if tagged (tag fee, 5 cents). The unplucked carcasses of Scotch grouse, European black grouse, European black plover, red-legged partridge, and Egyptian quail coming from a foreign country, if tagged by State authorities, may be sold for food purposes.

New Mexico: Game raised in licensed preserve may be exported or sold under invoice, if the number of animals or birds in the park at the time the license is secured is not thereby reduced. State warden may issue permit (fee, \$1.25) to retain in captivity not more than 4 abandoned young of big game which applicant has rescued. Holder of a hunting license, under permit from State warden, may capture and export game or birds for propagating purposes. Game (except migratory birds other than waterfowl raised in captivity in conformity with Federal regulations¹) coming from without State may be possessed and sold by a hotel, restaurant, café, boarding house, or dealer under a permit good for not more than 30 days.

New York: Elk, mule deer, white-tailed deer, European red deer, fallow deer, Japanese deer, roebuck, pheasants, Canada and Hutchins geese, and mallard and black ducks raised in captivity may be sold for breeding purposes, and may be killed, shipped, and sold or exported if tagged. Such ducks and geese may be killed by shooting during the open season, but when so killed may not be sold unless marked and tagged as required by the commission.¹ Varying hares and cottontail rabbits raised in captivity under license (fee, \$5) if tagged, may be sold for food purposes during close season, under regulations of the commission. Licensed breeders in States having laws similar to the game-breeding law of New York may, under license (fee, \$5) and cost of inspection, ship into State domesticated American elk, white-tailed deer, European red deer, fallow deer, roebuck, pheasants, Canada and Hutchins geese, and mallard and black ducks, which, if tagged, may be sold under regulations of the commission.

License to possess and sell birds and quadrupeds for propagation, scientific, educational, or exhibition purposes, fee, \$1.

The unplucked carcasses of tinamou, pheasants, Scotch grouse, European gray-legged partridge, Norwegian ptarmigan, Norwegian grouse, and Egyptian quail, and species or subspecies not native to State, and carcasses of European red deer, fallow deer, and roebuck imported from without the United States may be sold under license if tagged. No restrictions on reindeer.

North Carolina: There are no State laws relating to game raised in captivity, but several counties have laws on this subject. These laws are too varied to make it practicable to publish them. In those counties under the jurisdiction of the Audubon Society, Raleigh, N. C., the society may issue permits authorizing ruffed grouse and wild turkeys to be exported for propagation.

North Dakota: Game may be kept in captivity under permit of board.

Ohio: King-necked, Mongolian, or Chinese pheasants and mallard and black ducks raised in captivity under a breeder's license (fee, \$5) may be sold and transported for food or propagating purposes; carcasses of such birds must be tagged. No pheasant, mallard, or black duck raised in captivity may be killed by shooting except during the open season, and no mallard or black duck killed by shooting may be bought or sold unless it shall have had a well-defined V-shaped section removed from the web of one foot before attaining the age of four weeks.

Deer, squirrels, and rabbits legally taken or acquired may be possessed in inclosures as pets.

Oklahoma: Game raised under license (fee, \$2) may be sold and transported for propagation and for food, if tagged, during season prescribed by commissioner.

Oregon: Game birds and animals raised in captivity under permit (fee, \$2) may be exported or sold for propagating, restocking, or food purposes; carcasses must be tagged (fee, 5 cents).¹ Written permit from State warden, showing kind of game and names and addresses of consignor and consignee, must be attached to each shipment.

Game animals and birds coming from without the United States and game taken in a State where it may be sold, may be sold and transported under permit and tag of State warden, but the only migratory birds that may be sold are waterfowl reared in captivity under Federal¹ or Canadian² regulations.

Pennsylvania: Game breeder's certificate required, fee, \$1; bond, \$500. Game raised in captivity may be sold or transported within the State.

Rhode Island: Game raised in captivity under permit may be sold for propagation, under regulations of commissioners. Game lawfully killed and exported may be brought into State under permit, but such game may not be sold.

South Carolina: Birds and animals legally taken may be kept in possession for propagating purposes. The Federal regulations have been adopted as the State law with respect to migratory birds.¹

South Dakota: Game raised in captivity under license may be exported or sold under written permission of State game warden.

Texas: Game animals and birds may be captured or imported for propagating purposes under permit of commissioner.

Utah: Game raised in private preserve under permit (no fee) of commissioner may be sold and transported, if tagged.

Vermont: Game raised in licensed private preserve (fee, \$2) may be sold or exported for food or propagating purposes. Carcasses must be tagged.

Virginia: Game animals and birds raised under breeder's license (fee, \$25) may be disposed of for propagating or other purposes. Carcasses of game raised in captivity must be tagged (fees, wild turkeys, 10 cents; deer, bear, or elk, 50 cents; other birds and animals, 2 cents each. Proprietor of hotel or restaurant or dealer in game under a license (fee, \$5) may sell to guests or patrons deer, wild turkeys, quail, ruffed grouse, and waterfowl raised in captivity and may sell domesticated rabbits without a license.

Licensed game breeder, under permit and regulations of the commissioner may trap wild animals or birds for breeding purposes, but the animals or birds so taken shall not be sold or otherwise disposed of.

Washington: Game animals and birds raised in captivity under license (fee, \$10) may be sold and transported for propagation or for food, if tagged. Keeper of hotel, restaurant, boarding house, or club, and retail dealer in meats, under license (fee, \$5), may sell game raised in captivity, if tagged. Under permit from director of fisheries and game wild animals and birds may be imported from without the State for propagating purposes.

Game animals and birds coming from without the State, if imported under license (fee, \$25), may be sold by keeper of hotel, restaurant, boarding house, or club, or by a retail dealer, under license (fee, \$5) and regulations of director of fisheries and game, but the only migratory birds that may be sold are waterfowl reared in domestication under Federal¹ and Canadian² regulations.

West Virginia: The owner may kill elk or deer kept in inclosure and may pursue and recapture, by killing or otherwise, elk which have escaped from his inclosure.

Wisconsin: Under permit and supervision of the commission wild animals and birds may be taken and transported for propagation within the State. Park boards allowed to ship, under permit of State conservation commissioner, live animals and game birds for park purposes.

¹ See Federal Regulation 8 (footnote 2, p. 8).

² See Canadian Regulation 13 (footnote 2, p. 8).

Wyoming: Under permit (fee, \$5) and supervisions of commission, game animals may be taken for propagation. Animals so taken may not be killed sold, or disposed of for three years, but their natural increase may be sold, transported, and disposed of. Exchange of game animals and birds for liberation in State allowed under permit of State game commission.

Canadian regulations: The Canadian regulations, administered by the commissioner of Canadian national parks, Ottawa, Canada, are similar to the provisions of the Federal regulations in respect to the propagation of migratory waterfowl, but apply to all migratory birds protected by the treaty; and all birds raised in captivity and intended for food purposes must be killed otherwise than by shooting, and each of such birds before it can be sold must bear a metal tag which may not be removed from the carcass. Under section 5 of the Canadian customs export act (R. S. C., 1906, ch. 50) a person may export the carcass or parts thereof of a deer raised on his own land or on lands owned by a company or association of which he is a member, upon his making affidavit on face of export entry that the carcass, or parts thereof, is of a deer so raised.

Alberta: The minister of agriculture may authorize persons to possess, buy, sell, and export big game and game birds raised in captivity, and to capture big game and game birds for propagation. Permit fees fixed by lieutenant governor in council.

British Columbia: The game conservation board may authorize persons to possess, buy, sell, and export game animals and game birds raised in captivity, and to capture game animals and birds and collect eggs of birds for propagation. Permit required to import live animals or birds into the Province; permit fees fixed by lieutenant governor in council.

New Brunswick: The minister of lands and mines may authorize persons to possess, buy, sell, and export game raised in captivity, and to cap-

ture game for propagation. Permit fees fixed by minister.

Northwest Territories: The minister of the interior may authorize persons to possess, buy, sell, and export wild mammals and birds raised in captivity, and to capture wild mammals and birds and collect the eggs of birds for propagation.

Nova Scotia: The commissioner of forests and game may authorize persons to possess, buy, sell, and export wild mammals and birds raised in captivity, and to capture wild mammals and birds for propagation.

Ontario: The minister of game and fisheries may authorize persons to possess, buy, sell, and export game animals and birds raised in captivity, and to capture game animals and birds for propagation during close season. Imported game may be sold or exported under license.

Prince Edward Island: Domesticated wild geese and brant in captivity are deemed the personal property of the owner, and may be possessed, disposed of, and transported without reference to the provisions of the provincial game act. Waterfowl and other migratory birds, however, are subject to the provisions of the migratory-birds convention act and regulations.²

Quebec: The minister may authorize game animals and birds lawfully taken during the open season to be retained in captivity.

Saskatchewan: The minister of agriculture may authorize persons to possess, buy, sell, and export big game and game birds raised in captivity, and to capture big game and game birds for propagation. All shipments must be tagged. Permit and tag fees fixed by minister.

Yukon: The gold commissioner may authorize persons to possess, buy, sell, and export game animals (except buffalo or bison) and birds raised in captivity, and to capture such animals and birds for propagation.

Newfoundland: The game and inland fisheries board may authorize persons to capture, possess, buy, sell, and export caribou for propagation.

² See Canadian Regulation 13 (footnote 2, p. 8).

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